SECOND HAND PAPERS.

Other local papers which copy each edition of The Sun and come out with the same news several hours later are second hand papers. If you want to get the news while it is hot, you must buy the Lowell Sun.

THE LOWELL SUN

THEY ALL ADMIT IT.

The news agents, the newsboys, the merchants and the reading public promptly admit that THE SUN is

Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

22ND YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1898. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

The Late SHERMAN HOAR, Whose Funeral Occurred Yesterday and Whose Remains were Cremated at Forest Hill Cemetery.

BODY CREMATED

Sherman Hoar's Remains Reduced to Ashes.

AFTER FUNERAL SERVICES AT CONCORD.

Gov. Wolcott Present at the Funeral.

Concord, Oct. 11—A short private service was held at the Hoar homestead by the family yesterday afternoon over the remains of the late Hon. Sherman Hoar, following which a public service took place in the Unitarian church. The Rev. Samuel Atkins Eliot of Cambridge presided assisted by the Rev. Henry King, rector of the Trinity Church Concord. Woodson Hudson of Concord had charge of the arrangements and the ushers were Murray Dallou, R. R. Barrett, Capt. Gilmore, C. F. Heywood, G. S. Keyes, C. O. Pratt, D. W. Prescott, and D. F. Smith, all of Concord. The coffin was covered with broadcloth and lay in front of the old fashioned pulpit. Two silver plates bore the inscription: "Sherman Hoar, died Oct. 7, 1898, aged 48."

Gov. Wolcott was present with a large number of state, legal and other dignitaries, including Senator Hoar, Hon. Richard Olney, the Hon. C. S. Hamlin and others. The Massachusetts Volunteer Aid association was represented by its officers. The Middlesex club sent a delegation; the Chamber of Commerce sent a committee; the American Unitarian association sent a number of its officers; the town officially by the selectmen and unofficially by all the business men. Representatives from all over this and neighboring states were present.

The flowers were piled over the casket and pulpit. There were wreaths from the Concord company, roses from Mr. and Mrs. Barrett, roses from Mr. and Mrs. Rolfe, a wreath of roses from Colonel Taylor; carnations and roses from Mr. and Miss Taylor and other floral tributes from prominent people and organizations. The walls of the church were hidden by a mass of palms, ferns and cut flowers and intertwined about the hall were long festoons of asparagus fern.

The following classmates of Mr. Hoar at Harvard in 1852 acted as honorary pall bearers: William L. Putnam, Everett Jansen Wendell, Joseph R. Worcester, Richard M. Bradlee, the Rev. Robert Codman, Henry D. Warren, John H. Stover, Frederick M. Stover, Godfrey L. Cabot, Thomas C. Thacher, Frederic Warren and William C. Waite.

The Rev. Samuel A. Eliot, a life-long friend, delivered the eulogy, saying in part:

"Devoted to his friends, generous to his enemies, he carried with him the atmosphere of optimism. He had the large manly common sense that we Americans demand in the leaders we trust and follow, and with it a warmth of emotion which stirred our hearts. His Christianity was broad and practical. He did not seek to penetrate into the dark places of theology, but whatever good he found to go, he did it with his might.

"In the fulness of his powers, his early career of usefulness is suddenly arrested. The supreme sacrifice to patriotism and to honor is bravely paid. He has left us the inspiration of that which the grave cannot inclose or death itself disintegrate—the solid substance of firm-knit character, the stimulus of high endeavor."

The body was left in the church after the services and remained there over night with a guard. In the morning the body, accompanied by members of the family will be taken to Boston and cremated at the Forest Hills cemetery, after which the ashes will be brought to Concord and deposited in the family lot at Sleepy Hollow cemetery.

TRIED TO LYNCH HIM

The 12th. New York Men on War Path.

Tried to Break Into a Jail to Lynch a Prisoner Who Shot One of Their Number.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 11.—When the 7.30 p. m. Louisville train started for town last night a crowd of 300 members of the 12th New York was at the depot to meet it. They were armed and coming to try to get Albie Kitchen from the jail and shoot him. Kitchen is the provost guard who shot and instantly killed Private Henry Nygren, Company B, 12th New York, Sunday night. The operator at the station wired to the division headquarters in the camp, and General Wiley wired back instructing the train to be held. He sent a battalion to the scene of the trouble under Captain Holbrook, adjutant general on General Wiley's staff. Captain Holbrook ordered all peaceful soldiers to return to the camp. A corporal spoke up and said:

"All who do are cowards."

Captain Holbreek asked him to what regiment he belonged and he answered: "The Big Four."

Captain Holbrook told him that was no way to speak to an officer. The soldier made some reply and Holbrook grabbed him by the arm. The soldier tore away, leaving his coat sleeve in the captain's hands, and drawing a gun, shot at Holbrook. The bullet missed the captain. The corporal then crawled under a car. Lieutenant Langdon followed him and was shot at twice. The soldier escaped. Many the of 12th New York regiment had to be clubbed into submission.

The Eighth Massachusetts regiment was placed as special guard around Camp Hamilton.

Later a report reached town that a mob was forming in town. The entire 100th Indiana was sent to the town about 11 o'clock. A guard of fifty men was placed around the jail, and the jailer, sheriff and deputies, armed with Winchesters, are protecting the prisone Kitchen is badly scared and fears yet that he will be lynched.

Colonel Guner of the 160th and his men patrolled the streets, going through every restaurant, saloon and open house in town, arresting every soldier, officers as well as privates. All were taken to London park. Over 300 have been arrested. There is not a soldier in town now except the provost guard.

Captain Gayror, in charge of the provost guard, ordered his men not to shoot unless compelled to, but when they did, to take aim to kill.

Officers say Kitchen will unquestionably get the death sentence. When he shot Nygren he was under orders not even to have his gun loaded.

A NURSE'S LUCK.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Oct. 11.—Miss Annie M. Fowler, who served as a Red Cross nurse in Cuba, is to be married today to Albert Van Shelle, a Belgian nobleman, delegate general of the Red Cross society on the staff of Leopold II Miss Fowler is the daughter of Dr. E. S. Fowler of Springfield, Ill.

DR. THOS. B. SMITH

Elected Member of Board of Health.

A NEW PLUMBING COMMISSION WAS ELECTED.

Financial Standing of the Department.

Dr. Thomas B. Smith, city physician, was elected bacteriologist by the board of health yesterday afternoon, to succeed the late Dr. Fox.

Dr. Smith has had experience in the office and that is one of the main reasons why he was chosen.

The board of examiners of plumbers was elected as follows: Dr. Packard, chairman; Supt. W. T. True, Stephen Garrity. By the election of Mr. Garrity in the place of Edward J. Carroll, the board of health makes another saving of $100. Mr. Carroll has received that amount for his work. Mr. Garrity, being in the employ of the department, will do the work as a part of his regular duties.

The question of contagious diseases was taken up and it was voted to send a card to Supt. A. K. Whitcomb whenever a pupil in the public schools is ill, with the request that other children of the family be kept from school until the board allows their return.

Supt. John F. Murphy presented the following yard report for September: Ashes and rubbish collected 2314 loads; swill, 434 loads; swill sold, 212 loads; swill cremated, 196 loads; cash paid to city treasurer from sale of swill, $201; for collection, $11; payrolls for five weeks, $2493.83.

The health department bills for September were $605.68 as against $572.01. The yard pay roll was $1924.28, as against $2191.10 last year and the office $367 as against $493. Salaries remaining the same, the total for the month was $3092.17 as against $3681.72 last year. The balance on hand is $6459.24. It was $3560.59 last October.

The mayor has accepted the chairmanship of the reception committee of one hundred for the big Royal Arcanum demonstration in Odd Fellows' hall Nov. 1.

City Messenger C. F. Going has received a letter from his son Corp. Russell Going in Porto Rico. The young man said that Capt. Alexander Greig's company was doing garrison duty in a fine, healthy town and that the captain had been quartered in the home of a rich planter. The captain, he added had told the men that they could write home for such necessities as they may need, to be sent in one large company box, and instead of asking for food or clothing, Corp. Going suggests for a starter that his father send him a camera.

THREE HOTELS

SAID TO HAVE BEEN CAUGHT BY POLICE OR SPOTTERS.

It was rumored yesterday afternoon that the Merrimac, Farragut, and Washington Houses would be complained of to the commissioners at their meeting tonight for alleged violations of the law by selling liquor on Sunday. At the police station yesterday morning, nobody seemed to know anything about the affair, or at least not when The Sun reporter made inquiries.

The alleged cases were worked out by two supernumerary officers recently appointed and consequently not well known, whose names are Robinson and Atwood, and it is said Officer Nuye, the Portuguese police officer, who has been in the department some time, but who would not be known but to few, in citizen's clothing. These men in citizen's dress visited certain hotels and their superiors claim that they got "good cases" at each of the places mentioned. Just what their tactics were is not known. On their second visit to one place, Capt. Kow and Lieut. Brosnan accompanied them, all in citizen's clothes. They were refused and the spotters claimed that they had procured a drink there earlier in the evening. The proprietor stated that he had been away all day that he had left strict orders to his clerks not to sell unless to guests.

It is rumored on the street that the move is made in the interest of Mayor Bennett's fight for a re-nomination by bringing three new licensees into the field before the caucuses.

It is also rumored that the affair will simply amount to a transfer of the hotel licenses to the rum syndicate who now control nearly all the other hotels and who have thus far been exempt from police or spotter espionage, although they are known to sell rum openly every Sunday. It will be interesting to note if the syndicate wins.

REGISTRATION YESTERDAY.

The following names were added to the voting lists yesterday afternoon:

Ward one, John H. Devine, 98 Middle sex; William L. Dabney, 66 Kirk. Ward two, Ovila Gregon, 20 Race. Ward four, Daniel F. Coughlin, 874 Central; John L. Shanks, 12 Hudson. Ward five, Benjamin Fletcher, 129 Church; William F. Boyle, 50 Church; Thomas F. Head, 708 Central. Ward six, Alfred T. Deane, 99 Orleans; Henry Dean, 99 Orleans; William H. Wood, 3 Myrtle. Ward seven, John J. Lee, 203 Salem. Ward eight, Albert E. Willy, 61 Washington.

James F. O'Donnell,
UNDERTAKER.
Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables.
MARKET ST., COR. WORTHEN.

JOHN F. WILLIAMS

The Well Known Truant Commissioner is Dead.

PASSED AWAY AT HIS HOME LAST NIGHT.

He was a Well Known Citizen.

John F. Williams, truant commissioner, died last night at his home, 21 South Canton street.

Mr. Williams had been ailing for some time but was not confined to his home until about two weeks ago. He was attacked with congestion of the lungs and was obliged to take to his bed. Toward the latter part of last week, it was reported that he was feeling much better and would be able to resume his duties in a short time. Last night he sat up in his chair and was enjoying conversation with the members of his family. About 10.10, he became restless and a change in his condition was noticed and word was sent to Dr. Sanders, who lives nearby. He came as quickly as possible, and when he arrived at 10.45, Mr. Williams was dead.

John F. Williams was 48 years old. He was born in Bethel, Conn., and came to Lowell about twenty years ago. On his arrival here he entered the employ of the firm of Cluff & Sweatt, masons, remaining with them until he became a fireman. In the fire of the Harris mill early in the eighties he had his leg broken and his skull crushed. In 1885 he was assigned to the position of truant officer, a position which he has since held.

His work in the school department has been thorough. This was recognized by the members of the school board, by the teachers, and in fact, by every one associated in any way with the city's educational institutions. Always courteous, thoroughly conscientious in his work, and a man who understood perfectly the duties of his position he made himself almost indispensable.

Mr. Williams was for 10 years superintendent of the Worthen Street Baptist Sunday school resigning this position about two years ago. He has for some time held the position of secretary of the church society, also a similar position in the Merrimack Valley association. He always took an active interest in church work and was much appreciated by the Worthen Street Baptist congregation.

He was a member of several fraternal organizations, being especially prominent in Masonic circles. He was secretary of the veteran firemen.

Besides his wife he leaves two daughters, Alice B., a graduate of the High school class of '97 and Florence E., a graduate of the class of '98, and two sons, Henry L., and Wallace N. Other relatives are living in Connecticut.

VIRGINIA'S HONOR.

ALL HER TROOPS KEPT IN FEDERAL SERVICE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Wheeling, West Va., Oct. 11.—West Virginia is alone among all the states of the union in enjoying the distinction of having all her troops kept in the Federal service. The First and Second regiments will be sent to Cuba and Porto Rico shortly and today the Fourth U.S.V. (Immunes) are to sail for Manzanillo, Cuba from Fernandina, Fla. The latter regiment was recruited in West Virginia, District of Colombia and Maryland.

Box Overcoats
NOW.

There'll be a sudden drop in temperature—bound to come soon. The man with a Fall Overcoat or Top Coat in readiness will be in ship-shape for the cool season.

Want the Handsomest $8 Coat in Town?

It's here in several shades and fabrics—at $10, $12 and $15. The productions of the most celebrated makers are fully represented here. Fine in every sense of the word. A choice of fabrics not surpasred in the best merchant tailoring stock. They are models of artistic tailoring. Fine in every sense of the word.

J. L. CHALIFOUX
49 TO 59 CENTRAL STREET.

FOUND—On Middlesex street, Lowell, Saturday, Oct. 8, a pocketbook containing a small sum of money. The owner can have by proving property. Address Box 8, Graniteville, Mass.

A COAL HOD Given away with one Pound of Rio Tea at O'Brien Bros. Tea Dealers, 77 E. Merrimack street. Telephone connected. Free delivery.

POLITICAL NOTES

The Situation in the 26th Representative District.

A Democratic Victory is Assured—Cong. Knox Spoke About the War, While Senator Flynn Worked Among the Sick Soldiers—Other Political Sayings and Doings.

Some political talk.

"It is good politics to conciliate your enemies; but it is not good politics to be so anxious to conciliate your enemies that you forget your friends."

The above from the New York Journal should be pasted in the hats of all political candidates.

The 26th district democratic representative convention still hangs fire though it is believed that another call for a convention will be sent out in a very few days. The convention will undoubtedly be of a perfunctory nature except in the event of the withdrawal of Mr. McCarthy, which is by no means assured, when it will become necessary to select a third candidate.

It is thought by some of the district leaders that the fight will be between J. Joseph Hennessey, who missed the nominations by one vote, and Alderman Cosgrove, who wasn't in the fight at all as far as votes were concerned, Messrs. McDonald, Draper and Gordon showing more strength on the informal ballot and Mr. McDonald beating him out on the formal ballot.

However the contest goes, there is a great chance for democratic success this year in the 26th district, for of all the weak candidates that the republican party ever throw at a nomination, the 26th district this year will have three of the weakest.

Was there ever a more thoroughbred political Stoughton battle than Representative Parlee? Good fellow? Certainly, a fine fellow, but as a representative we are considering him. A citizen of Lowell visiting the state house or following up the proceedings of the legislature would have to get a lantern to find him in the legislature or anything that he has done since he's been there. In his two years' service, he hasn't even moved to adjourn or to open the window or do anything. He simply said "Present" when the clerk called the roll and "Yea" or "Nay" when his name was called. Such representatives make the best kind of people to stay at home and they're easily beaten.

And did you ever run up against a more thoroughly coated political "frost" than Arthur Cluer in all your experience? Not much. The old liners are making bets on how much Arthur will be beaten. Cluer has the reputation of belonging to that portion of the republican party which gets a member nominated for appearance sake, but never gets a candidate elected, one of those candidates who are good ones to cut when the party gets a democrat worth voting for.

Sharing the honors with Cluer as a "frost," is Dick Dobbins. Concerning Dobbins, let me quote the very decided language of a prominent republican when he heard that Dobbins was again seeking a nomination. He said: "What is H—— does that fellow want of a nomination? He couldn't be elected if every man in the district was a republican."

Now the 26th district democrats, in the selection of Messrs. Mansfield and Garvey, for there is no doubt that they will be on the ticket on election day, places before the voters two men who will be of use to their district as members of the legislature. Of course, every one of intelligence is aware of the fact that in the legislature fights for good things are not always partisan, but often are sectional and it is to the advantage of a district to be well represented, regardless of party and here are two men who will hold up their end on any fight for sectional preferment. Both are intelligent, well educated and good talkers, not afraid to talk, for a starter. Then, if elected it will not take them a year to get acquainted with the workings of the house, as both have been valued members of the common council in years when a common council man needed to know his business all the time, namely during the famous deadlock. They could not be improved upon as candidates and nothing that the republicans of the district can or will put up will come within many degrees of equalling them in capability and hence desirability and running strength.

Senator Flynn "chaperoned" by the old warhorse, Thomas Seelig, has been visiting the country towns of the district. The country voters know him well and favorably from his admirable record in the legislature and senate, and have promised him a most gratifying vote. They want a man who thinks of them oftener than twice in two years and they have such a man in Senator Flynn.

Here are two sayings of Congressman Knox in this campaign:

"All we want is for this wave of prosperity to reach New England" and speaking of the war, "though it cost some sacrifices, there will be few willing to say that they regret the glorious pages of history it has made."

Those remarks were made by Congressman Knox at a rally of the Lincoln club in this city on the night of September 8. After the rally was all over and the refreshments were out, Congressman Knox, Mayor Bennett and the rest went down to the northern depot to meet the members of Companies F of Lawrence and M of Lowell who were returning home half dead, after making those glorious pages to die or recover among friends.

When the train rolled into the northern depot with its precious burden, one of the first men to step out on the platform of the car was Senator Joseph J. Flynn of Lawrence who had met the Ninth at New London and arranged for the comfort of the boys from Lawrence and Lowell, assisting in getting them their special car and attending them to their destination. Up to New London, the Lowell and Lawrence boys with the rest of the Ninth were in the care of their best friend, Congressman John F. Fitzgerald, the only Massachusetts congressman who gave a thought to the soldiers from his state.

On September 8, Flynn was doing no noble work; Knox ignoble talking.

"Gee whiz! She's running like a winner!" yelled Jim Walker of the Butler Vets, at Ayer, the other day, as the old machine threw the liquid almost to the world's record.

"Just like I'm going to run for overseer of the poor in ward five," added Jerry McGlinchey as he spat on his hands and went on pumping with good old Kerry vigor.

"All I want is one year," is one of Mayor Bennett's historical remarks made last nomination time, and that's just what Mayor Bennett will get.

The town of Dracut is desirous of having a representative in the legislature just to see how it seems and will put John H. Sparks there, having tried him as a selectman and found him satisfactory to all classes and parties.

POLICE COURT

JOHN VULGARIS HELD IN $300 FOR FELONIOUS ASSAULT.

John Vulgaris, the Greek, who, it is alleged feloniously assaulted a ten year old girl named Pepin, was found probably guilty and was held in $300 for the superior court.

10 drunks.

A soldier who claimed that he had just returned from Camp Thomas was arrested last night for drunkenness. He was released.

All the other drunks were fined.

Thomas Crowley was sentenced to three months in jail for assaulting J. H. Stillings.

Roderick Chisholm and Kittie Mayo were found guilty of fornication. Chisholm was fined $10 while the woman was sentenced to 15 months at the Sherburne Women's reformatory. She appealed.

MEDFORD SOAP.

LARGE FACTORY BURNED THIS MORNING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Medford, Mass., Oct. 11.—The soap factory of John C. Dow & Co., of Boston, which was located here, was burned at 8.50 o'clock this morning. The loss was about $6000. The firemen were kept busy as several alarms were rung in for small fires in different parts of the city at the same time.

There will be a regular meeting of the aldermen this evening.

SCHOOL BOARD MEETING.

A special meeting of the school board will be held at 7.30 this evening to take action on the death of Truant Commissioner John F. Williams!

Designated Depository of the U. S.
TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK
Of Lowell.

DEPOSITS:
July 1, 1893 ..... $ 60,798.48
Oct. 10, 1898 ..... 1,563,106.58

BANKING ROOMS:
Middlesex St., Cor. Post Office Avenue.
O. J. Gliddon, Pres. Wm. F. Hills, Cashier

Putnam & Son

We Have a Definite Purpose,

Besides profit getting, in selling ROGERS, PEET & CO. suits for $12.00 and $15.00.

We want to induce men who have worn moderate priced ready-made to try the best ready-to-wear clothing in the world.

We know that a trial of this superior clothing will result in a greater general demand for it in the future, and for this reason we have virtually sacrificed the profits of a season to effect a wider introduction of these excellent goods.

200 Suits Made by Rogers, Peet & Co.,

Ten styles, the best fitting, the best tailored, the most stylish suits to be had ready-made. COLLARS, LAPELS, and BUTTON HOLES FINISHED BY HAND,

$12 and $15 a Suit.

The range of prices in winter suits is for all wool suits from $5.00 to $25.00.

PUTNAM & SON
166 Centra Street.

WANTED TO SHOOT

Desperate Italian Assaults No. Andover Officer.

WHILE THE LATTER WAS ARRESTING HIM.

Fight Occurred on M. T. Stevens' Land.

The town of North Andover furnished another sensation Saturday afternoon, says the Lawrence Sun, when an Italian named Michael Ravell of 29 Portland street, Lawrence, threatened to shoot Chief of Police Toohey.

After a desperate tussle the officer succeeded in placing the man under arrest and he will appear in the police court charged with assault with a dangerous weapon.

At noon Saturday, Chief Toohey found two Italians gunning near the Hatch, on land owned by Ex-Congressman Moses T. Stevens. The complaints of unlawful gunners have been many and so the police were called to investigate. Mr. Stevens' land is signed but gunners have no regard for them.

Chief Toohey attempted to place one of the Italians under arrest, when the other, Ravell, knocked the officer down felling him with the butt end of his double barrel shot gun. In the meantime, the Italian, whom Toohey was endeavoring to arrest, escaped and has not yet been located.

Chief Toohey recovered from the blow in a short space of time and put after the men when Ravell turned upon him and pointed the gun threateningly to shoot. The two men then escaped, the one who tried to shoot going up the railroad track near Marbleridge. The chief called for help and several men responded, but the would-be shooter was lost sight of.

Later in the afternoon, Chief Toohey returned to his home on Stevens street where a man called and informed him that an Italian with a gun was going towards Stevens' village. The chief ran towards the place and sent a man on a bicycle to head the Italian off. When Toohey was within 20 feet of the man, he recognized the chief. Again was Chief Toohey held at bay and for some minutes faced a double barel shot gun, the trigger all cocked in the hands of the supposed dangerous Italian. The Italian, who was Ravell, escaped a second time.

Chief Toohey then went to the parish and detailed Officers Harirs and Marvin to patrol the vicinity of the Shawsheen bridge and he went toward the air line road. In the meantime the Italian had been seen going towards Lawrence.

Chief Toohey ran through a field and at the home of John Glennie put on a heavy coat and another hat and started for the road when he saw the Italian. This time he did not recognize the chief.

Opposite the Glennie soap factory Toohey grappled with the Italian and a hard fight ensued. This time Ravell was unable to get the shot gun into play and with the assistance of a few men he was ironed and taken to the lock-up.

The Italian who escaped works on the Andover water works. The Italian camp was visited but he was not found and it is believed he is in hiding. Ravell says he is 18 years old but he looks much older.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The print cloth market in Fall River is dull at 1 15-16 cents.

Albert Stanley and George H. Ritter were arrested in Springfield, Ill., charged with robbing Frederick Leka of $14,000. Leka, who is a wealthy farmer, had buried the money in a yard.

Robert Fitzsimmons has filed a suit against the Gilsey House of New York for $50,000 damages. J. H. Breslin, the proprietor, refused to serve the boxer with a meal a few days ago, and he takes exception to such treatment.

Comptroller of the Currency Dawes, who is treasurer of the fund to be raised by voluntary contributions of the school children to erect a monument in Paris to General Lafayette, is receiving encouraging reports from all sections.

PERMANENT RESERVE WANTED.

Portland, Oct. 11.—In his report to the navy department, Lieutenant Robert J. Beach, who was in command of the auxiliary naval forces in this district, urges the need of a permanent reserve, to consist of three batallions, located at Portland, Bath and Portsmouth. He recommends that each batfalion be made up of four fighting divisions, an engineers' division, and a commissary division; that each battalion be furnished a torpedo boat, a converted yacht armed with modern batteries, and four small boats of cutter or whaleboat pattern. Line officers of the navy should, he says, be detailed to this district as instructors, for there are no ex-naval officers enlisted here. The line of instruction should consist of a thorough knowledge of the coast and the handling of boats and torpedoes, especially at night.

KILLED A NEGRO.

St. Louis, Oct. 11.—Charles Kemm, a private in company E, Second Missouri volunteers, who is here on a furlough, shot and killed Leslie Wesley, a negro, with whom he found his wife living. Kemm was arrested.

SHARKEY ACCEPTS THE OFFER.

New York, Oct. 11.—Tom O'Rourke, in behalf of Sharkey, has posted $2,500 as an acceptance of Corbett's challenge to fight anybody. It has been agreed that articles shall be drawn today.

NEW SHOE STORE JUST OPENED.

Call and examine my goods and prices. I can save you money.

M. V. Simms, 566 Middlesex street.

Hood's Pills

Stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure biliousness, headache, dizziness, sour stomach, constipation, etc. Price 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

BASE BALL.

Washington, Oct. 11.—The Bostons made their bid for the pennant stronger Monday by defeating the senators. Nichols pitched well. Smith at first base made a record, having only one putout. Attendance, 1,100. Score:

Washington.	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
Mercer, c f	2	0	1	1	0	0
Selbach, l f	4	0	0	2	0	2
Casey, 3 b	3	2	1	0	1	1
Freeman, r f	4	0	3	5	1	0
Smith, 1 b	4	0	0	1	0	1
McGuire, c	4	0	2	9	0	0
Reitz, 2 b	4	0	0	4	1	1
Gatins, s s	3	0	0	1	0	1
Dineen, p	3	0	0	0	0	0
Gettman, c f	3	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	34	2	7	21	3	6

Boston.	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
Hamilton, c f	3	3	1	2	0	0
Tenney, 1 b	5	2	2	12	1	0
Long, s s	5	1	1	3	6	1
Lowe, 2 b	5	0	2	2	2	0
Collins, 3 b	5	0	1	3	3	0
Stahl, r f	4	0	3	1	0	0
Bergen, c	4	0	0	2	1	0
Duffy, l f	4	2	1	1	0	0
Nichols, p	4	0	0	1	3	0
Totals	39	8	11	27	15	1

Washington ..1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—2
Boston ......3 1 0 0 0 2 0 2 —x

Earned runs—Washington, 1; Boston, 3. Two-base hits—Freeman, Tenney. Three-base hits—Long, Lowe. Home run—Duffy. Stolen bases—Casey, Freeman, Hamilton (2), Tenney, Bergen. Double plays—Collins to Lowe to Tenney; Freeman to McGuire. First base on balls—Off Dineen, 2; off Nichols, 1. Struck out—By Dineen, 8; by Nichols, 2. Passed balls—McGuire, 2. Left on bases—Washington, 5; Boston, 7. Time—2 hours. Umpires—Connolly and Heydler.

The ex-champions presented a poor exhibition of fielding yesterday, but in the ninth inning they woke up and tied the score with the New Yorks.

The Brooklyns won the first game with the Philadelphias. Howell of the Meriden, Conn., team kept the Quakers guessing, while the Brooklyns hit Donohue constantly. In the second game Hopper, a Ridgewood, N. J., youngster, came near preventing the Phillies from scoring. The Brooklyns were shut out by Platt's effective pitching and good support.

The Pittsburg-Cleveland game was full of fine pitching and splendid fielding on both sides. Not a Cleveland player reached third base.

Hill was very effective until the seventh inning, when the Louisvilles, on four singles and a triple, netted four runs.

EXPERIMENTS NOT MADE.

Boston, Oct. 11.—President Ryan of the Electrolytic Marine Salt company says that the statement relative to the tests that had been made by Philadelphia men at the plant in Lubec were incorrect. Mr. Ryan has been at the plant for the major part of the time during the last six or eight weeks, and he says that he knows positively that the men referred to have never been near the plant, or at least were never able to get an opportunity to work it. In fact he does not know who the men are.

Mr. Ryan refused to talk about the results of his experiments at the plant, as he believes his first report should be made to the stockholders or to the committee representing them. However, he would not admit that the tests were failures, and he intimated that he is still satisfied that good results may be obtained if the stockholders are inclined to show further patience.

A FEARFUL THUMPING.

Rochester, N. Y., Oct. 11.—Goulette hooked his right to Joe Hopkins' jaw in the middle of the ninth round of what was to have been a 25-round bout and put the colored whirlwind to sleep. The knockout, the first ever administered to Hopkins in his career of eight years in the ring, was delivered before a wildly enthusiastic audience of 1,000 persons.

Hopkins did most of the aggressive work, but Goulette countered beautifully, his defense was good and he seldom failed to land when he led. In the third round Hopkins drew blood from Goulette's nose and later swelled up his left eye. Goulette gave Hopkins a fearful thumping in the body.

AN IMPOSING DISPLAY.

New York, Oct. 11.—The articles found at Burglar Travis' home in Brooklyn and at the house of his mother in this city were spread out on tables at police headquarters Monday and made an imposing display. There were all sorts of silver articles in the collection, valuable bric-a-brac and women's garments and purses. The articles are worth from $1500 to $2000.

Juliet Sumner of Hartford called on Captain McCluskey and identified part of the stolen property. It consisted of spoons, knives and forks, all of solid silver and gold plated, and had been stolen from Miss Sumner's residence last Thursday night.

PREJUDICE OF THE REFEREE.

New York, Oct. 11.—After fighting 25 rounds at 158 pounds before the Greater New York Athletic club last night, Jack Daly of Wilmington, Del., was given a decision over Owen Zeigler of Philadelphia. This decision was unlooked and uncalled for, as, if anything, Zeigler had the better of the fistic argument. He did a lot of good work towards the close of the bout, but probably injured his standing with Referee Brown when he told the latter at the end of the 23rd that he wanted no draw for his. The spectators hooted and groaned when Brown's hat was announced. Daly left the ring without being recognized, while Zeigler was loudly cheered.

PRESS PEOPLE IN BOSTON.

Boston, Oct. 11.—Twenty-five members of the Massachusetts Press association dined here yesterday, and later held a business meeting. Six applications for membership were accepted after some discussion as to the advisability of receiving as members those who are neither editors nor owners of papers in the state.

At the American House last evening the Maine and Connecticut roller polo league delegates held a conference regarding a plan for mutual protection. Committees from each league were appointed to consider the matter at greater length.

HIT BY A LOCOMOTIVE.

Bangor, Oct. 11.—Michael O'Connor of Milford, who is very deaf, was struck by a train about half a mile south of Old Town while walking on the track. One leg was badly broken and he received other injuries. It is doubtful if he recovers. His age is 65 years and he has a family.

A SHOCKING CASE

Engineer Joseph Graham was Killed at South Lawrence

UNDER CIRCUMSTANCES OF A MOST SENSATIONAL NATURE

Supposed He Tried to Murder and Suicide.

A shocking fatality attended by the most sensational circumstances was enacted in South Lawrence last night.

Joseph Graham, an engineer on the B. & M., residing in Carletonville, was struck by a train on the B. & M. tracks, near the Pingree box factory and instantly killed, and a woman, Mrs. Howard Oldes, also of South Lawrence, who was with him, was also injured, but not fatally.

About eight o'clock last evening, Mrs. Oldes, who lives with her husband at 121 Exeter street, staggered into her house, bruised and bleeding, and in a terrible excited state. She could give no coherent account of what befell her. Dr. Davis was summoned and in addition to several bruises about the body, found a severe gash in her head.

When the woman recovered consciousness, she said that an unknown man had attempted to assault her in the vicinity of Broadway, and being unsuccessful, kicked and beat her almost into insensibility.

Officer John O'Sullivan heard that a woman had been seen going towards Exeter street with her clothes torn, and in following up the clue reached the woman's home and heard her story.

He communicated with the police station and Captain Sullivan and Sergeant Wuest responded. With Officers French, Lewis and O'Sullivan, they searched the district thoroughly for the man whom Mrs. Oldes described as having red hair and being thick set. Their efforts were unsuccessful and they returned to the house for further particulars. The woman was terribly agitated and told conflicting stories, one to the effect that she was near the box factory led the police to renew their search and at a point near the place mentioned, came upon the body of a man lying across the tracks. The head was completely severed from the body and was found twenty feet distant on the opposite track. The left leg was severed at the knee and was found farther along on the same track.

The trunk was nearly stripped of clothing and the heart and entrails were alongside of the body, which was completely disemboweled.

Upon finding the body, Captain Sullivan detailed Officer O'Sullivan to summon Mr. Oldes. The latter immediately identified the body as that of Joseph Graham.

The man's watch and effects were strewn about the tracks and close by were found a woman's handkerchief and a set of false teeth.

At the point where the body was found there are three tracks, the inner ones being occupied by freight cars.

Evidence of a terrible struggle was plainly visible. The distance between the freight cars and the outward tracks is about three feet, barely room for a person to stand, while a train is passing. The police believe that Graham tried to kill himself and the woman. Graham must have been familiar with the surroundings, and also knew at what time the Portland train, which leaves South Lawrence for Boston at 7.48, arrived at the point, where he was standing.

The only avenue to the place is from the fields in a direct line with Exeter street, or by the tracks from Andover street.

The woman returned from the scene of the accident by the latter route, for she was seen by William Danahy, watchman at Horne's machine shop, who reported the incident to Officer O'Sullivan.

The woman refuses or is unable to tell all she knows of the accident. The police theory is that she met Graham by appointment and went across the fields to the tracks where the accident took place. In the scuffle which ensued Graham either attempted to kill himself and the woman both, or in the excitement did not hear the approaching train and was struck and killed in the manner described.

How the woman escaped is a mystery. Her wound may have been received in the struggle, but it is probable that she, too, was struck by the train. She alone can give the true version of the affair, and at present she is either unable or unwilling to do so.

Graham was about 45 years of age and resided at 518 Andover street. He is a widower. He has been an engineer on the B. & M. for years.

Howard C. Oldes is also an employe of the B. & M. and was at one time Engineer Graham's fireman.

SEAMAN DROWNED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boothbay Harbor, Me., Oct. 10.—The fishing schooner Bertha D. Nickerson, Captain Nickerson, from the Grand Banks, reports that during the passage, William Chandler, a seaman, was washed off the bowsprit and was drowned. A heavy breeze was blowing almost immediately. His home was in ... at the time and Chandler sank ... West Berlin, N. H.

MORE LASTERS STRIKE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Brockton, Mass., Oct. 10.—The conference committee of the lasters who are on a strike in this district, held a meeting Sunday afternoon at which advices from Marlboro were received, announcing that the lasters in that city will strike the machines controlled by the Consolidated company at noon Tuesday.

The committee has also received many communications from shoe towns all over the country, pledging their support in the fight against the machines to the extent of dismantling the machines everywhere.

The Lynn lasters are to hold a big mass meeting Tuesday evening to decide on what action in the matter shall be taken by them.

C. F. Keyes on Saturday sold a cottage house in Burton street to John Charters of Lawrence for $1100.

THE INDIAN FIGHT

Demands of the Indians Made Known.

Flatmouth and His Chippewa Indians May be on the Warpath Tomorrow and the People are Greatly Excited.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 10.—A special from Walker, says:

It is reported on the authority of a citizen who has conversed with a hostile Pillager Indian, one who was in Wednesday's battle and who has sat in all the councils of the Pillagers, that the Indians have sworn to an agreement to accomplish, if possible, the following:

They will attempt in a few days to drive from the reservation all of the troops already there.

They will, if successful in the above, not allow any United States authorities or United States troops thereafter to land upon the reservation. If the troops land upon a point not inhabited by the hostile Indians, an attempt will be made to drive them off as soon as possible.

The man who gave this information is believed to be thoroughly reliable. He had an extended conference with General Bacon last night.

That the Indians have been gathering for several days is a well known fact and it seems perfectly reasonable to suppose that they are gathering for an attack upon a body of troops at least 200 strong, as those at the agency are. Up to date, the hostile Indians have made no attacks upon white settlers. There are no indications that they will do so and this bears out the fact that they will confine their hostilities to the reservation alone.

A rumor this morning at Bemidji, that the Indians were coming caused a stampede. The people were greatly excited and massed at the court house. The soldiers were telegraphed for.

From Walker comes the news that Flatmouth and his band of 40 Chippewa Indians may be on the war path before another day has passed. At the council to be held at noon today he will deliver a message asking that the troops be taken away from the agency and informing the authorities that in the event of a refusal to do this, he will join the hostile Pillager Indians.

TANNER'S STAND

He Will Not Protect Imported Labor

AND SENDS WORD TO MINE OPERATORS.

Governor Will Withdraw All Troops.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Springfield, Ill., Oct. 10.—Governor Tanner has had a sharp controversy over the telephone with Manager Lukes of the Chicago Virden Coal company in regard to sending troops to Virden, where the operators have been planning to use imported negroes to fill the places of strikers. Manager Lukes in reply to a question, said he intended to import labor and would open his mines, if necessary, at the muzzles of Winchesters. Governor Tanner said he would not send troops to assist the operators in running their mines with imported labor and if the operators attempted to enforce their ideas in regard to Winchesters he would send the national guard to Virden to disarm all.

In regard to the situation at Panax, Governor Tanner said that if the operators persist in employing imported labor, he would withdraw the troops from that place.

BOAT ON FIRE.

THE GURNEY IS A TOTAL LOSS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boothbay Harbor, Me., Oct. 10.—The large New York schooner, George Gurney, bound from Sullivan for New York, with a cargo of paving stones, is ashore on Tumbler Island, off this port and was burning fiercely this forenoon. The vessel is a total loss. The Gurney caught fire last night off Georges Island. She had been leaking badly and the crew were preparing to abandon her. While getting their clothing and other effects in the cabin, a lamp fell off the shelf and exploded, setting the schooner on fire. Captain Cobb and crew launched a boat and abandoned the vessel. They were out all night and arrived here late this forenoon. The schooner was owned by Amos D. Carver of New York.

THE WEEHAKEN.

DESTROYED BY FIRE THIS MORNING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Philadelphia, Oct. 10.—The British steamer Weehawken, oil laden, is aground and on fire on Cherry Island flats in the Delaware river, 20 miles below this city. The Weehawken cleared from this port for Venice on Saturday with a cargo of over 1,000,000 gallons of oil, valued at about $10,000. The crew escaped. It is said the Weehawken will be a total loss. She is owned by the Weehawken Steamship Co., limited, and is chartered by the Standard Oil company. She is 310 feet long, 40 feet beam 28 feet depth of hold with a gross tonnage of 2781.

The big tanker was valued at $300,000. Nothing was saved from the ship except her papers and the clothing the men wore.

A FINE PRESENT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Westerly, R. I., Oct. 10.—Mrs. Wilcox, widow of the late Stephen Wilcox, president of the Babcock & Wilcox Boiler Works of New York, has purchased from several owners the estates bounding Memorial Building and presented the whole to the Westerly Memorial Library association of which she is one of the trustees, to establish a park for the people of Westerly. Mrs. Wilcox has shown great devotion to the memorial building by taking her husband's place on the board of trustees and in carrying out ideas of both as discussed in his lifetime.

A BIG SENSATION

Lawyer Maher's Conduct Denounced as Unprofessional

JUDGE LILLEY IMPOSES SENTENCE OF ONE YEAR

On Cetroni Who Killed Hugh Foley.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Salem, Mass., Oct. 10—Andrew Cetroni, a Lynn Italian charged with causing the death of Hugh Foley of Beverly, in Lynn, several weeks ago, by stabbing, was sentenced by Judge Lilley, in the Superior court this morning, to one year in the house of correction.

The case was heard in Lawrence and at that time Peter Maher, counsel for Cetroni charged that the verdict of guilty had been improperly rendered, his charges being based on alleged statements made by jurors in the Lawrence depot. Mr. Maher brought the matter before the court today. District Attorney White replied in a vigorous manner, charging Mr. Maher with unprofessional conduct and classing his statements as an outrage. He added that Mr. Maher's action constituted contempt of court. He read an affidavit from Silas A. Haskell of Newburyport, one of the jurors, who denied the statements attributed to the jurors and Mr. Maher. The affidavit was signed by the eleven remaining jurors.

Judge Lilley apparently paid little attention to the charges and sentenced Cetroni to the house of correction for one year.

CRISIS AVERTED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Rome, Oct. 10.—Owing to Italy's financial straits, the minister of marine, Admiral Di Canevaro, has renounced the sweeping naval program, involving the expenditure of 540,000,000 lire, and will be satisfied with a naval credit this year of 23,000,000 lire. A ministerial crisis is thus averted. It is expected that the budget for a current year will show a deficit of 17,000,000 lire.

COLLINS IS DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Providence, R. I., Oct. 10.—George Collins, who was stabbed by Pietro Jaswell, an Italian, during some trouble in Rumford early on Sunday morning one week ago died at the Rhode Island hospital this morning, the result of the knife wound. A few hours earlier his step-father had died.

Collins was on an errand for his step-father going to purchase medicine when he was wounded.

Jaswell, the assailant, is held without bail on a charge of assault with a knife.

ALLEN AT NEWPORT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Newport, R. I., Oct. 10.—United States Despatch boat Dolphin, with Hon. Charles H. Allen, assistant secretary of the navy, on board, arrived here this morning. Secretary Allen will inspect the naval stations here, and leave tomorrow for Boston.

McKINLEY'S SYMPATHY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Worcester, Mass., Oct. 10.—Senator Hoar has received the following telegram:

Executive Mansion,
Washington, D. C. Oct. 8.

Hon. George F. Hoar, Worcester:

I send you my sympathy in the death of your noble nephew, who in his ministration to our sick and dying soldiers gave his life to his country. Will you convey to his family my sincere condolence?

(Signed) Wm. McKinley.

Dr. B. S. Stephenson returned Saturday from his trip to California.

A LIFE LENGTHENER.

Pe-ru-na, Catarrh Exterminator, Strengthens the Entire Body. It Made Mr. N. C. May Strong.

MANY people suffer from a form of debility that is the direct result of catarrh. For those so afflicted, Pe-ru-na is invaluable, as it always cures catarrh and overcomes the poisonous secretions caused by this loathsome disease. One instance where Pe-ru-na was used effectually as a spring medicine comes from J. R. Stuart, of Eastland, Tex., who writes: "My wife and I needed a spring tonic. We bought a bottle of Pe-ru-na. It did all that was desired of it. For what it cost me I got the best value of any money I ever spent. My wife has since used Pe-ru-na with the most gratifying results."

Another instance is of Mr. N. C. May, of Oak Ridge Station, Pa., who writes: "I was very much run down. Took Pe-ru-na and feel like a new man. Am entirely cured. My wife is now using Pe-ru-na to build up her nervous system, which is in a very bad condition. She claims it helps her more than any medicine she can get."

Pe-ru-na immediately starts on its mission of exterminating catarrh and overcoming all catarrhal secretions. No mistake can be made in trying Pe-ru-na, for it cures catarrh, wherever located. Catarrh is the cause of more distressing complaints than any other one malady. Your druggist will sell you Pe-ru-na. If you want special advice in regard to your individual case, you can have it free by writing to Dr. S. B. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio.

ATTEMPT TO KILL

Is the Charge Against Francesco Chiodi.

POLICE CLAIM HE TRIED TO POISON A FAMILY.

Chiodi was Held in $1500 for Trial

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Providence, R. I., Oct. 10.—Francesco Chiodi was arraigned this morning on a charge of an attempt to kill Carmena Charla, by putting hydrochloric acid in her food and drink. The police claim that he poured poison into some coffee and beans that had been prepared for the woman, her husband and children and which they were to partake of on Wednesday night last. The presence of the poison was discovered in time to prevent any injury to any of the three. Chiodi had been with friends in the Italian colony and was arrested last evening by Detective Merrill. Chiodi pleaded not guilty. He said he had been drinking and does not know what he did. He is held in $1500 for examination on October 21. Conviction carries with it a possibility of life sentence under the laws of this state.

FOREST FIRES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Marble, Col., Oct. 10.—The big forest fires are gaining momentum again.

KILLED HIMSELF

Joseph Corcoran Thought He Killed a Friend

AND HE BLEW OUT HIS BRAINS.

Girl He Shot in a Precarious Condition.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Carlyle, Ill., Oct. 10.—While a party composed of Joseph H. Corcoran, Scott Crabtree, Leila Shade and Rosa Smith were rambling in the cemetery, Corcoran exhibited a revolver and the party closed about him to examine it. Corcoran playfully pointed it at Miss Smith. She jumped aside but the firearm was discharged and the bullet entered Miss Shade's thigh. She fainted away. Corcoran, supposing he had killed her, walked away a few steps, placed the muzzle of the revolver to his left temple and blew out his brains.

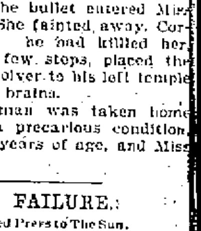
The young woman was taken home and is now in a precarious condition. Corcoran was 20 years of age, and Miss Shade is 19.

A BIG FAILURE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Oct. 10.—The failure is announced of Ernest Orger Lambert, a financier of Trafalgar Building this city. His liabilities are estimated at £1,000,000.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE!
A spoonful of
Ivorine
Washing Powder
in a pail of water and clean house with scarcely a bit of trouble, or do without "Ivorine" and rub and scrub till your back aches. One is *cheap* and *easy*... the other *dear* and *troublesome*.



Every package of "Ivorine" has a cake of pure white Glycerine Soap in it.

THE J. B. WILLIAMS CO., GLASTONBURY, CONN.

R·I·P·A·N·S

A new style packet containing TEN RIPANS TABULES in a paper carton (without glass) is now for sale at some drug stores—FOR FIVE CENTS. This low priced sort is intended for the poor and the economical. One dozen of the five-cent cartons (120 tabules) can be had by mail by sending forty-eight cents to the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York—or a single carton (TEN TABULES) will be sent for five cents.

JAMES R. KEENE, the Rich Wall Street Broker Who Has Just Made a Fortune on Tobacco Stocks Without Investing a Cent.

GALLANT SIXTH

Is Highly Complimented by General Garrettson.

FOR ITS EFFICIENCY UNDER FIRE.

The Popular Regiment Will Soon Return.

The charges made against the Sixth regiment are being gradually dissipated as will appear from General Garretson's compliment:

Adjt. Gen. Dalton has received the following:

"Headquarters First Brigade, Prov. Div., Ponce, Porto Rico, Sept. 1, General Order No. 19:

Pursuant to orders received from headquarters of the army, Brig. Gen. George A. Garretson, United States volunteers, hereby relinquishes command of this brigade. In so doing he desires to place on record his appreciation of the good service rendered by the troops of the command and his appreciation of their soldierly qualities. He congratulates officers and men of the Sixth Massachusetts volunteer infantry that, having had to a greater extent than others of his command an opportunity to show their efficiency under fire, they have not failed under the test.

By command of General Garretson,
L. G. Berry, A. A. G.

Official copy, L. G. Berry A. A. G.

Official copy from regimental files, Clarence W Coolidge, First Lieutenant and Acting Adjutant."

Gov. Wolcott has received a letter from Col. Edward Rice, commanding the Sixth regiment, now at Utuado, Porto Rico, in which he says that the health of the regiment has been good since he took command. The condition of the regiment had been better than that of the regiments about it, and though there have been times when there was a lack of food, the commissary stores are now abundant.

He incloses a report from E. A. Washburn, Jr., assistant surgeon, who says the encouraging cases in the hospital were typhoid; now are mostly malaria. A very large number of cases reported in the hospital are convalescents from typhoid fever. They are men who may now return in safety but who were considered too sick to be moved when the Bay State was last there.

The Volunteer Aid association will make an effort to have the Sixth regiment come direct to Boston from Porto Rico, instead of via New York.

WILL GO TO HOSPITAL.

William Haigh of Co. M will probably go to St. John's hospital today, as he is not improving as rapidly as he wishes. He returned from Camp Wikoff five weeks ago with Sergeant Ayers and Privates Thomas and Joseph McShane. He lost 37 pounds while in Cuba and has regained only two pounds and as many ounces since his return. He believes that by going to the hospital he will be dieted in such a manner as to enable him to become himself once more more rapidly than he would otherwise.

PRIVATE EVERETT HOME.

Private George E. Everett, one of Company M's sick soldiers, is at home again. He was for a time an inmate of the St. Francis hospital in New York, but has almost completely recovered. Like the other members of the company, he is anxiously awaiting information of the expected mustering out.

SOLDIERS' LETTERS.

Officer J. B. Crowley has received a letter from Sergeant Robert J. Crowley of the famous 69th New York volunteers. "Bob's" letters home are always interesting and this is no exception. "Bob" is a candidate for the position of sergeant-major and his many friends here hope to hear of his promotion in the near future.

He wrote in part as follows:

"We have been in Huntsville about six weeks and it is time for us to move, for the flies are getting very thick. That is the signal, in camp. We have been situated in a very beautiful section of the city; in fact, one of the most perfect campgrounds that I have ever seen.

"There is plenty of good air and water and when we first came it was free from flies and mosquitoes. After the siege we had with the latter this summer we think we are blessed to be in any place where they are not.

"Huntsville is a manufacturing town and it would certainly grieve you to go through its mills and see the poor girls and children who work so many hours for so little money. Spinners receive from 65 to 85 cents a day and some receive from 45 to 50 cents a day. The machinery is run night and day. The day workers start at 5 a. m. and finish at 5 p. m. The night workers then begin and finish at 5 a. m.

"The overseer received $1.25 a day and children, from 7 to 10 years of age, work 12 hours and receive 25 cents. It is really frightful to see those little chaps, hardly as large as a pint of cider, working all night and next morning coming to our camp to sell eggs and chickens.

"You can see for yourself that if cotton manufacturing proves a success in the south, how hard it will be for northern people to compete with them. The people here seem to be more refined and educated than any we previously met in the south. They do everything they can to make life pleasant to us. The result is that there is very little disturbance in the city. When I say that it is putting it in a mild way, for you know soldiers are not angels.

"I believe we have the finest body of men in the volunteer service; at least that is the verdict given by all the generals who have reviewed us. When General Alger reviewed us, he took off his hat and acknowledged the corn.

"We have a number of deaths and a number of men very sick, but the percentage of men fit for duty is ahead of any other regiment. We are all desirous of being mustered out at once, but it seems to me that we will be sent to Cuba for the winter. If the regiment goes, of course I will go. My health is good, but it needs constant care to keep a fellow in good condition. When I see some of the other poor fellows who will always be physical wrecks, I think I am fortunate in being well.

"I will say goodby as I am due for guard duty. It is a battle royal for the position I am anxiously seeking. If I can down the New York political influence which has entered into it, I will receive it. If not, I will be defeated. I can say one thing. I am making them keep the wires warm between here and New York to defeat me. Remember me to all my friends."

SICK SOLDIERS.

Lowell's sick soldiers are reported as follows:

Musician Hutton, 186 London street, has had a relapse, typhoid fever; Dr. Trueworthy in attendance; Private Morrison, bilious fever, Dr. Porter; Leslie Grant, relapse, going back to St. John's hospital; William Haigh, no sign of improvement, going to St. John's hospital today; Private Hildreth, Puffer street, malarial fever, Dr. Holbrook; Howard T. Caldwell, 411 Stevens street, malarial fever, Dr. Chadbourne; Lieutenant McNulty, progressing finely; Lieutenant Gillow, also improving.

Harry Poole who has been at the Lowell General hospital for a week or more, took French leave yesterday. Although far from being a well man, he had grown tired of hospital life. Private Fife of a New Hampshire regiment, was discharged from St. John's hospital yesterday and he left for his home. Corporal Barnes and Private Waugh were discharged from the Lowell General hospital on Saturday.

SOLDIERS, ATTENTION!

All soldiers who are able are requested to meet at the armory at 1 o'clock tomorrow afternoon to attend the funeral of Patrick Patrick Donohue.

the ghastly terror of consumption stares a man in the face who neglects a cold.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

It's so simple to get rid of a cough or throat trouble by Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Acts like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

THE MANILA PRESS

Attack American Rule in That City.

And Claim That it is Responsible for Starvation and Diverse Other Evils—The Spanish Censor is Out of a Job.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Manila, Sept. 1.—via San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 11.—The Spanish newspapers in Manila are revelling in an unprecedented atmosphere of freedom and criticize the American authorities in a way they never would have dared to criticize their own government, for the Spanish censor has now joined the great army of unemployed and the United States censor confines his attention to cablegrams going abroad. He will not, he says, permit a word to be said in any way derogatory to the United States army or authorities, but he takes no notice of violent inflammatory diatribes daily exciting the people of the Philippines against the Americans.

The Oceania Espanola of August 31st contains a fierce attack entitled "Chaos," pointing out that no other word can describe the condition of Manila under its new rulers. The article complains that the American authorities have removed public officials and have failed to appoint their successors, thereby creating great confusion and hardship to the population of the Philippines. The editorial says:

"Thousands of poor trades people, laborers, contractors and others, have been doing business for the municipal authorities of the different wards, and now everything is stopped and the poor people cannot even get the money due them for work done prior to the surrender. To thousands in this city, one small silver dollar makes all the difference between starvation and contentment, yet all the dollars in the treasury have been seized by the Americans. Perhaps some day, all debts shall be paid, but the artisan, the street sweeper, the small store keeper, who does not know where tomorrow's meal will come from cannot feed his family on the song of 'Some Day.' The government pawnshop and savings bank is an American volunteer headquarters. How many thousands of people therefore curse the American people, who have been ready to bless them and welcome them as liberators until they find themselves at liberty to starve 'pending negotiations.' There is no blame to the Americans for not being able in a minute to run a complicated organization entirely strange to them, but in the name of reason and humanity there is severe blame for stopping one machine before the other is ready. It has caused and is causing an indescribable amount of misery among the many thousands of poor people in Manila.

"General Merritt was quick enough to grab the customs and get his staff working there, because the customs can be milked as richly as a good Swiss cow. But attending to the public wants of a poor populace is not remunerative, and he not only neglects it himself but prevents an Otis from going on with it as of old."

FROM THE YUKON

Many Gold Seekers Return Homeward

FROM THE VARIOUS ALASKAN MINING DISTRICTS.

Supplies Very Short in Some Places.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Port Townsend, Wash., Oct. 11.—The steamer Topeka has arrived from Alaska bringing about 240 passengers from the various mining districts. Many of the passengers are from Dawson. They bring but little money with them. They left Dawson September 23, and came up the river on the steamer Flora.

L. S. Alles brings glowing reports of the Forty-mile district.

A Rock Island company has a complete hydraulic plant at the mouth of the creek which will be transported to the boundary, 20 miles from the mouth of the creek on the ice this winter, and placed in operation early in the spring. This company has 120 acres of placer ground on which men with rockers have been making from $5 to $10 a day.

A San Jose company which went to the Kant peninsula last spring, made a stake on Cooper Creek which indicates well. The company placed a hydraulic plant but owing to the scarcity of supplies, were compelled to abandon work for the season.

G. W. Towle, manager of the company, reports the discovery of an extensive copper deposit between Homer City and Resurrection Bay.

FUNERALS.

WHOLEY—The funeral of Mary Wholey will take place tomorrow from her late home on White street. Services will be held at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock in the morning.

McNAMARA—The funeral of Edward McNamara was held this morning. At 8.30 the cortege started from the residence and a requiem mass was celebrated at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock by Rev. Richard S. Burke. The choir, under the direction of E. F. Faulkner, rendered Schmidt's requiem mass. The solos were sustained by Miss Josephine Fin who sang the hymn, "Passing Out of the Shadow," at the offertory and at the close of the mass, assisted by the choir, rendered "Nearer, My God, to Thee." Interment was in the Catholic cemetery and services were conducted at the grave by Rev. Richard S. Burke. Deceased was well known, and popular in the vicinity where he lived and among the floral tributes to his memory were: Pillow, inscribed, "Our Ned," family; spray of pinks, Annie Buston; bouquet, Lillie Reagan; 30 picks representing the age of deceased, Miss Katie Morrissey; bouquet of roses and lilies, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Hogan; pillow, Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Reagan. The bearers were Patrick and John Cutler of Boston, Robert Donohue, Cornelius and Thomas Callahan and Patrick Coughlin.

FURY—The funeral of Dora, infant daughter of William and Mary Fury, took place this afternoon from the home of her parents, 65 Jefferson street. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

LARCOM—The funeral of Mrs. Harriet O. Larcom took place from her late home on South street Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. Granville Pierce, pastor of the Unitarian church, Chelmsford, officiating. Albert P. Perham was funeral director and the bearers were Otis Adams, George O. Byam, E. R. Marshall and William R. Fowle. Burial was in the Centre cemetery.

A PEACE JUBILEE

International Arbitration on the Program.

PROMINENT MEN ARRANGE FOR MEETING.

Jubilee Week to Have Many Attractions.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Oct. 11.—Agitation for international arbitration will be a part of the peace jubilee program in this city next week. After joining with members of a sub committee appointed at the recent Saratoga conference, held in behalf of settling international questions without resort to arms, promoters of the celebration have decided to hold an agitation meeting next Monday afternoon.

John Ela, Ralph M. Easley, Edwin Berritt Smith and W. A. Giles have conferred with the Thanksgiving service committee and urged upon that organization the importance of bringing the arbitration idea before the people more fully. The committee heartily approved the suggestion to hold a meeting during jubilee week and to make it as pretentious as time and resources will permit.

A sub committee consisting of Bishop Samuel Fallows, the Rev. J. P. Brushingham, the Rev. C. A. Lippincott, the Rev. J. H. O. Smith, Rev. J. O. Severanhause, and Rabbi Joseph Stolz, was chosen to co-operate with the men appointed at the conference, and complete arrangements for the meeting.

DEATHS.

HART—Patrick Hart, aged 69 years, died at his home, 147 Congress street, yesterday. He leaves a wife, four daughters and two sons.

FURY—Dora Fury, infant daughter of William and Margaret Fury, died last evening at the home of her parents, 65 Jefferson street.

Cramps, Colic, Colds, Croup, Coughs, Toothache,

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is

Pain Killer.

(PERRY DAVIS')

Used Internally and Externally.

Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

FASHODA BOOK

Causes Trouble Among the Powers.

SALISBURY SPEAKS IN ANGRY MOOD.

What the French Papers Say of it.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 11.—The Gaulois, today, referring to the publication of the Fashoda Blue Book by the British Foreign office, expresses confidence in a satisfactory settlement of the matter.

On the other hand the Journal says the situation appears most serious. It adds: "The language of the Marquis of Salisbury, Lord Cromer and the Sirdar removes the last illusion of the most optimistic."

The Journal de Paris affirms that the documents made public in the Blue Book do not establish the right of Great Britain to the region which France occupies.

The Justice expresses an opinion that negotiations, it evidently aims at forcing the situation.

The Libre Parole says: "Great Britain has suddenly unmasked her batteries doubtless after an understanding with her friends, the Dreyfusards. She evidently believes the moment has come to strike what she supposed to be a decisive blow. The precipitate publication of the documents was an act of rudeness and menace."

L'Eclair remarks: "We have always protested against Great Britain's idea that the whole basin of the Nile was included in Egyptian or British influence, and we persist in our theory, which is confirmed by the treaty of Berlin, that effective occupation alone confers the right of possession. Great Britain now seeks to change the international rules, but the right is on our side and we hope our diplomats will compel respect for it."

LURED TO DEATH

A Massachusetts Man Went West

IN RESPONSE TO MATRIMONIAL AD. OF RICH WIDOW

Lost His Money and Died Forsaken.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 11.—Alex. S. Sampson of West Duxbury, Mass., is dead at the city hospital after having been lured to this city by the advertisement of a matrimonial agency. He was 65 years of age and is said to have come here to marry an alleged "rich widow." He met a woman who has recently figured in a somewhat similar case but when his money was gone, she is said to have refused to recognize him. Just before his death, which is attributed to worry and disappointment, a letter for him containing funds reached the past office here from East Pembroke, Mass.

The Printers' Label.

The success attained in introducing the printing trades label, says The Typographical Journal, is truly remarkable when the money expended for that purpose and the opposition met with in certain quarters is considered. It seems to thrive on abuse and denunciation, as the demand is constantly increasing, notwithstanding the efforts of unfair employers to convince their customers that it is an instrument of oppression and specially designed to drive them out of business. The label stands for fair wages and conditions and can be obtained by any employing printer who is willing to recognize that his employees are entitled to just consideration.—Chicago Times-Herald.

The Label Is All Right.

Judge Holmes of the United States circuit court at Omaha, in deciding a case involving the label of a trade union, recently used the following language in concluding his opinion:

"The label is a part of the well known machinery of trades unions, and the use of it is found, if a finding be necessary, to be of value to the union and its members. It would not be traveling too far from the record perhaps if we should assume that the use of the label is, in fact, as it certainly might be, of far more economic importance to the union than are most of the trademarks, strictly so called, which are protected by the courts."

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

Nerve tonic—Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere. 50 cents per box—six for $2.50.

DR. WILLIAMS' MED. CO., Schenectady, N. Y.

CONVENIENT CURE.

"Dows' Medical Cream" cures cold in the head, rose cold, hay fever, catarrhal affections. It does it quickly, because you have it on your person, and it reaches the spot quickly. It's put up with that in view. Vest pocket tubes 50cts; hip pocket boxes 25cts. Ladies carry it in their bags. It's convenient. No dodging. Place a little in the nostrils—it does the rest—cures.

All Druggists.

A. W. DOWS & CO., Props., Lowell, Mass. (5.)

A more pitiful sight than a mother and her child, both captives and shackled in a dungeon, could not well be imagined. There are thousands of mothers and their babes who lie shackled by disease in the dungeon of death.

Without knowing it, or having the faintest comprehension of it, the fault lies with the mother. Too many women enter upon the responsibilities of wifehood and motherhood while suffering from weakness and disease of the delicate and important organs that make wifehood and motherhood possible. A woman who suffers in this way cannot be a capable wife and a competent mother. Before entering upon the duties and responsibilities of these positions, she should see to it that her health, both general and local, is thoroughly restored. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best of all medicines for this purpose. It acts directly on the sensitive organs concerned, making them strong, healthy and vigorous. It promotes regularity of the functions, allays irritation and inflammation, heals ulceration, checks unnatural and exhausting drains and soothes pain. It tones and builds up the shattered nerves. It turns the dangers and pains of maternity into safety and ease. It is a medicine that is intended for this one purpose only and is good for no other. Dealers sell it and no honest dealer will suggest a substitute.

"Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription did me so much good that to-day I am well again and stronger than I have been for years," writes Mrs. Alex. Lockie, of Wise, Isabella Co., Mich. "I have a baby one year old and as fat and healthy as one could wish to see. I took two bottles of 'Favorite Prescription.' I keep Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets in the house all the time. My family take no other kind of pills."

TOD SLOANE'S CAREER

INCIDENTS IN THE CRACK AMERICAN JOCKEY'S LIFE.

His Peculiar Style of Riding and Worldwide Fame—How He Dressed and Lived In London—Noted as a "High Roller."

The average of winning mounts recently scored in England by Tod Sloane, the American jockey, is said to have never been beaten there. His successes, according to one sporting paper, create a strong feeling of jealousy among the other jockeys, some of whom, it is hinted, tried to treat him unfairly at Manchester, and when Sloane won their bitterness increased.

Sloane has upset all traditions, and his merit is unquestionable. It has been said that the American methods of riding must be wrong, yet Sloane wins with horses which the English jockeys handle unsuccessfully.

No jockey since the palmy days of Archer, Wood and Fordham abroad and of Fitzpatrick, McLaughlin and Garrison in the United States has over appealed so strongly to public favoritism as Tod Sloane. He has achieved what not one of his noted predecessors attempted, and in that respect stands in a class by himself. Not satisfied with national prestige, like the others named, he has tried for international honors, with the result that his fame as a successful horseman is on the tip of every tongue not only in his native country and England, but in every other section of the globe where racing has found a foothold.

When Sloane went to England late last fall, his temerity was a surprise to his associates here and was openly laughed at by his rivals abroad. He made the trip then chiefly to ride James R. Keene's candidates in the two big British "back end" handicaps, the Cesarewitch and the Cambridgeshire. His peculiar style of riding at once became a general subject of ridicule among the Britishers, who had previously made fun of the Dwyer-Croker jockey, Sims. Sloane rides with a very short stirrup and rein and hunches himself forward on his horse's neck when nursing home a good thing.

The English cracks favor a lengthy stirrup and a long rein and sit down like cavalrymen in the final drive. No wonder the contrast aroused comment, and as long as Sloane was unsuccessful he was "roasted" freely. Still he managed to steer St. Cloud II into second place in the Cambridgeshire shortly after making his British debut and might have won the coveted event if he had not been deceived by the angle of the course. As it was there were many who thought he won out, but the English critics were still skeptical as to his merits.

Through the kindly offices of Trainer John Huggins Sloane received a timely chance to redeem himself in British eyes, and the result was a revelation to the conservative believers in long stirrups and long reins. The little American played skittles with his English rivals and wound up his foreign campaign in a blaze of glory with four firsts and a second on the closing day of the 1897 season at Manchester. By this time the Englishmen had become enthusiastic converts, and Sloane was feted and entertained by titled horsemen, who rarely condescend to recognize a jockey outside the paddock.

The American boy held up his end in style. His headquarters were at the Hotel Cecil, London, where he occupied an expensive suit of rooms, kept a valet and dressed in a style on a par with the most fastidious London clubmen. Strong inducements were held out to Sloane to remain on the other side, but he was under contract to the Fleischmanns here and reluctantly turned his face homeward last spring, with the fixed intention of going back to complete the work he had so well begun on the first favorable opportunity.

That opportunity came a few weeks ago, and he again started for England, with the results that now furnish the chief topic in the racing world. After a phenomenal run of success on the eastern tracks here during the spring and early summer he was temporarily knocked out by illness, but rallied in time to cut a wide swath at Saratoga. There the Fleischmanns released him on the plea that they had nothing good enough in their string to justify his retention, and he was promptly annexed by Sydney Paget.

The latter owner let Sloane go when he found that Tod's mind was set on another invasion of England, and he sailed away, to the great discomfiture of system players, who had been following him throughout the season. On 2-year-olds down the Eclipse and Futurity courses Tod was a terror, except to his backers, and his success was so uniform that puzzled form students gradually accepted the theory, "When in doubt back Sloane."

Altogether, apart from his pre-eminence in the pigskin, Sloane has made a unique place for himself in the sporting world. As a "high roller" he is known in festive circles from the only Tenderloin to San Francisco and from Saratoga to the London Strand. In the afternoons between races he was generally one of the most conspicuous and best dressed individuals on the lawns of eastern tracks, and after dinner he was generally to be seen in the most select centers of amusement attired in immaculate evening dress and "blowing in" money by the handful.

Sloane was born at Bunker Hill, Ind., on Aug. 10, 1873. It is an open question whether the significant name of his birthplace had anything to do with his decisive conquest of the Englishmen. He was christened James, but long before he became prominent in his present vocation he was nicknamed Tod. He received a liberal education up to the time he was 15, when he was indicted by his elder brother to utilize his small stature and weight as a rider of race horses. After a promising novitiate he was intrusted with his first mount at New Orleans in 1888. While yet a minor he rode with considerable success, but it was within the last three seasons that he flashed to the front as the leading lightweight of the country. He scored on 30 per cent of his mounts in 1896 and in 1897 improved this record to a remarkable degree. This year, up to the time of his departure for England, he was practically at the head of the winning jockeys' list, as, although Maher had a nominal lead, Sloane's percentage was much the best.

Sloane is a midget in stature and scales, according to his condition, from 90 to 98 pounds. As a "jollier" of sulky horses he has few equals, and as a gentle handler of free running horses he is probably without a peer.—New York Sun.

Nature helps every person who helps himself by using Dow's Menthol Cream. It's the rational way to cure head affections.

ALLAN LINE

NEW YORK and GLASGOW Via Londonderry.

From company's Pier, West 51st St., New York.

State of Nebraska, Friday, Sept. 30, at 11 a.m.
Mongolian, Friday, Oct. 14, at 8 p. m.
State of Nebraska, Friday, Oct. 28, at 8 p. m.
Mongolian, Friday, November 11, at 1 p. m.
First Cabin, $17.25 to $60 single, $30.50 to $114 return. Second Cabin, $32.50; round trip $61.75. Steerage, $23.50; prepaid, $24.00.
Glasgow and Boston, Via Londonderry and Galway; Second Cabin, $31.25; Steerage, $24.00.
For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to H. & A. Allan, 12 State street, Boston, or

Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton St.

And Still the Pace Keeps Up.

Victory Paves the Way to the

"SUNLIGHT"

Ask any lady or gentleman wearing SUNLIGHT SHOES what they think of them.

Their duplicate can't be found in Lowell. They are made of excellent material. Direct from factory to foot. Sold only at the

Sunlight Shoe Store

100 CENTRAL STREET.

High Grade Repairing and Makers of Custom Boots.

SOMETHING INTERESTING.

If you are in need of a SMALL range for a SMALL amount of money, we have one, and it only costs

$12.00.

IRON BED, with Brass Trimmings, and All-Iron Spring, only

$6.00.

These goods are worth more money, but $6.00 will buy them.

REMEMBER

The Grand Prize Range is the range to buy. It has more practical improvements than any other range made. Sold only by

GAYNOR & CO.

25 Prescott Street.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month.

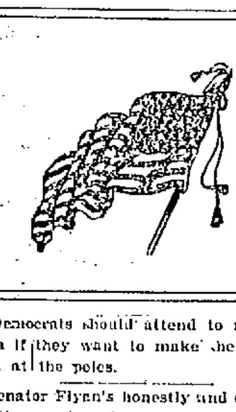
A FACT

The Sun has a larger circulation than any two papers printed in Lowell, morning or evening. It has double the circulation of all the other evening papers in Lowell combined.

On the basis of circulation, its advertising rates are much cheaper than those of any other paper in Lowell.

For news, for illustrations, for enterprise, and for advertising it is

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.



Democrats should attend to registration if they want to make their power felt at the poles.

Senator Flynn's honestly and devotion to the people will stand to him in his contest with Mr. Knox.

Lower Rogers streets is one of the worst in the city, but the street department does not seem to be aware of the fact.

Democrats who wish to bring victory to their party will look after registration and at least see that their own names are on the list.

Too much meat was the cause of starvation of our soldiers and flies the cause of typhoid—so much light from the investigating commission.

The death of the late Truant Commissioner Williams will cause deep regret among the teachers who knew his kindness and obliging disposition.

Occasionally tragic events crowd upon one another, as if epidemic, another proof of Shakespeare's saying that "Troubles come not as single spies, but in battalions."

The republicans are looking for a complete whitewashing of the war department from the investigation, and as far as the commission has gone, that is all that can be looked for.

Cavalryman Patrick Donahue who died at St. John's hospital gave up his life for his country as truly as if he had fallen on the field of battle. He was a brave soldier whose devotion to duty brought upon him the illness from which he died.

Ensign Bennett of this city says that Sampson deserves the credit for destroying Cervera's fleet. It is very natural that young Bennett should stand by his commanding officer but his word will not change the opinion of the country on the subject.

The death of William H. Parker removes from the activities of life one of our most successful and enterprising business men. He may be said to have grown up with the city, his wealth accummulating as rapidly as the city's population increased.

That Indian fight, like most other outbreaks of a similar kind, would never have occurred had the Indians been fairly dealt with. There are bad Indians and many of them have good reason to be bad, owing to the ill-treatment by the United States authorities.

That is the right stand that Governor Tanner has taken in his refusal to protect imported labor at the Illinois mine trouble. The time has gone by when the troops of the state should be used to defend men imported to aid in depriving honest labor of just compensation.

THE WHITEWASHING REPORT

The report of the commission now investigating the war department can be easily anticipated thus:—"The hardships and privations endured by our soldiers in the war with Spain and the fire of the enemy, we find to as well as the suffering from disease have been inseparable from such a conflict; and in view of such conditions we cannot but commend the able and competent secretary of the department, together with the surgeon general and the chief of the commissary department for their prodigious labors in maintaining in efficient condition such a large army mustered at such short notice. Mistakes have been inadvertently made but these fade to insignificance in view of the magnificent showing made by the department in face of the vast obstacles which stood in the way. The mortality in the ranks is not to be considered while computing the inestimable value of services such as were rendered by Gen. Alger and his assistants, aided in no small degree by the wise counsel of our chief executive, William McKinley.

Such a report will of course belie all the war correspondents who wrote from the ranks, but such men are not expected to know so much of how they themselves fared as the generals in the rear or the men who were thousands of miles distant and got their ideas of the war from the press.

The weavers in the Barnaby mills of Fall River are standing together against a cut down. The Fall River mills first reduced wages, then tried curtailment and are now reverting to the reduction of wages. One might suppose that after trying so many expedients, the mills would decide either to pay fair wages or go out of business.

Of course it is understood that a large portion of the sewer work needed, together with the rebuilding of Huntington hall, will be laid over till municipal politics get very much hotter. Then the men who have been growling at the enforced idleness can be put to work with the understanding that they will vote and work for the republican ticket.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

General rules have been placed in each room by Prinipal Irish, who insists that the pupils shall be acquainted with strict discipline.

Keares should be given a prominent position in the base ball team because he has already shown more interest in the practice than the other pupils by his going to the Boston and Baltimore game last Monday.

Thursday, Capt. Garrity instructed the battalion in the hall.

Mis Amy Bertrand, while taking a pleasure trip on her bicycle Thursday, met with a severe accident by falling in Merrimack street.

Gilligan attended the last bowling game to see the Jewett five defeated.

The reports will soon be out, probably sometime next week.

Miss McAloon was the only young lady in the rhetoric class who would change her recitation hours.

Two first year pupils who are much taller than the average scholar are Miss Quinn and Master Crowley.

Murphy has his team ready and base ball practice will begin immediately.

Tuttle is an usher at the Anne street doors and visitors are cordially received.

Friday examinations were taken by lieutenants for the colonelcy.

There will be a foot ball game Wednesday.

After the examination Friday for an officer's position, many of the pupils came out of the room with their faces very much enlarged.

When the reports come out, pupils had better bring them home and have them signed or some forgers will be made an example of by the principal.

BOWLING NEWS.

The Belmonts defeated the Highlands again last night, this time by 57 pins. In the first and third strings, the Belmonts lost while the Highlands made a gain of eight in the second. Wilson and Hartwell were the only ones who saw 500. With Adams performing in his usual form, it is probable that the distance between the teams at the close would have been much greater. The score:

BELMONTS.

Adams	181	137	152	470
E. Murphy	159	163	163	479
Runels	175	138	160	473
Fels	127	149	171	400
Wilson	152	180	170	502
Totals	781	767	821	2375

HIGHLANDS

*Church	140	120	135	395
J. Murphy	190	160	139	489
Hartwell	167	171	173	511
Pearson	167	181	157	505
Kittredge	160	113	171	417
Totals	764	775	779	2318

The Young Fellows and Pastimes play on the Wamesit alleys tonight.

FEAST OF SUCCOTH.

At sundown Sunday evening the feast of Succoth ended. The day was spent by Hebrews of Lowell in greeting friends and having a jolly good time. The day, the 9th, is the most important of the period, and is known as Salm Choth Torah. It means rejoicing of law and the completion of reading the five books of Moses.

It is customary among Hebrews to divide the five books of Moses into 52 parts, and one part is read every Sabbathday of the year. The last part was read in synagogues this morning.

The rejoicing is as peculiar as many other orthodox customs. The Toro, or ten commandments, is held by worshippers and they dance, or jump up and down in a gleeful way. Greetings are exchanged and wishes extended to each other that they may live another year to do the same thing. Homes were decorated with wild flowers, evergreens and plants, and happiness reigned Sunday as it does on no other day of the year. Friendship was shown without distinction to rich or poor.

KILLED HIS BROTHER,

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Valparaiso, Ind., Oct. 11—Albert Aigner, a prominent young business man residing ten miles south of this city, has been murdered by his brother, Henry Aigner. The murder was the culmination of a family quarrel. The fratricide has not been arrested.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

DECIDEDLY HUMOROUS.

The National Woolgrowers Are Going Into Politics.

The National Woolgrowers' association is blossoming out in humor. The members of this body held a convention at Columbus, O., recently, and the address of Judge Lawrence, president of the associaton, advised that they should go actively into politics.

There never was a time when the Woolgrowers' association was out of active politics. It has been an annex to the tariff party ever since it was formed. There is nothing in politics from a ward caucus to the election of president, nothing from the choice of village trustees to the election of a speaker of the house and the appointment of the committee on ways and means in which the professional woolgrowers have failed to mix year after year. For them to talk now about "going into politics" is like talking about Boss Platt's "going into politics."

Judge Lawrence tells the woolgrowers that they must go into politics in order in the state and nation to obtain amendments to the local dog laws and to the Dingley tariff giving a higher protection to wool. The tariff is so high now that it amounts to about three-fourths of the price of wool. Does he want more than that?

But this is not a case for argument. It is the humor of the thing—that the Woolgrowers' association really thinks of "going into politics!"—Chicago Chronicle.

FUN IN POLITICS.

Very Little Humor to Be Extracted From Present Conditions.

There isn't any—not to us.

Sixteen suicides last week on account of poverty and distress. Any fun in that?

Forty-two divorces on account of families not being able to hang together and find means of subsistence. Any fun in that?

Wheat down, corn down, hogs down. A revenue stamp on your dinner, a revenue stamp on your supper, $400,000,000 of bonds to greet the babies as they usher from the womb, follow them, haunt them, distress them all their lives and send them to paupers' graves when they die. Any fun in that?

Not to us.

We love humanity too well to grin over the ghastly spectacle of the plutocratic ghoul thus feeding on the ruins of what Christ did for us—of what our Revolutionary forefathers did for us—to secure an equal freedom in the pursuit of life, liberty and happiness.

We cannot be tickled over the condition of 400 rich men owning over half of the United States and the other millions of us groaning under the distress, privations and sorrow. No, we can't. And we hope you will pardon us for not looking at these in a lightsome manner. God won't let us. We don't want to. We leave this gloating to Republicans. —White Banner.

Republican Hypocrisy.

The Republican press of the country is making great ado over the Anglo-Russian trouble in the east. They hypocritically take up the cudgels for John Bull on the "open door" plen. They want England given a free hand to open up China to manufactured goods for the whole world, to be marketed by England. Now, every sane person knows that the labor of the world cannot enter into competition with the coolies of China. There a man can work and support his family on 8 cents a day. This is the kind of an individual that the Republican party would put into competition with American labor by the "open door" process. There is your great party of protection to American labor and industries. Give it sufficient rope, and it will sell both at the very first opportunity.

The Price of Wheat.

The price of wheat is now about as low as it has been at any time since silver was delivered the final blow in 1893. Yet the price of bread is no lower. The city consumer pays as much for his loaf as he did last year. The farmer who had hoped for higher prices for his big crop is sorely disappointed. There is no famine in India to create an abnormal demand, and in the absence of such a famine the Republican party can do nothing for the farmer.

Spanish and American Blunders.

"The mistakes made in Cuba," said a speaker reported in the daily papers, "are not to be blamed on the army, but on the politicians at the head of the government." The remark sounds as if it might have been made in Washington, but it was not. It was part of General Weyler's speech in the senate at Madrid. It merely goes to show that the mistakes in the Cuban campaign were not all on one side.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Commissions Badly Distributed.

If the government had made the officers of the regular army the arbiters of the distribution of commissions, as they did in the case of the navy, the glaring incompetence which is now throwing shame on our entire military establishment would never have had the power to work evil. The officers of the regular army would have seen to it that only men properly qualified had commissions. —New York Times.

Bonds and War Taxes.

The $200,000,000 in gold held cornered in the treasury would have paid all the expenses of the war without bonds or war taxes, but we have both bonds and war taxes to prevent this hoarded gold from circulating.

Gold Up, Wheat Down.

The war is over, but President McKinley is still holding $200,000,000 in gold in the treasury, and the distribution of bonds goes on. Whatever puts up the price of gold puts down the price of wheat.

CHARLES J. GILLIS.

FORMERLY OF THIS CITY DIED RECENTLY IN NEW YORK.

Charles J. Gillis, died of heart failure at his home No. 128 East Twenty-fourth street, New York, on Friday, September 30th. He was born in Wilmington 76 years ago. He was graduated from the Lowell High school and received an appointment to West Point, but remained there only one year leaving the academy to go into business. Mr. Gillis went to New York in 1844, and was associated for some time with Appleton & Co. He then established the publishing firm of Walker & Gillis in Philadelphia, but returned to New York in 1850 and formed a partnership with James O. Morse for the purpose of manufacturing steam heating appliances. At the time of his death, Mr. Gillis was a member of the firm of Gillis & Geoghegan, No. 537 Broadway, which was established in 1869. He was a member of the Merchants' Central club, the New York Historical and American Geographical societies, the American Museum of Natural History, Metropolitan Museum of Art, and the Sons of the American Revolution. He was married in 1847 to Miss Frances Ellen Goodenough, who died several years ago. A son, Frederick S. Gillis, survives him. The funeral took place Tuesday at 10 o'clock, at the church of the Ascension, Tenth street and Fifth avenue. Rev. Percy S. Grant officiated.

Mr. Gillis as a boy and young man was a contemporary of Gustavus V. Fox, Benjamin F. Butler, J. C. Ayer, William P. Brazer and William Worthen and survived most of them. He occasionally visited his old friend, Mr. Brazer. While at West Point, he was a room mate of General Grant and they were friends through life. Mr. F. P. Marble of this city is a nephew of Mr. Gillis.

GOING TO CAMBRIDGE.

At a meeting of the General Butler Veteran Firemen's association held on Sunday afternoon, final arrangements were made for the Cambridge muster next Wednesday. The association and friends will leave on a special train at 9 o'clock. A special rate has been secured of $1 for the round trip. The tub has been repaired since the accident at Ayer.

It was voted to participate in the muster at Nashua October 20th, and a committee was appointed to take charge of the arrangements for the annual ball at Associate hall on Thanksgiving eve.

ROGERS STREET MACADAMIZED.

At last some other street beside the 10-footers near the Highland club is being put in proper shape, for part of Rogers street is being macadamized.

☞ZYNO—Cut this Coupon out.
GOOD FOR A SAMPLE OF
ZYNO
The Great Mexican Blood Tonic.
Goodale's Drug Store.

SCHOEFFLER'S
DYSPEPSIA CURE
CURES
DYSPEPSIA.
50c. a bottle. Trial bottle free at all druggists or Schoeffler Pharmacal Co., Newark, N. J.

N. Y., N. H. and Hartford R. R.
EASTERN DISTRICT—On and after July 1st, 1898, all trains will leave Lowell (Middlesex street depot) as follows:
For Taunton, New Bedford, Newport, Providence, Pawtucket, Marlboro, South Framingham and way stations, at 7.15, 11.25 a. m., 5.25 p. m. All trains connect at South Framingham with Boston and Albany R. R. for Worcester, Springfield, Albany and the west; also at Concord Junction with the Fitchburg R. R.
The 6.25 p. m. train connects with Stonington line and at Newport, R. I. with Fall River line for New York city, the south and west.
SUNDAYS—For South Framingham, Mansfield, Pawtucket, Providence and way-stations, 7.15 a. m. Return at 5.33 p. m., connecting for Worcester and return.
C. PETER CLARK, G. S.
A. C. KENDALL, G. P. A.
I. N. MARSHALL, S. N. D.
GEO. W. MILLER, L. Agt.
Ticket office at Middlesex St. Station.

Boston and Maine Railroad
Corrected to Oct. 3, 1898. Trains leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, 5.15, 6.25, ‡6.12, *7.35, *8.50, *9.15, *9.40, 11 a m; 1.10, *3.00, 4.25, §5.44 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a m.
Trains leave Middlesex Street Station Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, 5.48, 6.28, ‡6.45, w6.50, 7.01, *7.20, *7.28, 7.34, *7.45, w*8.15, *8.57, †9.19, w9.25, *9.50, w10.50, 11.18, *11.12 a m; w12.05, 12.16, w12.45, 1.43, w2.30, w*3.00, 3.10, *3.47, w4.05, 4.28, w5.10, 5.22, †5.49, w*6.15, *6.22, 7.00, *7.19, w9.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 7.20, 7.28, w8.15, 8.48, 9.19, a m, w12.06, w1.06, 4.25, w5.30, 5.58, w7.25 p m.
For Lawrence, 5.28, w6.50 z7.33, w8.30, w9.25, 10.05, w10.50 a m; w12.05, w2.30, w3.10, w4.05, 4.18, w5.10, w5.15, w7.05, w9.25, w11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, w8.15 a m, w12.05, w5.30, w7.25 p m.
For Salem, Mass, w6.23, 7.33 a m; w12.05, 1.28, w5.10, 5.51 p m.
For Haverhill, 6.28, 6.50, z7.33, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a m; 12.05, 2.30, 3.10, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.25, 11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p m.
For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.28 a m; 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 6.15 p m.
For Exeter and Dover, 6.23, 6.50, z7.33, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 3.10, 4.05, 6.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05 p m.
For Somersworth, N H, Saco, Old Orchard, and Portland, 6.28, 6.50, z7.33, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Lewiston, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p m.
For Bangor, Belfast Skowhegan and Rockland 8.30 a m; 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For St John's, N B, Halifax, N S, Montreal and Quebec, 5.10 p m (5.10 does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Eastport and St John, (via steamer from Portland) on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 12.05 p m.
For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport, (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland), Tuesdays and Fridays at 5.10 p m.
For Woburn, 6.28, 7.01, 7.38, *7.48, 11.03 a m; 1.43 4.28 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.13 a m; 4.25, 5.58 p m.
For Ayer Junction and Way-Stations—7.10 a m; 12.00, 5.01 and 5.42 p m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p m.
For Amherst, Milford and Wilton—9.12a m; 1.00, 3.41, 5.40 p m. SUNDAYS, 2 p m.
For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene—9.12 a m and 3.41 p m. SUNDAYS to Hillsboro, 2 p m.
For Nashua, Manchester and Concord—7.40, 9.12, *9.40 a m; *12.12, 1.00, *1.40, 3.41, *5.40, 6.27, *8.10, *8.40 p m. SUNDAYS, 10.03 a m (to Nashua only), 3.08 a m; 2.00, 6.02, 8.10, 8.40 p m.
For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction—9.12, *9.40 a m; *12.12, *1.40, (to Franklin only) 5.40, *8.40 p m.
For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N H) Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40, 1.10 p m.
For St Johnsbury, and Lyndonville, via Wells River—9.40 a m, *1.40, *8.40 p m.
For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St Albans, St Johns and Montreal via the Central Vermont Line, *9.40 a m; *12.12, *8.40 p m.
For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—*9.40 a m; 1*8.40 p m.
QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrook—9.40 a. m., 1*8.40 p m.
References: *Express: †Daily. w Via Western Division. ‡Wednesdays and Saturdays only. § Via Bedford. z Via Wilmington Junction.
D. J. FLANDERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent. H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

SAFE SURE SPEEDY
MME. LE CLAIR'S
FAMOUS FRENCH REMEDY
Never Fails.
ENDORSED BY THOUSANDS
Of ladies as a periodical regulator without an equal, successful when Cotton Root, Pennyroyal, Ergot, etc., have proven worthless. 25 two-cent stamps brings trial package, and convinces the most skeptical of their wonderful properties. Send 4 cents in stamps for pamphlet, containing valuable information for ladies. Address LeClair Pill Co., U. S. Agents, Boston, Mass. N. B.—All correspondence confidential and returned with trial package.
Goodale's Drug Store, Fiske's Block, 217 Central street, Lowell.

☞ZYNO—Cut this Coupon out.
GOOD FOR A SAMPLE OF
ZYNO
The Great Mexican Blood Tonic.
Goodale's Drug Store.

Our New Hoop Bracelets, Puff Combs, Long watch Chains, Stone Rings are Perfect Beauties.
LEGAULT & CO.
Jewellers and Opticians,
70 Central, Cor. Prescott St.

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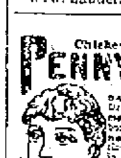
GOOD FOR A SAMPLE OF
ZYNO
The Great Mexican Blood Ton[illegible]
Goodale's Drug Stroe.

MUSIC HALL
W. H. BOODY, Manager.
Three Nights Commencing Monday, October 10, Matinee Wednesday.
Henry Chanfrau.
Presents the many season's success,
"KIT," the Arkansas Traveller.
SEE 20 Buck and Wing Dancers—20. The Mississippi Levee Scene. The Steamboat Explosion.
Seats on sale at box office.
October 13, 14 and 15, Matinee Saturday with Special Matinee Thursday and Friday,
May Howard's Extravaganza Co.
Everything new from start to finish. New Co., new ideas, new wardrobe, new scenery; 3 new burlesques written by Fred Solomon and Edgar Smith; Ladies' Alimony Club and Secret Servers, sparkling dialogue; entrancing music; gorgeous costumes; magnificent scenery; an elaborate creation of elegance, introducing the peerless and dashing queen of burlesque, Miss May Howard and twenty pretty girls.
Seats on sale at box office.

N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,
Runels Building, Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.,
is the ONLY FIRST-CLASS BUSINESS and SHORTHAND TRAINING SCHOOL in this part of New England nearer than Boston and we challenge ANYONE to dispute it publicly. OPEN DAY AND EVENING.
W. J. Sanders, Prin. C. E. Williams, Mgr.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA.
Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., General Agents. Boston, Mass.

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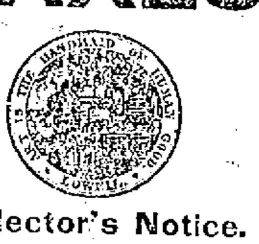
GOOD FOR A SAMPLE OF
ZYNO
The Great Mexican Blood Tonic.
Goodale's Drug Store.

DR. WALKER DENTISTS

BAY STATE
Dye House
Poverty is no crime, but to be a penny wise and a pound foolish is what most of the people are and if they were not they would not throw their old clothes away when they are not half worn out, and this applies to the ladies as well as gents.
Now what we wish to say is that we know just where you can save dimes and often dollars by bringing your old winter clothing to the
BAY STATE DYE WORKS,
54 Prescott Street.
and when we get done with them they will look almost as good as new. Just give them a trial order and you will feel like thanking us for our advice.

SUFFOLK LOAN CO.
(CORPORATION.)
345 Washington Street, Boston, up one flight. (Near entrance to Boston Tavern.)
MONEY TO LOAN
At legal rates of interest on diamonds, watches, jewelry, life insurance policies, legacies, shares, bonds or any other good security.



TAXES

Collector's Notice.

The assessors have committed to the Collector of Taxes, the

TAX LIST FOR 1898,

With instructions to collect in the manner prescribed by the Statutes of the Commonwealth and the Ordinances of the City of Lowell the sums assessed by them to the persons named therein and he is now ready to receive payment of said taxes at his office in City Hall.

When a Poll Tax only is assessed, the Tax is due, and if not paid forthwith, the Collector will proceed to collect the Tax as directed by the General Statutes.

WARRANTS will be promptly issued for the collection of Poll Taxes.

SUMMONS, bearing costs will be issued against delinquent Poll and Personal Tax Payers on or about November 1st.

INTEREST at the rate of seven per cent. per annum will be charged upon all Taxes which remain unpaid October 20, 1898, until the same shall be paid; and such interest shall be added to and considered a part of said Taxes. Poll Taxes are assessed upon every male inhabitant above the age of 20 years. On undivided real estate each heir is liable for the whole tax. An error in the name of the person taxed does not defeat the collection of the tax. Each partner is liable for the whole tax assessed under the partnership name.

The assessors are now distributing Tax Bills. If any ratable inhabitant by removing his residence since the first day of May or from any cause, should not receive his Tax Bill, he must consider the tax demanded by this notice and a new bill will be made out on application at the office of the City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes if a tax has been assessed.

All who preserve their Tax Bills and bring them when they come to pay will save the time of making a new bill and facilitate the business of the office.

THE RATE OF TAXATION FOR 1898 IS $18.00 ON $1000.

Office Hours: From 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 P. M. For the convenience of the Tax Paying public the office of the Collector will be open in the evening as follows: Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, from October 3 to October 15, inclusive, 7 to 9 o'clock P. M. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, from October 17 to 20, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock P. M.

Look for your Tax Bill at your place of residence May 1st, 1898, and bring it with you.

CHARLES F. COBURN,
City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes for the City of Lowell.

You Won't Need Bellows
To induce your coal to burn if you buy it of us. Our coal burns when you ask it to—and it all burns, too. It will save heat, time, temper and money for you. This is a good time to lay in your next season's stock.
D. W. HORNE & SON,
16 Central Street.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED.)
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Golden Cream
India Pale Ale
And Porter.
OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE
JOHN LENNON & CO., AND
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.
Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.
The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:
JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM GUINEY & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
NOEL TRAVERSY.
J. H. McCAFFREY & CO.
PATRICK TEAGUE.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
JOHN M. PEVEY.
F. BRADY & CO.
ROCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHOE & CO.
It can also be found at the following places:
FRANK BARNARD.
JNO. H. BURKE.
JOS. H. CLARK & CO.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
P. KEYES, Jr.
JNO. DONOHOE & CO.
T. F. GARVEY & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
A. F. ROACH & CO.
JNO. J. BARROWS & CO.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
WM. H. MERRITT & CO.
P. H. BROSNAHAN & CO.
W. H. BOODY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
SMITH & DUNN.
F. H. CALLAHAN & CO.
EDWARD F. FAULKNER & CO.
JNO. F. KINSELLA & CO.
GARVEY & MEADE.
FRANK BRADY & CO.
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FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED.)

FLOWER STANDS
All Kinds.
APPLE PARERS
Corers and Slicers.
MEAT CUTTERS
All Kinds.
FRUIT PRESSES
For Small Fruits.
FRUIT PICKER
With Long Handle.
FIBRE PAILS and TUBS
BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.

Notice. For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $22 Suits for $15; his $28 Suits for $20; his $35 Suits for $25. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.
A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central St.

THE WONDERFUL NEW DRINK!
"GLORIA"
ASK FOR GLORIA.
Gives the vigor and pleasure of youth. Half a day of new and vigorous life in every drink. Try it. 5 CENTS A GLASS.
S. BARTLETT, Agt., 100 and 102 Middlesex St.

THE LOWELL
Gas Light Company
Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.
SEWELL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.
DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tuck, James Francis.
Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is
$1.00 One Thousand Feet.
First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

EMERY LAND
Office Removed to
3 HILDRETH BUILDING
House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 6,025 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 200 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy. Wm. H. Emery
A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock
And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.
GEORGE W. ENRIGHT'S
Corner Willie and Broadway.

JOHN W. McEVOY,
137 Central St., opp. American House,
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY,
Mansur Block.
COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM,
182 Merrimack Street.
PHOTOGRAPHERS.
Crayons, Pastels, and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

W. A. LEW,
49 John street.
CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

CHARLES H. COSGROVE,
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COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

J. M. KINGSBURY,
No. 373 Bridge Street.
MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

LOWELL RENDERING COMPANY
Wholesale Dealers in
Tallow, Bones, Grease, Neats-foot Oil,
SOAP AND SOAP POWDER,
Hides, Calfskins and Pelts.
Dead Animals Removed Promptly Upon Notification.
532-4—Telephone—322-3.

DRAWING AND PAINTING
MISS HELEN WRIGHT
Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 9th at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing flat copy and Models, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

GATELY & PEARSON,
SOLICITORS OF PATENTS
Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty.
41 HILDRETH BUILDING.

FLIES AND DISEASE

One of the Causes of Typhoid at Camp Thomas.

Spoiled Supplies Were Thrown Away—Too Much Meat for a Tropical Climate—Testimony of Major Gallagher—Yellow Fever Stamped Out in Santiago.

Washington, Oct. 11.—Three witnesses were before the war investigation commission Monday: Captain Culver of the Grigsby rough riders, Dr. Hysell, chief surgeon of the Second division at Camp Thomas, and Major Gallagher, who was in charge of various commissary depots in the Santiago campaign. Dr. Hysell's testimony dealt with the sanitary and hospital conditions at Camp Thomas. He said that there was less typhoid fever in the troops of the Second division than in the other divisions. Dr. Hysell thought typhoid had been brought into the camp from the outside, and that the increase had been due to the failure to properly cover the slaks and to the prevalence of flies. He did not think it possible effectually to isolate typhoid fever cases, as typhoid was so difficult to detect in its early stages. All reasonable precautions had been taken in locating the camp to prevent the development of disease. He admitted that in the case of another war more effective means could be provided.

At the afternoon session the committee examined Major Hugh J. Gallagher. He had served as depot commissary at Siboney, San Juan and Santiago, and recently occupied this position at Montauk Point, having been made chief commissary of General Shafter's corps. The rations, he said, were forwarded almost as rapidly as they were landed. Only very small quantities could be accumulated, yet the commissary, during his stay at Siboney, had been able to meet all requisitions made for rations by the troops. He heard no complaint of lack of rations at the front. At first they were able to forward about 30,000 rations per day. From Siboney the depot was moved to El Poso, seven miles distant, and at this point there were never enough rations on hand for even a day ahead, and it was impossible to fill all the requisitions. There was a shortage in coffee and sugar, which continued for two or three days. It was due to the difficulty in landing supplies because of the high surf at Siboney. All the rations were good, but in some cases the hard bread would be injured by sudden showers. When this happened the bread was thrown aside and not issued. After El Poso was reached the officers were supplied with the same rations that were given the men. This was against the law, as rations are not supplied to officers, but the emergency made the distribution to them necessary.

Major Gallagher said there was one instance when the canned roast beef spoiled, and it was destroyed. Some potatoes, onions and tomatoes were also thrown away at Santiago for the same reason.

There was a shortage of lighters, but the major was not able to say why this was so. Speaking of the facilities for landing the men in Cuba, he expressed the opinion that if the war were to be fought over again a large supply of lighters should be furnished. In addition to the American army the refugees were also fed. No effort was made to give the full ration, but articles were sent to them as could be spared from our own troops. He thought enough was given to supply 2000 men. After his depot was located at Santiago there was no shortage. While at this point the Spanish prisoners were also supplied from the general depot, as were some of the citizens of the place. Giving his opinion as to the ration, Major Gallagher said it had too much meat in it for a tropical climate. The men seemed to demand more tomatoes and rice than they received. On one occasion it had been necessary to issue green coffee to men on the firing lines, but the issue had only been for a day, and the emergency was unavoidable. He thought the ration should contain more dried and canned fruits, and also rice and syrup, and there should be more tea and coffee.

Colonel Denby pressed for information as to the shortage of coffee and sugar, and Major Gallagher stated that there were probably two days when the men were without these articles. He said the storm was the immediate cause of this deficiency, but that if there had been a sufficiency of lighters this difficulty would not have occurred. The major said there was not to his knowledge a shortage in any any other article of food during the campaign.

Mr. Denby told him there was a complaint of deficiency covering a month's time, but Major Gallagher said he knew nothing of it.

"Suppose," said General McCook, "this shortage of rations had lasted for seven days instead of two, what would have been the result?"

"We would probably have had to fall back," replied Major Gallagher. "Men cannot fight on short rations." It was General Shafter's orders that no formal requisitions for rations should be required and that food should be given to those needing it. Gallagher had applied for extra stores aboard the Grand Duchess, lying in Santiago harbor, but the application had not been favorably considered, for the reason that the vessel was needed for transporting troops to Camp Wikoff.

General Beaver received a letter from Mrs. Hugh Lange of Brooklyn, who participated in the relief work at Montauk Point, relating to her interview with President McKinley when he visited Camp Wikoff. She was reported to have said to the president that some of the men were "carried out in a dying condition in order to get rid of them." This, she says, she did not say, but she asked it, in passing through the wards, the president noticed the number of empty cots. He replied that he had noticed them, and then she requested him to ask why the men were without care in the detention and in some of the regimental hospitals. The letter continues: "I will also ask you to go back of the conditions at the time General Wheeler arrived, and investigate why no preparation was made to receive and care for our sick and suffering soldiers. I never saw more devoted or more self-sacrificing work under the most trying conditions, or greater patience and perseverance than was always exhibited by the executive officers of Camp Wikoff, particularly Major Heffernan, Major Brown and Major Thomasson. The sanitary condition at the general hospital was appalling until the general police work was taken up by Lieutenant Durfee of the Second engineers."

IN SANTIAGO.

Santiago, Oct. 11.—The health of the United States troops now in the province of Santiago has considerably improved, not more than 10 percent being on the sick list. Most of the cases of indisposition are merely light malarial fevers. Yellow fever has been practically stamped out of the city by the systematic cleaning process put into operation.

For several weeks Major Barber, who is at the head of the street cleaning department, has had 600 men engaged in carting away the filth of generations, which is burned at one or the other of the crematories. General Wood has shown wonderful ability in bringing order out of the chaos that ensued upon the departure of the Spaniards. He is without question one of the most popular officials in this part of the island. In making appointments he places no personal favorite, but takes the verdict of 50 of the most prominent Cubans, who are answerable for the honesty and efficiency of the candidates they propose.

General Lawton is well satisfied with the soldierly qualities displayed by his men since they have been here, and all reports from other places in the province as to the behavior of the American troops are equally satisfactory. There has been very little drunkenness, which, when one remembers that, as a soldier tersely put it, "Drink is cheap and you are always thirsty," is really remarkable.

Officers of all grades and enlisted men are receiving by every mail letters from people in the United States asking information as to the possibilities of investment in this part of Cuba. In the early future there ought to be numerous openings, but at present General Wood advises investors not to come if they intend their investments to take the form of land purchase, as the records and archives have been left in a shocking state by the Spanish authorities, presumably with the intention of making additional difficulties for their successors. A man with a little capital would do well here with a steam laundry, an American bakery, or a small store with good groceries. Such enterprises could be made to pay at the very outset. October is the last of the rainy season here, but from all accounts it must be the worst of the lot. There is a Cuban proverb which runs thus: "A thousand showers in April fill a bucket, but one in October is an ocean." With November, however, comes fine weather, with cool winds and good health.

MOVEMENTS OF GENERALS.

Washington, Oct. 11.—Major General Joseph C. Breckenridge will return to duty Nov. 30 as inspector general of the army. It is understood that there will be other changes in the commands of army corps stationed in the south. General Wheeler, who will command the Fourth corps, stated before leaving Washington that he expected to resume his seat in the house soon after the beginning of the session. General Graham, who is to command the Second corps, has retired as a brigadier general, and the question has arisen whether he shall be continued longer in the volunter service. The attorney general has rendered an opinion that there is no reason why he should not, but there is a feeling among army officers that it is not altogether fair to the younger men, who should have an opportunity to secure higher commands. It is altogether likely that Generals Bates and Chaffee later on will succeed to the command of the Second and Fourth corps, and General Wilson will continue to command the First corps.

EVACUATION OF PORTO RICO.

San Juan, Oct. 11.—Wild rumors of depredations in the western part of the island continue, but there is little foundation for them, though a certain disorderly element is still seeking the opportunity of personal vengeance. Inquiry here as to these stories, which are of Spanish origin, show that they are greatly exaggerated.

The American evacuation commissioners received an important communication from Washington Sunday, and a special meeting was at once called to consider it and formulate a course of action. At the joint session yesterday the Americans told the Spaniards it would be necessary to complete the evacuation by Oct. 18, undertaking to supply transportation for the remainder of the Spanish troops at that date if it should be necessary.

Interest on taxes begins October 20th.

BEST SOLUTION

Of the Economic Problem in Jamaica.

PAPERS SAY WOULD BE RECIPROCAL TREATY

Between Jamaica and the United States.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Kingston, Ja., Oct. 10.—The question of the annexation of the island of Jamaica to Canada, which was mooted about a month ago, has now been definitely put before the public through the medium of the semi-official newspaper, the Gleaner, which today publishes a review of the economic situation and says that beyond a doubt a feeling is growing in favor of political incorporation with Canada. "But," says the Gleaner, "on the whole, if a reciprocal treaty with the United States could be effected, this would be the best possible solution of the economic problem."

SELECTING CAMPS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Havana, Oct. 10.—The special American commission charged to select camps for the American troops to be sent here shortly, visited Guanajay, Mariel, and other places in the province of Pinar del Rio yesterday. The commissioners travelled by a special train which returned here last night. They have decided that a camp is to be located on the hills in the vicinity of Guanajay and it is reported that the first American troops will reach there about November 10. The railroad engineers report the roads as being in a very bad condition.

General Wade, Colonel Clous, Captain Hart and Lieut. Wade had a brief interview this forenoon with Captain General Blanco.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

The triennial conclave of Knights Templars is well under way in Pittsburg today.

The party of government officials that will attend the Omaha exposition left Washington today.

The democrats of the Sixth Massachusetts congressional district have named E. Moody Boynton as their candidate for congress.

The triennial council of the Episcopal church in session at Washington today discussed the amendment to the constitution which related mainly to the internal organization of the church.

SUSPICIOUS DEATH.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Philadelphia, Oct. 10.—A suspicious death which occurred on board the Norwegian steamer Banan, today, at Reedy Island, has been diagnosed by the quarantine station as yellow fever. The Banan is a fruit steamer, and plies between Philadelphia and Port Antonio.

SITUATION CALMER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 10.—The situation here is much calmer. Only one band of strikers needed dispersal today. But as a matter of precaution the military pickets were further increased. Several meetings of workingmen took place during the day at the Bourse du Travail and resolutions favoring a continuance of the strike were passed.

ALL ARE SATISFIED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Oct. 10.—The comments in public and in the newspapers show that he Marquis of Salisbury's determined stand on the question of the occupation of Fashoda has come as a most welcome relief and as disposing of all the stories of a possible compromise. No whisper of dissent is heard anywhere. Both friends and opponents of the premier are rejoiced at the fact that in publishing the blue book on the Fashoda question, he has burned his bridges behind him.

OFFICIAL DENIAL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 10.—The Associated Press has received the following communication:

Hunstville, Ala., Oct. 9, 1898.

In contradiction of a recent statement published in the Cincinnati Post, this is to certify that there is not and has not been a case of yellow fever or a case of even remote suspicion in this city of Huntsville, Ala., at the present time or since this has been a camp; in fact, there has not been a case in in county since 1878 and then the city was made a place of refuge for the citizens of Memphis and the cases were of refugees in Memphis. Hope you will give this the proper circulation.

(Signed)

JERE. MURPHY,
Mayor.
S. M. GONZALES, M. D.,
Expert for Shafter's army in Cuba.
J. T. JOHNSON,
Chairman Board of Health and County Health Officer.

CELERY IS A WONDERFUL PLANT

And is now universally conceded by scientists to be the only herb which effectually cures all nervous troubles. Celery forms the principal part of Cleveland's Celery Compound Tea, the great vegetable remedy for Nervous Prostration, Nervous Exhaustion, Constipation, Indigestion, Headache, Impure Blood and all diseases of the Stomach, Liver and Kidneys. Call on F. H. Butler & Co., 265 Central and 391 Middlesex street and get a trial package free. Large package, 25c.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

TRAGEDY OF THE SEA

A Father Sees His Sons Die.

The Parent Himself was Almost Gone When Aid Arrived and He was Rescued.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chatham, Mass., Oct. 10.—The crew of the Monomoy Life Saving Station picked up a boat full of water in Chatham Bay this morning, in which were also the dead bodies of two persons and that of another nearly lifeless. The latter, the only survivor of a party of four who started in a small sail boat from Harwichport for Chatham, yesterday, was Charles Hamer of Harwich. The others were Claude and Joseph Hamer, sons of the man who was rescued today and Freeman Bassett, also of Harwich. The boat was upset by Bassett's climbing the mast to fix the gaff which had become loosened. Claude Hamer was lost overboard. The others perished in the boat. Claude and Joseph Hamer were respectively 10 and 12 years of age. Mr. Bassett was about 40.

The boat containing the bodies was sighted by S. D. Chase, the day watchman of the Monomoy Station, far out in the bay. It was hardly discernable to untrained eyes but the life saver made it out and summoned the crew. The men put out and on coming up with the stray craft saw the apparently lifeless bodies of two men and a boy in the water which nearly filled the boat. A moment later they had discovered signs of life in one of the men but the others were beyond hope of restoration. The man who was not dead was removed quickly and with the two bodies, the rescuers started for the shore. On arriving at the station, prompt remedies were administer to the survivor who revived sufficiently to tell his name and those of his companions.

Later, he was able to talk. His story was to the effect that himself and those who accompanied him started from Harwichport yesterday afternoon to go to Chatham. The trip had been accomplished all but a few miles when the gaff became loosened and Bassett started to climb the mast to fix it. His weight aloft proved more than the boat could stand, and it capsized, throwing its occupants into the water. They all reached the side of the boat and the others supported themselves while Mr. Hamer unstepped the mast. They then righted the boat and all climbed in. As soon as Bassett found himself comparatively safe, he seemed to become frantic and in trying to embrace Mr. Hamer, whom he regarded as his rescuer, capsized the boat again. This time, although weakened by his previous exertions, he caught his son Joseph and held him until the lad could support himself by clinging to the gunwale, but the others went down immediately and did not rise again.

The boat was righted a second time and Mr. Hamer, nearly exhausted, pushed his boy over the side into it, clambered in himself and pulled Bassett in. The boy and Bassett both were so far gone that Hamer was unable to revive them and soon afterwards in spite of his efforts, he saw that both were dead. The accident occurred late yesterday afternoon. All night, the boat drifted. Hamer sitting helplessly in the water with the two bodies, held that of his son in his weakened arms. At length daylight came and Mr. Hamer managed to get hold of a piece of wreckage which he placed in the post hole. Then he sat down again and when found by the life savers, he was slowly slipping into the water, his fingers becoming fixed in a death grip on the edge of the box in such a way as to prevent him from falling. Mr. Hamer says he can remember very little after daylight and was unconscious of rescue until he found himself at the life saving station.

Under the restoratives supplied there he gained considerable strength and he will be taken to his home as soon as possible.

RAIDED THE TOWN

Burglars Ransack Every Business House in Grand Blanc

TRUNKS WERE OPENED AND CONTENTS SCATTERED

Fourteen Men are Now Under Arrest.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 10.—A special from Pere Marquette, says the villa of Grand Blanc was raided Saturday night by burglars and nearly every business house entered and ransacked. After entering Moody's blacksmith shop and stealing some tools, the burglars proceeded to the grist mill and two elevators, which they entered. The money drawers and safes of each were rifled and their contents taken away.

The Flint and Pere Marquette railroad station was the next place for the robbers. The railroad company's office was thoroughly ransacked and everything of value was taken. Trunks belonging to passengers were broken open and their contents strewn about. The express office is in this building and suffered the same fate.

Efforts were made to enter other stores but a watch dog gave the alarm and scared the thieves away.

Sheriff McCall has been working on the case, and at 7 o'clock last night fourteen men charged with the offense had been placed behind the bars in this city.

TEN YEARS' SENTENCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Providence, R. I., Oct. 10.—Walker Ballou, convicted of manslaughter in causing the death of Constable Albert Johnson at Silver Hook, July 18, last, was sentenced at East Greenwich today to ten years at hard labor in the state prison.

TROOPS START.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 10.—This morning 130 of the 140th Minnesota left for towns of the Fesston Extension of the Great Northern railroad on the northern border of the Leech Lake reservation. Lieut. Col. Johnson was in command. The men carried tents, 100 pounds of ammunition and several days' rations. They will be stationed mostly at Farris and Bemidjie.

PARIS RACES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 10.—At the Paris autumn meeting yesterday, the Prix de Newmarket of 10,000 francs, for three-year-olds and upwards, was won by Trencin. Vaillante was second. Tod Sloan rode Monopole, but was unplaced.

The Prix Cascade was won by a neck by Buisson Ardent, ridden by Sloan, at 2 to 1. Fer Sacre was second.

The Prix Gravilliers was won by Petite Monarch. Petit was second. Taillebourgey with Sloan up, was unplaced in this event.

SHERMAN HOAR

Was Buried in Concord This Afternoon.

GOV. WOLCOTT PRESENT AT THE FUNERAL.

High Tributes Paid to the Deceased.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Concord, Mass., Oct. 10.—Prominent men from Boston and other cities and towns in the commonwealth this afternoon attended the funeral of Hon. Sherman Hoar, former congressman and United States district attorney.

Business was practically suspended and many of Mr. Hoar's former townsmen were present at the services. There was a short service, attended only by the family at the Hoar homestead. The public services took place at 3 o'clock in the Unitarian church. The casket was covered with broadcloth and lay in front of the old fashioned pulpit which was filled with beautiful floral designs.

The services were conducted by Rev. Samuel A. Eliot of Cambridge, secretary of the American Unitarian association, assisted by Rev. Henry King Hannah of Concord, rector of Trinity church. Both paid high attributes to Mr. Hoar. The members of the Hoar family were present. Senator George Frisbie Hoar, and Governor Roger Wolcott also attended. The bearers were Harvard classmates and were W. L. Putnam, R. M. Bradley, J. H. Storer, F. M. Stone, W. C. Waite, C. F. Shaw and H. E. Warner.

The Massachusetts Volunteer Aid association, Middlesex club, Bar association, Chamber of Commerce and the American Unitarian association, was represented by large delegations.

CLERKS, ATTENTION!

FRIDAY EVENING CLOSING.

A mass meeting of the clerks, women as well as men, will be held in Knights of Columbus Hall, Associate building, on Tuesday evening, at 7.30 sharp.

Business of the greatest importance demands your presence and co-operation.

—J. S. Hastings,
C. H. Storey.

FOOT BALL.

HOW THE FAIRMOUNTS BEAT THE HILLSIDES.

The Fairmount football team defeated the Hillsides in Centralville on Saturday by a score of 5 to 0. The Fairmounts report that their opponents know very little about the game and that it is rather surprising that the score was not less than nothing.

The features of the game were the rushing of Nesmith and the tackling of King. Young McDermott got bitten on the hand, having put his fist into somebody's mouth to stop a roller for the losers. The line up was as follows:

Bayard, centre; Dugan, r. g.; McDermott, l. g.; McOsker, r. t.; Harrington, l. t.; Buros, r. e.; Fred Burns, l. e.; King q. b.; Nesmith, f. b; Simonds, r. h.

Every Mother should have it in the house for the many common ailments which will occur in every family as long as life has woes. Dropped on sugar suffering children love it. Johnson's Anodyne Liniment cures every form of inflammation, internal or external. The real danger from disease is caused by inflammation; cure the inflammation and you conquer the disease.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Originated in 1810 by an old Family Physician. Could a remedy have existed for almost a century except that it possess extraordinary merit for many family ills? There is not a medicine in use today which has the confidence of the public to a greater extent than this wonderful Anodyne. It has stood upon its own intrinsic virtue while generation after generation have used it as a Universal House-Hold Remedy from infancy to good old age.

Our book "Treatment for Diseases," mailed free. Doctor's Signature and Directions on every bottle. At all Druggists. I. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass.

APPEAL FOR SPAIN

French Newspapers Want Us to Be Generous.

Our Commission Discussing Questions Relating to Cuba and the Adjustment of the Island's Debt.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 10.—The United States peace commission held two sessions today. They were devoted to acquiring and weighing information relative to all the questions involved in the matters under the immediate consideration of the commissioners. It is believed that the questions now being discussed relate to Cuba and the adjustment of the debt of that island.

The Paris newspapers show evidence of anxiety in behalf of the Spanish cause. Les Journal Des Debats, on Saturday said the Philippine question was being considered by the joint commission and the Matin of Sunday followed with a similar statement, alleging that an understanding regarding Cuba and Porto Rico was possible, "as the United States claims everything and Spain refuses nothing, but the difficulty arises on the question of the Philippine Islands."

The Matin closed its remarks on the subject by expressing the belief that "we shall see the republic, which has just shown herself to be so brave and strong, show herself also generous."

In view of the fact that the joint commissions have not yet considered the Philippine question, the Paris papers appeal to Americans as making the statement that the Philipines are under consideration in order to be in a position to adjure the American commission to use Spain generously.

The Gaulois this morning reviews the political situation and draws the conclusion "between the alleged republican purpose of expansion and the democratic opposition, thereto, President McKinley and the United States commission will be inspired after all, with the sentiments of generosity which are the honor of victorious nations."

The keynote of these expressions seems to have been sounded by a Spanish diplomat to an American here last night, the diplomat saying that the United States should be generous towards Spain. That remark and the utterances of the French press give to each other added significance.

A despatch from Madrid this morning says the cost of Cuban and Philippine campaigns will exceed 3,000,000,000 pesetas.

GRIGSBY'S TROOPS

Had Plenty of Food That was Good

SO THEIR CAPTAIN TESTIFIED THIS MORNING.

Before War Investigating Commission.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 10.—Captain J. H. Culver of Troop A, of the Third U. S. Cavalry, (Grigsby's Rough Riders) was before the war investigation commission today. He had been stationed at Camp Thomas, Chickamauga, from May until he was mustered out on the 11th of September. His company had been located in the woods, but while the site was dry, he thought they would have been better off in the open. The food generally was abundant and good. On one occassion the meat was tainted but it was condemned and exchanged. He stated, however, that the tainted meat was not badly spoiled and that he would have been glad enough to use it in the civil war.

Captain Howell interrupted the proceedings, to inquire the object of the examination of the witness, to which Governor Beaver, who was conducting the examination, replied that it was to show what the different bureaus of the war department had done and how they did it, and he though the inquiry very pertinent. To this Mr. Howell responded:

The proper men from whom to secure this information are the officers who supplied the equipment.

Pay your taxes now.

SAID "NOT GUILTY"

That was Mrs. George's Plea to Murder Charge

COURT ROOM CROWDED WHEN CASE WAS CALLED.

The Prisoner Apparently is Not Disturbed.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Canton, Ohio, Oct. 10.—Anna E. George charged with the murder of George D. Saxton, was brought into Justice Reigher's court room in the custody of Constable Charles Henry today to enter her plea to the affidavit charging her with the murder. The court room was filled. Justice Reigher asked Mrs. George if she were guilty or not guilty to the charge made against her in the affidavit.

Mrs. George, while seemingly not disturbed in the least, but in a very weak and scarcely audible voice, answered not guilty.

The preliminary hearing will take place next Tuesday.

Last night was without incident in the cell of the prisoner. It is claimed that the defence will be an alibi and that the shots were fired by a man in woman's garb.

A postal card, dated Springfield, Ohio, October 8th, addressed to the chief of Police, Canton, signed, "X. Y. Z." saying: "I killed Saxton and am not sorry for it; catch me if you can," has been received by Mayor Rice.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

WHY USE POND'S EXTRACT OINTMENT IS UNEQUALED FOR PILES.

Pond's Extract
Why not something else?
Because

DR. J. J. THOMAS says: "It is incomparably superior to any extract of Hamamelis I have ever used."
DR. O. G. RANDALL says: "Nothing can equal Pond's Extract. I have tested others, and yours is four times as strong as the best."
DR. J. C. MITCHIE says: "Pond's Extract of Hamamelis Virginica is the only reliable article I have found."
DR. H. K. WEILER says: "The difference between Pond's Extract and so-called Witch Hazel is the difference between a cent and a dollar."
DR. H. F. MERRILL says: "It is far superior to any I have used in strength and purity."
DR. R. J. HARRISON says: "I have never found any extract equal to Pond's."
DR. POWELL says: "Hereafter I shall use no other than Pond's Extract."
And numerous others of similar purport.

And that's why.

POND'S EXTRACT CO.,
76 Fifth Avenue, New York.

THE INDIAN TROUBLE

Gen. Bacon Reports on the Situation.

A Conference Without Result—Recalcitrant Element is Practically Surrounded—Other Matters.

Minneapolis, Oct. 11.—The federal and state authorities are working in harmony toward the quelling of the Indian revolt. Governor Clough received the following message from General Bacon: "Situation bad; conference resulted in nothing. None of the Indian chiefs were there. The lumber men are all coming in to Walker. Troops needed at Cass lake." Nevertheless the governor believes that the situation is well in hand and that the recalcitrants are practically surrounded by soldiers.

The construction crews on the northwestern extension of the Brainerd & Northern to Bemidji and northward to Cass lake have joined the refugees at Walker, and it may be necessary to send them back to work under guard, as these two extensions, in the event of a prolongation of the trouble, would be of strategic value. Troops may yet be placed at three more points in addition to the present forces at Forston line points. These are where the line crosses the Mississippi, the Indian portage train three miles west of Ball Club lake. With these avenues of escape cut off it would be practically impossible for the hostiles to escape northward.

The governor has received a personal statement signed by Chief Ned-Gay-Bug-Enanoway-Rush: "We, the Chippewa Indians at Pine Point, beg to state to the public that we are perfectly friendly to the whites and have no ill-feeling, nor are in any way hostile. We have decided at the council not to take any part whatever in the Leech lake trouble."

A telegram from Barker says: "Woman just in at McGregor from Portage lake reports two dozen Indians in war paint drove her from her home. She thinks her husband and father are killed."

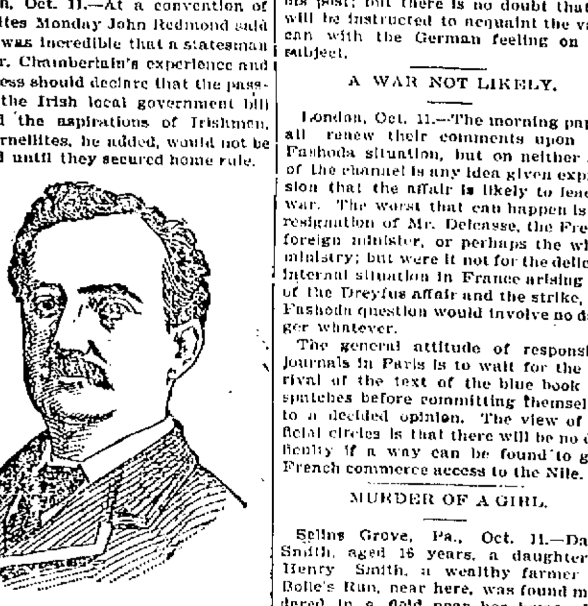
HOME RULE CAUSE

No Change in Attitude of Redmond.

THE OLD SLOGAN SOUNDED ANEW.

Scheme to Bring About United Action.

Dublin, Oct. 11.—At a convention of Parnellites Monday John Redmond said that it was incredible that a statesman with Mr. Chamberlain's experience and astuteness should declare that the passing of the Irish local government bill satisfied the aspirations of Irishmen. The Parnellites, he added, would not be satisfied until they secured home rule.



JOHN E. REDMOND.

Resolutions were passed in favor of home rule, approving the local government act, denouncing the project of an Anglo-American alliance and urging the release of political prisoners. The following is the text of the resolution on the alliance: "This convention denounces the project of an alliance between Great Britain and the United States as a selfish attempt on the part of England to drag the American people to its aid in its struggles with the powers of Europe, among whom it now stands, by reason of its bad faith, absolutely isolated. Consequently, as friends of America, we, the members of this convention, hope that the republic will not allow itself to be embroiled in European squabbles, from which, however these may result, there cannot be any corresponding advantage for American interests."

BID FOR A REUNION.

Glasgow, Oct. 11.—John Dillon, anti-Parnellite member of parliament for East Mayo, at a banquet given here last evening in his honor, made a practical bid for the reunion of the sections of the Irish party. He said he wished that a conference of 10 representative Irishmen, half nominated by John Redmond and the other half by himself, could meet and draft a scheme to reconcile the difference among the Irish nationalists, the scheme then to be submitted to the leading Irishmen of the country at a convention.

Mr. Dillon said he would be willing to enter such a conference on the basis of absolute independence of all the English parties, and declared himself convinced that there were no real, substantial differences to prevent the co-operation of all nationalist members of parliament in support of the Gladstonian policy of home rule.

WILLIAM AND THE VATICAN.

Berlin, Oct. 11.—There is no truth in the rumor that Germany contemplates not filling the post of minister at the vatican. It is added that Baron Von Buelow's successor has already been chosen and that his name will shortly be announced.

Von Buelow's recall is regarded here as due to the annoyance of Emperor William and the government at the pope's recent declaration in favor of France's traditional protectorate over Catholics in the east. Germany insists on protecting her own subjects, and the pope's attitude on the eve of Emperor William's eastern tour is resented.

Though there is no breach with the vatican, sometime will probably elapse before Von Buelow's successor takes up his post; but there is no doubt that he will be instructed to acquaint the vatican with the German feeling on the subject.

A WAR NOT LIKELY.

London, Oct. 11.—The morning papers all renew their comments upon the Fashoda situation, but on neither side of the channel is any idea given expression that the affair is likely to lead to war. The worst that can happen is the resignation of Mr. Delcasse, the French foreign minister, or perhaps the whole ministry; but were it not for the delicate internal situation in France arising out of the Dreyfus affair and the strike, the Fashoda question would involve no danger whatever.

The general attitude of responsible journals in Paris is to wait for the arrival of the text of the blue book despatches before committing themselves to a decided opinion. The view of official circles is that there will be no difficulty if a way can be found to give French commerce access to the Nile.

MURDER OF A GIRL.

Selins Grove, Pa., Oct. 11.—Daisy Smith, aged 16 years, a daughter of Henry Smith, a wealthy farmer of Bolle's Run, near here, was found murdered in a field near her home. Her body was riddled with shot and there was a gaping knife wound in her throat. The affair is mysterious.

William Krissinger, an ex-convict, was arrested tonight on suspicion of being the assassin. It is thought the murderer attempted to assault the girl and meeting with resistance killed her.

FOR UMPIRE AND REFEREE.

New Haven, Oct. 11.—At a conference of the athletic authorities of Yale, Princeton and Harvard to arrange the appointments of officials for the Yale-Princeton and Yale-Harvard football games, it was agreed that Paul A. Dassiel of Lehigh university shall be the umpire for both games. Ex-Captain McChing of Lehigh has also been agreed upon by Yale and Harvard for referee of their game, and it is very probable that he will act in a like capacity at the Yale-Princeton game.

ALLEGED INCENDIARY HELD.

Fitchburg, Mass., Oct. 11.—The case of Max Kulwinski, charged with setting fire to a block in which lived eight families, who barely escaped with their lives, and in a part of which he kept a store, came up in the police court Monday. The examination of witnesses consumed nearly the entire day. The principal testimony was offered by Fire Marshal Shaw and his agents, and on the strength of it Kulwinski was held in $5,000 for the superior court.

VICTIM OF STRONG DRINK.

Hartford, Oct. 11.—George K. Wilcox, assistant judge of the East Hartford town court and a reporter on the Times, was found dead in a meadow yesterday afternoon. He had taken carbolic acid. He leaves a widow and four boys. Wilcox was in debt and a victim of strong drink. He wrote his own obituary, which contained the principal facts about his life.

WANTED A SWIM.

New York, Oct. 11.—While the Berlin was off Robbins' reef, Steward John McKenna jumped overboard. He said just before he went over the side that he was "going to take a swim." Oiler Dominick of the transport jumped into the water to save McKenna, who had evidently been taken with cramps, but before he could render assistance McKenna was drowned.

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Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

PENSION CLAIMS

Evans Denies a Widely Spread Story

CONCERNING CERTAIN POLICY ON PENSION CLAIMS.

Marriage and Divorce Canon of Episcopal Church.

Washington, Oct. 11.—While circulation has been given to the story originating at the annual encampment of the G. A. R. in Cincinnati that "the commissioner of pensions had called his chiefs together and instructed them to disregard totally every aplication based on deafness and rheumatism in the adjudication of claims for pensions."

The commissioner authorizes the following statement: "First—No such instructions were given. Second—As to deafness, the present medical referee the bureau, Dr. J. F. Rauh, a prominent G. A. R. man, says there has been no change in the adjudication of claims for deafness since the present schedule of ratings, which was approved Dec. 4, 1891, in accordance with the act of Aug. 27, 1888.

"Third—As to rheumatism, the present chief of the board of review, Colonel F. D. Stephenson, also a prominent G. A. R. man, says there has been no change in adjudication of claims for rheumatism since he came to the bureau in 1869.

"Fourth—There has probably not been a single working day passed since April 1, 1897, that there have not been certificates issued for both deafness and rheumatism. There has been no change in the laws, and therefore no change in the practice during the present administration."

MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE.

Washington, Oct. 11.—The marriage and divorce canon under consideration by the Episcopalian bishops yesterday was as follows:

Section 1—No minister shall solemnize a marriage the parties to which are within the degrees of consanguinity and affinity defined in the 18th chapter of the book, Leviticus.

Sec. 2—It shall be the duty of the minister to admonish the people from time to time that the church discountenances clandestine marriage. No minister shall solemnize the marriage of any person who is a minor under the law of the place of marriage, unless the parent or guardian of such minor is present, or shall have given written consent to the marriage, or is permanently resident in a foreign country. No minister shall solemnize a marriage except in the presence of at least two witnesses, himself or the witnesses being personally acquainted with the parties. Every minister of the church shall at the time of the marriage record in the register of the parish in which the marriage takes place the name, birthplace, age and residence of each party, and such record shall be signed by the minister who performs the ceremony and by at least two witnesses of the marriage.

Sec. 3—No minister of the church shall solemnize the marriage of either party to a divorce during the lifetime of the other party.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR GATHER.

Pittsburg, Oct. 11.—With a brilliancy of incandescence emanating from nearly half a million electric lights, the conclave of the Knights Templar has now fairly started. Except a few stragglers, every commandery which was expected to be represented has a delegation on the ground.

The sights on the streets have never been equaled in this city, as far as the crowds are concerned. Car traffic is at a standstill and vehicles of all descriptions are banished from many thoroughfares, while every inch of ground is monopolized by tens of thousands of pedestrians. The brilliancy of the city's street decorations marks an epoch in the history of electric illumination. Within a radius of four blocks from the heart of the city 400,000 incandescent lamps burn every night. Huge crosses and other emblems of Templarism are suspended on the sides and fronts of the city's tallest buildings, and from nearly every store or shop in the down-town district.

An interesting feature in the informal parade of the knights was furnished by the Boston commanderies, which marched up Fifth avenue, accompanied by the ladies. The way in which the latter kept step to the music evoked great enthusiasm.

MURDERED BY ROBBERS.

Paris, Oct. 11.—At Saint Patrice, near Chinon, while the parish priest, Father Fleural, was conducting service, burglars entered the presbytery and murdered his aged housekeeper. They then awaited the abbe's return and beat him also to death, afterward ransacking the house.

EVERY MAN HAD MONEY.

Quincy, Oct. 11.—Antonio Spruchi, a laborer, lost a pocketbook containing $400 while at work in a trench for a sewer. He reported his loss to the foreman, who sent for an officer, and the 21 laborers were searched. The money was not found, but the search brought to light a most interesting condition of affairs. Every laborer had a roll of money about his person amounting anywhere from $10 to $500, and there were over $4,000 in gold and greenbacks among the men. Some had it sewed in different parts of their clothing, others in belts around their waists, and some had it carefully laid away in pocketbooks.

LOWELL TEXTILE SCHOOL

Evening Classes Begin Oct. 17.

Special entrance examination in Arithmetic and English on Friday, Oct. 14, at 7 p. m.

Art Students Now Receiv d.

Prof. George will continue his classes as usual both day and evening. Apply immediately.

WANTED.

WANTED—Two temperate men want work as teamsters. Address 11 Shaw street.

WANTED—Art model, young female, for light work. State experience, if any, and wages expected. Herb. Hscart, this office.

WANTED—By a young American Woman, strong and willing, situation as nurse to invalid, companion to elderly lady, governess for child, or housekeeper to take entire charge; country no objection. Terms reasonable. References. Address "K," Sun office.

WANTED—Ladies to know they can get their old felt hats dyed and blocked in the latest shapes at the flat Bleachery, 161 Merrimack street, up stairs.

WANTED—At all times lady chorus singers. Apply by mail. Address Ivory, 30 Merrill street, Lowell.

WANTED—Saleswoman to assist in the introduction of an article of merit; salary. References required. Call or address A. P. T. Hicks, Room 84, Bon Marche building, Lowell, Mass.

WANTED—Summer boarders; $1.50 a week. 31 River street, West Lynn.

WANTED—600 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Low's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

WANT BLUSH OF YOUTH, soft, delicate skin? Use Nooneu's Roman Secret. At all drug stores. A. W. Dow, A. E. Moor, agent for Lowell, corner of Gorham and Appleton streets.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—On Monday a pair of eye glasses. Finder will be rewarded at 784 Merrimack street.

TO LET.

TO LET—Very pleasant small tenements Belvidere; rent low. Apply to F. A. Pennington, 235 High street.

TO LET—Choice low-priced tenements, ranging in price from $5 to $10 per month. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central street.

TO LET—Half a house of ten rooms at 9 Everett street; rent $16 a month. Apply at 315 High street.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 253 Fayette street.

STORE TO LET—81 Middle street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

Weak Men Made Vigorous

What PEFFER'S NERVIGOR Did!

It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men regain lost manhood; old men recover youthful vigor. Absolutely Guaranteed to Cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Don't let druggist impose a worthless substitute on you because it yields a greater profit. Insist on having PEFFER'S NERVIGOR, or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper, $1 per box, or 6 for $5, with A Written Guarantee to Cure or Refund Money. Pamphlet free. PEFFER MEDICAL ASS'N, Chicago, Ill.

Sold by Ellingwood & Co., corner Central and Merrimack streets.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE

Henry W. Garrity, Prop.

CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.

The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the profession.

M. H. Carey {Clerks} R. Gervais

LANTERNS

FOR

House, Mill, Stable Carriage

And out-of-door use. Lantern Globes in white, red and blue. Parts of Lanterns lost or destroyed, furnished.

C. B. COBURN & CO.

63 TO 67 MARKET STREET.

IF

PETER WATSON

Was anywhere near the army camps the people of the country would not be asking for an investigation as to the feeding of the starving soldiers. He supplies enough of people in Lowell to make an army with the choicest line of bread, cake and pastry to be had in this city. There is nothing better than the best and Peter Watson's bakery is the best.

Ask for Peter Watson's celebrated Bread and take no other. Bakery from

52 to 60 Charles St.
465 Lawrence St.

Weddings and parties supplied at short notice and orders delivered to all parts of the city.

Our Stand

Is at 400 Merrimack St.

We can fit your feet with Boots, Shoes and Rubbers. Reliable goods, lowest prices. That's true economy.

F. E. LABARGE, Prop.

CITY HALL SHOE STORE

400 Merrimack St.

Sewing Machines

For $24.00

You can buy the same machine that others sell as $60. We have no canvasser [illegible] his commission by buying at our store.

Ring's Big Store

221-229 DUTTON ST.

FOR SALE.

WAGONS—My remaining stock of high grade democrats, Concords, square wagons, panel side wagons, together with a variety of 2nd hand wagons, buggies, etc., will be offered at very low figures to close. J. F. Libby, 69 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—11 acre farm, 7 miles from Lowell, not far from electrics. Easy terms; price only $850. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central street.

CALL at 359 Market street to buy or sell second-hand Furniture.

FOR SALE—Near Chelmsford and Washington streets good cottage house of 7 rooms, large lot of land, lots of fruit. Price only $1400. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—In Billerica small farm of 10 acres, fair building, near cars. This is a bargain; price $900. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Furniture and carpets at a sacrifice; nearly new. 173 Chapel street. 1st bell.

FOR SALE—Ten R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

ANYTHING and everything in the line of RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices. The best linen marker in use only 25c. J. M. Fellows, 156 Merrimack street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Pawtucketville, a nice 8-room cottage house, with all modern improvements, 7000 feet of land, lots of fruit, near bridge. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

OWNER IN NEED OF MONEY—A lot of land containing 4000 feet, 50x80, on a 50 foot street, 15 minutes from Centralville bridge. Price $100, also two second-hand furnaces. Inquire at 1128 Bridge street.

FOR SALE—Near Broadway and School streets good house and large lot of land for a little money. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—Good corporation boarding house, lots of boarders. Must be sold on account of sickness. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 3 to 5 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 170 Tremont street Boston.

FOR SALE—Good farm for the money, 16 acres of land, good buildings, 9 miles from Lowell on main road. Price $850. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CONSULT MADAM CLENDENING, scientific palmist. Advice on love, business marriage, tells past and future, also locates diseases, etc. 186 Appleton street.

James Walsh.

Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardner. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.

CONCRETE paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 155 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

If You Are Short

And want a loan we can help you out. Security taken, real estate and personal property.

DONOVAN & MANSUR

Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

If You Want Clean, Bright

COAL

Free from impurities, coal that ignites quickly and has good lasting qualities. Order of the

Middlesex Coal Co.

6 FLETCHER STREET,

And order now.

H. P. Hasey, President. J. J. Smith, Manager.

Telephone 571-2.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER

448 GORHAM STREET.

Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

PETER H. SAVAGE,

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169 WORTHEN ST.

Telephone connection 464-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

FootPower

Is the inheritance of all, which means that walking should be a pleasure, not a misery. Yet how few enjoy this birthright? High priced shoes do not insure it. Right made shoes do. The kind we sell. Our prices are moderate, too.

J. J. LONERGAN.

YES

When you wish the repairs on your carriage well done it will be to your advantage to take it to

SAWYER'S.

They live up to their reputation that "Sawyer work is good work."

Worthen St., Lowell.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

Remnants of

CLOAKING

Important Announcement

We have bought the entire accumulation of mill remnants made during the year from a large woolen mill making a specialty of heavy woolens such as

ALL WOOL KERSEYS, BEAVERS, VENETIANS, ROUGH CLOAKINGS, AND BROADCLOTHS AND HEAVY COVERTS

a purchase of over 6000 yards, all in lengths suitable for jackets, cloaks and overcoats, qualities of cloth that are worth from $1.25, $1.50 to $2.50 per yard, all at one price,

79c. Per Yard.

We display all these stylish goods in our Merrimack street window till Thursday, 13th inst., when they will be put on sale in our spacious basement. One of the best bargains we have offered for a long time.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

You Do Not Need to Have a New House to Have a

Fire Place

We can put one into your old house. We are headquarters for Mantels, Tiling, Gas Grates, Gas Logs, Coal Grates, and Irons, fire set, etc.

Everything for the Fire Place.

THE THOMPSON HARDWARE CO. 524-6 Merr'k St.

DEWEY HAVE GOOD BUTTER

Well! Well!

Have just received a large lot of June Vermont Dairy and Creamery Butter in 5, 10 and 20-lb packages at prices that will keep our competitors guessing, and the quality that will please everybody. Give us a trial and we will convince you that we have no competitors in the city.

Bargains in All Departments This Week.

Banner Market

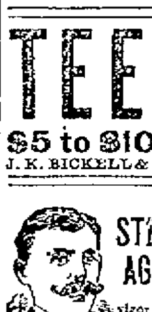
Prescott Street.

TEETH

No Charge For Extracting

Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Filling and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth without plates, also Roofless Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Not open evenings. DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists Rooms 24, 25, 26, Runels' Bld'g, cor. Merr'k & Bridge

$5 to $10 a Set



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WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY

Sexine Pills

They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked permanently. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

LAFAYETTE AND YORKTOWN.

American Schools Will Celebrate the Anniversary of Yorktown's Surrender By Raising a Fund For the Great Lafayette Monument.

New York—This year we are to have a day in which to pay tribute to Marie Paul Joseph Roch Yoes Albert Motier, Citoyen Motier, as the revolutionists of Paris called him.

He is dear to Americans as Marquis de Lafayette.

And the day we have set apart for him is that eventful one of the surrender of Yorktown, the anniversary of which will occur on October 19. Historic exercises will be held in every school in the country, at which a nominal admission fee will be charged. Millions of pennies and dimes thus received from the rising generation of American patriots will be applied to a Lafayette monument fund. With 100,000 schools and a great army of patriots, it is believed that more than enough will be realized to erect a monument that will be the pride of the two continents.

The monument which is to cost $200,000, is to be unveiled in Paris in 1899, and to be a gift of the young of one republic to a sister nation.

On the committee in charge of the affair are William B. Allison, Edward Everett Hale, Dr. W. T. Harris, Archbishop Ireland, John W. Mackay, Ferdinand W. Peck, Melville E. Stone, Alexander Revell and Charles G. Dawes. The governors of all the states are honorary vice presidents and many of the municipal executives are on the honorary advisory board.

Its secretary is Robert J. Hampson, of Chicago, and his appeal to the schools of the country is as follows:

"The commission has decided upon October 19th, the anniversary of the surrender of Cornwallis at Yorktown, as the day which the schools of the United States are asked to recognize as 'Lafayette Day.' On this date, it is hoped, by concerted effort ample funds will be secured to build a monument on a scale commensurate with the occasion.

"In the universities and colleges of the land, the heads of the institutions are asked to appoint committees from their students to arrange and carry out public exercises suited to the idea, embracing perhaps historic drama, patriotic orations, etc., charging an admission fee or collecting voluntary contributions as local conditions may suggest, and turning the proceeds over to the president of the college, who shall forward it to the treasurer of the memorial commission.

"In the higher grades of the public and parochial schools the same general plan so far as possible should prevail as in the universities and colleges.

"In the primary grades and district schools the children may be asked to solicit from their parents or acquaintances small contributions of from one cent to ten cents, to be given to their teacher and thence forwarded to the treasurer of the commission.

Lafayette's claim upon the gratitude of Americans does not rest in the carefully measured service rendered in the country's hour of need so much as in the noble spirit of sacrifice shown and in his generous adoption of what he thought a rightful but probably unsuccessful cause.

Washington, Jefferson and Fox were devotedly attached to Lafayette. Napoleon, Charles X., and other rulers admired the qualities which held him aloof from bribery and kept him within the bounds of loyalty, no matter what threatening clouds o'erhung his political destiny.

When his death was announced, in May, 1834, the church bells of France, Belgium, Poland, Switzerland and Great Britain tolled in mournful requiem. In the United States the news of his passing was received with grief and sorrow. Congress formulated resolutions expressive of the nation's grief and of its lasting gratitude, and both houses wore badges of mourning for thirty days. By order of President Jackson the United States army and navy paid the same honors to Lafayette that were shown in memory of Washington.

YORKTOWN SURRENDER.

Dr. James Thacher, an eye-witness, gives in his journal an interesting account of the manner in which the surrender of Yorktown was conducted. The American and French troops were drawn up in two lines, one on each side of the road, and between these the British army marched out. There was also an immense concourse of spectators from the surrounding country to witness this spectacle—most interesting to Americans, though humiliating in the last degree to the royal army. The French troops made a splendid and martial appearance, in complete uniform; the Americans were not all in martial costume, nor could their dress be said to be very neat; but their bearing was erect and manly, and their countenances wore the "uniform" of satisfaction and joy. General Washington, with his aides, took his station at the head of the American column, and Count Rochambeau at the head of the French. It is a circumstance highly creditable to the American character, that the utmost silence and order prevailed during the marching out of the British army.

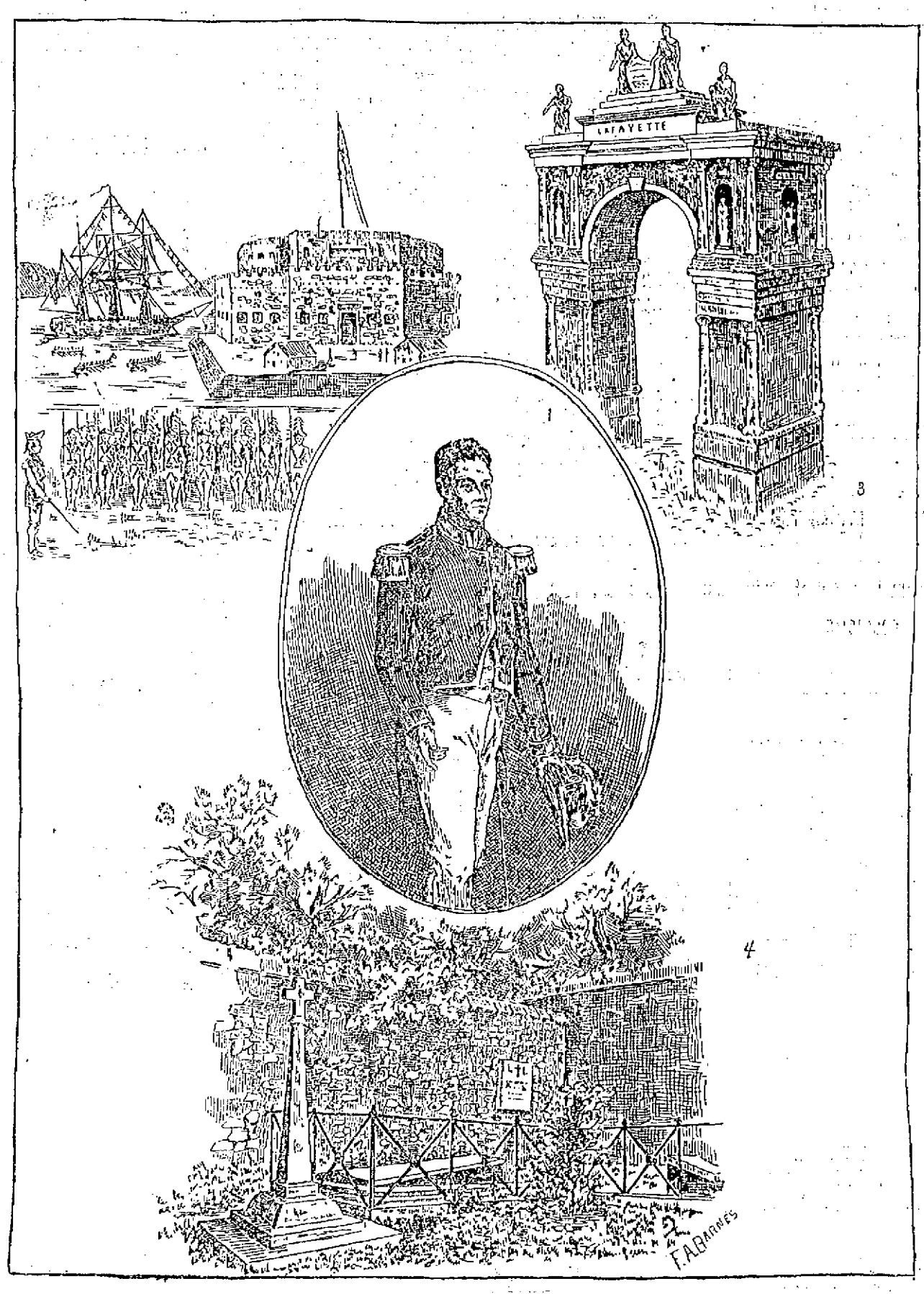
At length, about two o'clock, the captive army advanced; but Lord Cornwallis, whom all expected to see at the head of the column, was not there. He deputed the office of leader on this occasion to General O'Harra. The troops followed with shouldered arms, colors cased, and drums beating a slow British march. In arms and clothing their appearance was neat and soldier-like, but in their line of march their step was irregular, and their ranks were frequently broken. Arrived at the head of the American column, Gen. O'Harra gracefully apologized to Gen. Washington for the non-appearance of Lord Cornwallis, on the plea of indisposition, and was courteously referred to Gen. Lincoln for directions. Gen. Lincoln conducted the conquered army into a large field, where it was arranged that they should ground their arms.

Dr. Thacher gives the following account of this part of the ceremony. "It was in the field, when they came to the last act of the drama, that the spirit and pride of the British soldiers was put to the severest test; here their mortification could not be concealed. Some of the platoon officers appeared to be exceedingly chagrined when giving the word "ground arms;" and I am witness that they performed this duty in an exceedingly unofficer-like manner, and that many of the soldiers manifested a sullen temper, throwing their arms on the pile with violence, as if determined to render them useless. This irregularity, however, was checked by the authority of General Lincoln. After having grounded their arms, and divested themselves of their accoutrements, the captive troops were conducted back to Yorktown, and guarded by our troops, till they could be removed to the place of their destination."

Among the other incidents relative to this siege, Dr. Thacher relates some circumstances which account for the much greater slaughter of the French army than of the American, on the night when Lafayette and Baron Viomenil each took a redoubt. The Americans pulled away the palisades with their hands and jumped over, entering the works at once. The French waited for the sappers and miners to remove the defenses, according to the rules of the art, and were all this time exposed to a galling fire. After the American party had taken their redoubt, Lafayette sent his aide, Major Barbour, to the other redoubt, to inform Baron Viomenil that "he was in his redoubt, and to ask the Baron where he was." The Major found Baron Viomenil waiting the clearing away of the palisades, and he sent back the answer: "Tell the Marquis I am not in mine yet, but I will be in five minutes." And so he was.

A curious circumstance occurred in the capture of Cornwallis. Mr. Henry Laurens, United States Ambassador to Holland, was captured by the British on his passage out, and confined in the Tower of London, of which Lord Cornwallis was constable or governor. Col. John Laurens was one of the officers who arranged the terms of surrender. Thus the son took custody of his father's jailor. Lord Cornwallis was afterwards exchanged for Mr. Laurens. Congress had offered Gen. Burgoyne before, but the British refused to make the exchange.

In the general orders issued the day after the capitulation, Lafayette was among the officers particularly mentioned. Indeed, his services in the capture of Cornwallis commenced, from the moment in which the British general arrived in Virginia. His skillful and patient manoeuvres, the consummate skill of a veteran, united to the ready and chivalric courage of youth, conducted Cornwallis into the toils which led to his surrender, and to the close of the British rule in the states of the Union. Great and enthusiastic were the rejoicings in every part of the United States upon the intelligence of this victory. Its consequences were at once perceived, and the whole people were filled with the most cheering anticipations.



1. Lafayette as commander of the National Guard of France. 2. His welcome to New York at Castle Garden as represented in an old print of the time. 3. The arch through which Lafayette passed on his tour through Philadelphia. 4. The grave of Lafayette.

LAFAYETTE'S TRIUMPH.

Lafayette having expressed his intention of revisiting the United States, Congress unanimously passed, in February, 1824, a resolution directing the President to assure him of the grateful recollection of the American people, and tendering him a national ship for his passage hither. But with his consistent love of true republicanism, he preferred to take his passage in a private ship; and on the 16th of August, 1824, arrived at New York in the Cadmus, Capt. Allyn. He was accompanied by his son, George Washington Lafayette, M. Auguste de Vasseur, and one servant. His arrival opened a series of grateful pageants, which in splendor surpassed anything exhibited before in America; and in sincerity, heartiness, and spontaneous movement displayed a spectacle of the moral sublime, which the world has seldom witnessed.

Lafayette landed on Staten Island on the 15th of August, where he passed the night. On the day following a fleet of steamboats went down to the Island, to convey and escort him to the city, including the war steamer, Robert Fulton; and on board of these were over six thousand persons, besides the committee of the corporation, members of the Society of the Cincinnati, revolutionary officers and soldiers, a deputation from West Point, and many other distinguished guests and official personages. New York bay never presented a more magnificent spectacle than on this occasion. The shipping was all liberally decorated with flags and signals. The day was delightful, and the surface of the water was dotted with every imaginable description of craft in holiday array. Continual salutes of artillery rolled out their deep base notes above the shouts of welcome and congratulation, and it seemed as if the great city of New York, conscious of its honor in speaking the first welcome to the nation's guest, was determined to do itself credit by enthusiasm and heartiness. On shore hundreds of bells were ringing, and the very air seemed vocal with the music of welcome. As the fleet arrived off the Battery, at two o'clock, p. m., the scene was most impressive. The military formed in line were over three thousand in number; and as the national guest landed, he was received with a salute of twenty-one guns, and the acclamations of between thirty and forty thousand people, who filled the Battery, and the adjacent streets and avenues.

After a review of the troops, which must have awakened deep emotions in the mind of him who could recollect the condition of the American army nearly half a century before, Lafayette proceeded to the City Hall in a barouche drawn by four horses. He was escorted by a troop of horse, and followed by the long line of citizen soldiery. Such was the crowd, that the march was very much impeded.

After the mayor of the city had spoken his welcome, in behalf of the municipality and the nation, to which Lafayette feelingly and gratefully responded, the many citizens and strangers were introduced, including not a few old friends in the "times that tried men's souls." Lafayette received the parting salute of the military, and was escorted to the City Hotel, where apartments had been prepared for him.

The landing of Lafayette at New York took place on Monday, and on that and the three following days the city was alive with testimonies of respect to him. The Common Council caused the freedom of the city to be presented him in a golden box. Trades, societies of all kinds, the professions, associations, private individuals, and public authorities, vied with each other in doing him honor.

On Friday, the 20th, he left New York for Boston, via Connecticut, in a carriage provided by the corporation of the city. He was also attended by a committee of the Common Council, appointed to accompany him. The whole journey was a continual triumphal progress. Everywhere he met "hands with hearts in them."

Lafayette was met on the Massachusetts line by the aids of the Governor of the State, and his progress to Boston was no less imposing than the route through Connecticut and Rhode Island. By day he found all other business deferred to the happy duty of welcoming him; and by night, bonfires, illuminations and rockets, announced his progress. From the mansion of Governor Eustis, in Roxbury, he was attended by a numerous cavalcade to the city line, where a truly imposing procession awaited him, and the assembled citizens greeted him with prolonged acclamations. Here he was welcomed by the Mayor, in behalf of the city. The procession then passed through several of the principal streets, everywhere lined with spectators, and frequently arched, to the Common. The entrance to this public ground was made between two lines of the children of the public schools—the girls in white, and the boys in white trousers and blue jackets, and all wearing badges. The number of these young welcomers was about three thousand; and the occasion was made more interesting by the springing forward of a little girl, who, on her request to speak to Lafayette, was handed into his carriage, and presented him with a wreath of flowers, and a simple but touching poetic tribute.

After some days spent in Boston and its immediate vicinity, Lafayette proceeded as far east as Portsmouth, New Hampshire. Everywhere the same scenes awaited him; the heartfelt tribute of all ages and conditions. In Salem, which he took on his way to Portsmouth, the orator and president of the day was Judge Story.

From Portsmouth he returned to Boston, and thence, through the interior of Massachusetts and Connecticut, to New York. The old battle grounds of Concord, Lexington and other famous places, were visited. In Connecticut he was more formally received than was possible on his first hurried passage through; and at New York the enthusiasm of the people appeared unabated. The closing fete was a ball at Castle Garden, unexcelled in the ingenuity and happy heathery arrangements. After a hurried but delightful visit to the cities and towns upon the Hudson, Lafayette proceeded through New York on his way to Philadelphia. Through the state of New Jersey the same triumphal progress was made as in other places. The descendants of those who fired upon the battle grounds of the Revolution, led by the survivors of the glorious bands of worthies in that State, crowded forward to do him honor. At Trenton and Princeton the proceedings were truly imposing; and one noticeable incident in this state was a visit of several hours with Joseph Bonaparte.

The Governor of New Jersey had the pleasure of presenting to him the Governor of Pennsylvania; and on Monday, the 28th of September, the nation's guest entered the Keystone State, resting for the night at Frankford. To this place, distant about five miles from Philadelphia, it seemed as if the whole population of the city had repaired to meet him; and yet, as he approached, the crowd grew more and more dense. The progress from Frankford to the State House occupied over six hours. The head of the procession was composed of a cavalcade of citizens, after which came between two and three thousand infantry and cavalry, the whole number of soldiers in the procession being between five and six thousand. Then followed Lafayette in an open barouche, splendidly adorned and appointed, and followed by other carriages, in which rode the committees, public officers, and one hundred and twenty veterans of the Revolution. After these came the trades and other associations. This was a most imposing part of the pageant—the different artificers, led by the printers, at work upon an ode which they distributed, being engaged in their different avocations. The procession exceeded three miles in length.

The next remarkable and most imposing ceremonies took place upon the battle ground of Yorktown. The field was converted into a camp; and among the tents was that of Washington, and many others which saw service in the Revolutionary war. A triumphal arch, bearing the names of Lafayette, Hamilton and Laurens, was erected on the spot where once stood the redoubt stormed by Lafayette; and on the spot where stood that carried by the French an obelisk was erected bearing the names of illustrious Frenchmen. On this classic field no pageantry was attempted. As was happily remarked by General Taylor, who made the address, the associations of such a scene admitted no attempt at embellishments. On the very spot where the redoubt was stormed, General Taylor was prepared, at the end of his address, to place a blended civic and martial wreath; but the considerate veteran, while he gracefully acknowledged the high compliment, as gracefully averted its consummation; and taking the expressive coronal in his hand called forward Colonel Fish, the only other survivor of the attack upon the redoubt, and insisted that half the honor belonged to him.

The illustrious men of the "Old Dominion," vied with each other in honor and hospitality to the man who so gallantly defended their soil. After a week delightfully spent with Jefferson, and a visit to Mr. Madison at his seat, Lafayette was called to Washington, to meet the successors in Congress of those who welcomed and honored him forty years before. The Congress of 1824 paid him no less respect than did the Congress of 1784. He was introduced to the House and Senate in joint session by a committee of twenty-four members on the tenth of December; and the address of the speaker, and reply of Lafayette, eloquently contrasted the condition of the country at the two epochs marked by Lafayette's visits. He had previously been received by the Senate, the members rising as he entered. On Monday, December 21st, a bill passed the Senate, granting Lafayette two hundred thousand dollars and a township of land, for his services in the Revolution; and on the next day the bill passed the House.

On the 1st of March, 1825, Lafayette left Washington on his southern tour. He traveled from Washington to Charlestown and thence to New Orleans overland—to St. Louis, Cincinnati, Pittsburg, Buffalo, and Albany, which city he reached on the 16th of June. Through the whole of the long route of four thousand miles, he met the same cordial reception.

On the 17th of June Lafayette was present at the laying of the corner-stone of Bunker Hill Monument.

After the laying of the corner-stone of the Bunker Hill Monument, he spent several months in visits to various interesting points, as Brandywine, and the battlefields in Virginia, and in the exchange of courtesies with the personal friends of the old time and the new. He was accompanied to Virginia by Mr. Monroe, then president, in a visit to the two ex-presidents, Jefferson and Madison. Returning to Washington on the 8th of September, 1825, the president, in the name of the nation, took leave of him in an impressive and deeply affecting address; and he embarked on board the steamer which was to convey him, the Brandywine frigate, which was waiting for him in the Chesapeake.

The Brandywine, upon his embarkation on the 9th, immediately made sail for France. This frigate, which was upon the stocks when Lafayette arrived in the country, was finished and named, with a view to the honorable service of conveying home the nation's guest. He arrived at Havre on the 4th of October.

There is an excitement in building up houses and knocking them down again.

The "Salt Rub."

As a complexion beautifier the "salt rub" is pronounced excellent by those who ought to know. It is easily taken, and for weakly children or those growing too fast it is most strengthening. Many private hospitals are introducing it in their tonic treatment. Any coarse salt will answer, the sea-salt being preferred, however, and it is applied moist, but not in solution. Make, in an earthen jar, a sort of slush of salt and water, and taking it up in handfuls apply all over the person, rubbing on briskly. Afterwards spray or sponge with clear water and dry with bath-towel. Very young children should be sponged off with salt water, the strength of the solution being according to its effect upon the skin. Afterwards they should be wiped over with a soft cloth dipped in clear water. The effect of invigoration is prompt and the results soon apparent in the glow and smoothness of the complexion.

For Autumn Wear.

For autumn wear, beige and deep Tuscan yellow of rough straw braids, trimmed with green velvet and shaded velvet geranium or nasturtium blossoms, in all their glowing colorings, will be a favored combination. The Duchess of Devonshire hats still flood the market—these turned up at an acute angle on one side and in a downward curve on the other. While it is a becoming shape for many faces, it has not sold well, say the importers, because it was likely to become very common. But no one need refuse them on this account, if they really admire them, for the sailor hat has undeniably proved a hundred times more common, or, to use a better word, "universal," than those less familiar shapes. The popularity of some articles of dress is so great and so lasting that one ceases to judge them by a standard that rules in modes less universally adopted.

Lemon juice applied with a camel's hair brush, night and morning, will remove freckles; that is, if the freckles are not of too long standing.

THE WEATHER.

Sun rises—5:54; sets, 5:07.
Moon rises—2:40 p. m.
High tide—5:30 a. m.; 9 p. m.

The unsettled conditions that gave promise of extending to New England have changed their course, and excepting that there may be some cloudiness tonight or Wednesday morning, fair and generally clear weather seems most likely to continue. It now promises to be warmer during the next 24 or 36 hours, followed by cooler westerly winds Wednesday afternoon or night.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FLOWER POTS.

We have a lot of them and will sell them cheap. All sizes from 3 cents up. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 61 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Dominion, Anchor, Allan, Red Star, French and German lines, sailing from Boston and New York to Liverpool and Queenstown. Money sent to Ireland, England and all parts of the world. Canada bills bought at Murphy's Steamship Agency, 16 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

Buy a Jacob Doll high grade piano.

The Middlesex Coal Co. sell good coal.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central street.

Save interest and cost by paying your taxes at once.

City Clerk Dadman has returned from Montreal.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 439-4.

I can save you money if in need of a watch. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

Library trustees did not meet last night, owing to the inability of all the members to be present.

Do you burn coal? W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike St., will sell you some coal that will burn.

MASTER BARBERS.

The Master Barbers met in the Arlington hotel last night and elected five new members. The next meeting will be held next Monday night.

BICYCLE RACE.

The bicycle race which was to have come off between Keegan and Stafford on last Saturday was postponed on account of the rain. It will be run off Saturday at 2 p. m.

ANOTHER WORKINGMEN'S CLUB.

Another so-called "Workingmen's" club has been organized. It is called a "Labor" club and its labor will consist of working for the republican party in the municipal campaign.

TELL THE POST OFFICE.

Soldiers who change their residence will save confusion by notifying the post office. The state money due the various soldiers is addressed to the wives of the soldiers and in many cases the letter carriers have trouble in finding them.

AYER HOME MEETING.

A special meeting of the board of patrons of the Ayer Home was held Monday afternoon for the purpose of making arrangements for the Thanksgiving party to be held at the home in November for the benefit of the home.

BRITISH AMERICANS.

The British Americans' association held its regular meeting last night with a good attendance. After considerable discussion it was voted that in wards 1 and 4, an injustice was being done in wanting to name representatives to the general court in stead of wards 2 and, Chelmsford.

BULL DOGS MEET.

Jim Gilligan, the wrestler, who claims Haverhill as his residence, went to Lawrence yesterday with several companions and a bull dog, says the Haverhill Gazette. They were doing the saloons at the lower end of Essex street when the bull dog got mixed up with another dog owned by Luke Collins, the grocer, which precipitated a general row in which Gilligan was the aggressor. The finish was Gilligan's arrest for drunkenness and disturbance by fighting.

Bystanders who witnessed the affair say that Gilligan's dog pitched into the one owned by Mr. Collins. The latter was attempting to separate them when he was assaulted by Gilligan. Marshal Murphy happened along, and arrested the Haverhill man. Gilligan has the reputation of being one of Haverhill's "bad men," but made no resistance when placed under arrest. Mr. Collins has been summoned as a witness.

FRIDAY NIGHT CLOSING.

James S. Hastings and Charles Storey continued their work in the movement yesterday and added quite a number of names to the list. They found that there was some feeling among the storekeepers because of the fact that some of those whose names appeared on the agreement, kept open last Friday night. This was readily explained by the statement that when the list was taken around, it was not expected that the stores were to close until Friday of this week.

The clerks of Lowell are invited to attend the meeting called for tonight. The impression that employers are opposed to such a meeting is incorrect. The employers are lending their support to the Friday night closing movement.

Alex. Abels has signed the document. Mr. Dickey of Middlesex street did so unsolicited. The men's furnishing stores it is understood, will be in line for Friday night.

MATRIMONIAL.

PARR—OXLEY.

A. Parr, shipping clerk with Pike's market and Bessie Oxley, waitress in Putnam's dining rooms, were married at 3.30 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the residence of Rev. E. T. Curnick, D. D., pastor of the Worthen Street M. E. church. At 5 o'clock the happy couple left for a week's trip to Worcester, Norwich, Conn., and New York City. On their return they will reside in Church street.

Dr. Colburn DENTIST 81 Merk St.

ROYAL ARCANUM

SOME IMPORTANT EVENTS ARE PLANNED BY LOWELL COUNCIL.

The Royal Arcanum has the largest membership in Lowell of any of the fraternal beneficiary societies, having over 1,000 members; and has in its ranks many of the most prominent and influential men in the city.

All of the four local councils and the one at North Billerica are wide awake and a credit to the order.

The largest and oldest council in the city, Lowell Council, No. 8, with over 500 members, is especially progressive and its events are a feature of Lowell's fraternal society life.

At the next meeting of Lowell Council, to be held on Thursday evening, Oct. 20th, Mr. Geo. H. Taylor, president of the common council and a member of Lowell Council, will give a talk upon incidents of his recent trip abroad and all members of the order are invited to attend the meeting.

On the evening of Thursday, Nov. 17, Major J. W. Reilly, commandant of the Watertown Arsenal, Watertown, Mass., and a member of the Royal Arcanum, will deliver a lecture upon members and friends of Lowell Council, No. 8.

Another Royal Arcanum event of especial local prominence is now being arranged to take place in this city on the evening of Nov. 3d. On this date, there will be held at Odd Fellows' Temple, 84 Middlesex street, a reception and union public meeting of an elaborate nature. The affair will be held under the auspices of the Grand Council of Massachusetts, Lowell Council No. 8, Highland Council No. 970, North Billerica Council No. 1323, Centralville Council No. 1721, and Industry Council No. 1722.

Supreme officers and the full board of grand officers of Massachusetts will be present. The officers and members of councils in Andover, Lawrence, Haverhill and Methuen have been invited to attend, and it is expected that large delegations will come from these places.

The program will consist of a reception to supreme and grand officers and the other guests in the reception hall, opposite the lodge room from 7 to 7.30 p. m., concert by the Bradford Ladies' Home orchestra of Haverhill (favorites in Lowell) in the concert hall from 7.30 to 8. Exercises in the concert hall will commence at 8 o'clock. The Oxford Musical club of Salem, a popular organization, and the Bradford orchestra, will entertain. The speakers will be one of the supreme officers and the grand regent of the state, Mr. Alonzo G. Walsh of Lowell. Admission is by ticket and the affair will be confined to members of the order and their gentlemen friends. Tickets will be issued and further information given as soon as details are arranged.

Mayor James W. Bennett, a member of Lowell Council No. 8, and an enthusiastic Arcanumite, has consented to assume the chairmanship of a large reception committee for the occasion, which will soon be selected. The general committee in charge of the event is as follows: Regent A. H. Stanley and Secretary F. A. Wilcox of Lowell Council, No. 8, Regent G. A. Barnes and Secretary F. McKee of Highland Council No. 970, Regent J. W. Broadbent and Secretary John Hughes of North Billerica Council, No. 1323; Regent L. W. Bixby and Secretary H. L. Bishop of Centralville Council No 1721, Regent John J. Hogan and Secretary W. J. Reardon of Industry Council No. 1722, and A. W David

TO HIGHER AUTHORITY.

CASE OF HAVERHILL L. L. & H. EMPLOYES TO BE TAKEN TO SUPREME COURT.

Lawyer Goldwaite, the attorney for the Haverhill ex-employes of the L. L. & H. R. R. corporation, says that he has prepared a petition in the interest of his clients, which will be presented to the supreme court, praying this judicial body to take action relative to the legality of the railroad corporation compelling its employes to procure their bonds from a certain company.

The ex-employes believe that the corporation has no right to compel its employes to take such action, and feel that any reliable bond is sufficient to meet all requirements, and that their act of compulsion is simply an unjust imposition. The ex-employes will fight the issue to the end and have confidence in their ability to win a verdict favorable to their interests.

The ex-employes of the company, having organized permanently under the name of the Union for Protection, with the object of abolishing the system of bonding working men, introduced by the said street railway company, by organized effort they hope to stamp out that bond system by bringing the matter before the higher courts, seeking therein a decision compelling the abolition of the system. In addition they propose to bring it into the state legislature and aim to secure by all honorable means, the passage of a law preventing the unjust bonding of the working men by corporations.

CRISP GOSSIP.

Merrimack Square has again renewed its attractive appearance after one o'clock each day, when it is bedecked with rosy cheeked High school girls, awaiting their cars at the corner. And with the return of the girls, I am pleased to note, comes the Textile school Apollo who attends nearly all of them in turn, completing the picture of last year.

The sight of an American flag union down may indicate the state of affairs within the Prescott mill, from one of the windows of which it floats. But then Congressman Knox says: "Cheer up; we can't all be happy. Never mind if the textile industry is starving, the farmers out west and down south are prosperous. Starve away and be happy. Don't hang the flag union down.

HE CAN HUNT NOW.

The employes of the Tremont & Suffolk wood-shop pleasantly remembered Henry Ashton, a second-hand employed in the same shop and presented him with a double-barrelled gun. The presentation was made by Overseer James Christie in a few well chosen words and in the presence of the other workmen of the shop.

Mr. Ashton leaves for Vermont, where he intends to start in business for himself.

O. H. Green will succeed him as second-hand.

Does Your Back Ache?

In constant pain when on your feet?

Is that dragging, pulling sensation with you from morn till night?

Why not put the medicine exactly on the disease? Why not apply the cure right to the spot itself?

You can do it with

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster

Immediately after the Plaster is applied, you feel its warming, soothing influence. Its healing remedies quickly penetrate down deep into the inflamed tissues. Pain is quieted, soreness is relieved and strength imparted.

No plaster was ever made like it. No plaster ever acted so quickly and thoroughly. No plaster ever had such complete control over all kinds of pain.

Placed over the chest it is a powerful aid to Ayer's Cherry Pectoral; relieving congestion and drawing out all inflammation.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

FOOT BALL.

THE PALMERS LEAD AS RESULT OF ENCOUNTER WITH GLENMORES.

The result of Saturday's Glenmore-Palmer game will have a tendency to reduce the opinion the former team has, or really did have, of itself. Before they met the Palmers, it is understood, the Glenmores intended to play only college and leading out-of-town teams. It was a condescension in their belief to come down to the Palmers on Saturday and it is now possible that they are sorry for their "come down."

The North common may be the scene of the Atlantic-Tiger game, which it is announced, will take place next Saturday. Willis' inability to be present because of his name being prominent in the Glenmore cast, was likely the primary reason for the failure to call play last Saturday and the Northerners feel sore as a result.

The Donnelley project is meeting with but little encouragement, notwithstanding that it is a very creditable and generous one. The intended donor of the prize may retract his offer if the responses to the call do not come in more rapid.

The Fair Grounds would be the only fit place for the Palmers and Glenmores should they meet again. Saturday's game at Atherton did more to promote the game than a ward bag overloaded with talk.

Ex-Mayor Charles D. Palmer was one of the most interested spectators who witnessed the game at Atherton. He officiated as time keeper and although zac,otdlnaktotlasaldM, lamz -Abvaa the Palmers were so named in his honor both teams received an equal chance and all the players are of the opinion that he is a thorough sportsman.

Mike Keegan late of the Ledgers, has receive this "walking pacers," from that organization.

The Ledgers are gaining prominence by their brilliant playing of late. Thos. Maloney, the ex-African missionary, has been substituted for Mike Keegan and is doing more justice to the position to which he has been delegated.

The Atlantics are in a peculiar position, inasmuch as they cannot play when the Glenmores "come out," because of the fact that their personnell is practically the same as that of the latter team.

MUSIC HALL

It is over a quarter of a century since I first saw the play of "Kit, the Arkansas Traveler," and like old wine it improves with age. This romantic drama has always been a big drawing card and is full of interesting scenes. This play was for years presented by F. L. Chanfrau and it has been handed down from sire to son and the present Chanfrau is full as good as Kit as his father was in the leading role. The drama portrays the life of the backwoodsman and big-hearted and kind old Kit showed just how happy a person can be when away from the snares and temptations of city life. Mary Reding is person on whom the weight of the whole play rests. Manal Bond, a bad man, seems to be bent on hunting her down and destroying her future happiness. He appears at the ranch and abducts her and her child, and when Kit returns from a hunting trip he finds that his wife and child are gone and he sets fire to the place and gives up the rest of his life to hunting down the villain and cause of all his misery. The entire play is a very interesting tale and there is just comedy enough in it to counteract the sadness of the tale. The judge and the major are the gayest old topers that a person would want to see, and in fact the whole company is strong in all the parts. The piece will be played tonight and tomorrow afternoon and evening.

FRED LOWE.

Fred Lowe, of 318 Central street, who has been reported missing from his home, has returned.

BOXING GOSSIP.

Bob Fitzsimmons, was refused a meal at the Gilsey House, New York, yesterday by James Breslin, the proprietor of the hotel. Fitzsimmons withdrew without making any scene, but he was very indignant This action on the part of the proprietor is due to the recent encounter between McCoy and Corbett in the corridor of the hotel. Mr. Breslin has placed himself on record against pugilists making their headquarters in his hotel. A few weeks ago he ordered Tom O'Rourke from the hotel.

After being laid up for three weeks with a fractured ankle, received in his fight with Bonner, Dan Creedon, the erstwhile antipodean champion, middleweight, is once more about. He limps badly, and walks with a cane. He expects to be in good shape in two weeks and will ask for another chance against Bonner. There are many who think Creedon is Bonner's equal, and he will have little trouble in securing backing if another match is arranged.

It is said on good authority that the dove of peace does not hover over the Daly-Fitzgerald training camp; that fighter and manager have been on the verge of a separation, and that the latter would like to manage Lavigne again. Daly will hardly ever be the lightweight champion.

It is more apparent than ever that all the "champions," are deliberately steering clear of Sharkey.

It is worthy of note that amid all the present noise, Fitzsimmons, like Bre'r Rabbit, is lying low.

Tommy Ryan, who has been the undoubted welterweight champion of the world for years, or as long as he chose, to retain that title, is going into the middleweight division openly and avowedly.

Manager Teller, who is looking after the interest of Adali, the new "Terrible Turk," has received an acceptance of the Turk's challenge, from Jenkins, the Cleveland wrestler. Jenkins stood off Yousouf one hour and twenty minutes, and will be a formidable opponent for the "Sultan's favorite." The match will take place at Madison Square garden on November 5th.

Jim Corbett is now challenging any old fighter through the New York Journal as follows:

To the Editor of the Journal:

I hereby challenge any man in the world to meet me in a contest of limited rounds or to a finish, the fight to take place before the club offering the largest purse. I have now $2500 in the hands of Al. Smith, and my manager, George F. Considine, will deposit $2500 more with him tomorrow.

The public is aware that I did everything in my power to get Mr. McCoy into the ring, but failed utterly. I now regard him as worse than a forlorn hope. Why he should have backed out of a meeting with me when he had a chance to win $20,000 and almost immediately sign to fight Maher for half that amount is something I would like to have explained by him. He will not do it because he would have to admit that he was a coward.

I have no matches in sight with anyone, so the first man who covers my money will be the first man accommodated. I am in excellent condition, and will be ready to step into the ring three weeks after the date of signing articles. Moreover, one fight will not satisfy me. I am after every man who thinks he can make it interesting for me, and bar no one. Just as soon as I finish with one opponent, I will be ready to sign with another. It is a case of "the more the merrier," with me now. I am tired of getting in with a lot of fakirs and indulging in talk. That kind of thing is tiresome to the public and to me, and I refuse to be a party to any more of it. I hope Fitzsimmons, Sharkey, Jeffries and the rest of the ambitious ones will take notice that my money is up, and all they have to do is to cover it instead of breaking into print.

NASHUA STREET RAILROAD.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Nashua Street Railway company was held at the office of the company on Monday. Among those present were Percy Parker, August Fels, E. A. Smith and H. Holden of Lowell. President John A. Fisher presided and John P. Coggin acted as clerk. The following board of directors was elected for the ensuing year: John A. Fisher, August Fels, Percy Parker, E. M. Tucke, F. C. Anderson, E. A. Smith and Miles F Brennan; John P Goggin clerk and Percy Parker, treasurer Following a dinner at the Tremont House, the party took carriages and rode over the different lines.

PERSONAL.

Albert E. Lunan and George Taylor are in New York.

James Henry Willey, cadet on the U. S. Enterprise, is visiting his grandfather, Prof. G. F. Willey at his country house.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. McOsker with Miss Mary McOsker and Miss Mary J. Keenon of this city have returned from a delightful trip to New York. They took in Saratoga and the Hudson scenery and visited the Iowa at Tompkinsville. Gunner George Charette took the Lowell party all over the battleship.

Miss Mamie Mulhearn of Fitchburg is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Brady of Adams street. Miss Mulhearn is a cousin of John Cuff's, of P. H. Savage's.

SERIOUS CHARGE.

AGAINST JAMES VALGARIS A GREEK NOW UNDER ARREST.

Jas. Valgaris, a Greek, was arrested by Inspector Leflamme and Allen yesterday on Market street, for alleged rape the complainant being Delina Pepin, 10-year-old daughter of Theodore Pepin of 344 Suffolk street.

It is alleged that Valgaris visited the home of the child last Thursday and in the absence of the parents, perpetrated the crime.

Complaint was made at the police station and the inspectors locating him at the Greek colony 55 Market street. Valgaris was in some time ago for assault and battery on Officer Lennon and is regarded as a bad man.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1886.

SEAL. A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

PLEASANT SURPRISE.

FOR TOM McLAUGHLIN AT HIS HOME IN NASHUA.

"Tom" McLaughlin had a pleasant surprise last Wednesday at his home in Little's Ferry, South Nashua. He has been under the weather ever since New Year's, but now seems to be improving. He has a beautiful farm and he should take comfort. As he sat on his broad veranda and gazed on the purple and green which mantled the woodlands of the Merrimack and followed its graceful windings until it was shut out from sight beyond the long bend at Tyngsboro, a little party walked up from the station and greeted him. It was "Little Rich," and his wife, and they have liked him for years, as hundreds of others have the brave brusque Irish lad, who was as true to his friends as the needle to its course. "Rich" had Tom's Irish horse, Agitator, a superb gray gelding with which he won cup and money and finally sold for a long price. He also had at one time Tom's sweet road mare which he sold to Mayor Clarke of Manchester. In fact these two men have been closely connected for years, and so the visit that summer afternoon was doubly pleasant. Tom's face lighted up often, and his old spirit was roused to new life. As we have said, his farm is beautiful and he has some excellent horses, among them Mackey Wilkes, and two colts out of Pansy Blossom by Glencoe Wilkes. Mackey Wilkes is a son of Red Wilkes, out of Lady Mackey, the dam of Oakland Baron, and Tom believes that he is as fast as anything outside Kentucky, which has not been developed.—L. G. Trott in "Trotter and Pacer."

BASE BALL.

Charles Dryden, the well known base ball writer in New York, sizes up the decline of base ball in that city as follows:

With the closing down of the present base ball season, the New York club occupies a position unique in the history of the national game, a game admired and supported by sport-loving people when the pastime is to their liking. Installed in the premier base ball city of the Union, this club, which is a legitimate business enterprise, conducted for revenue only, and representing at least a quarter of a million dollars, has lost heavily on the season. A majority of the twelve clubs depend upon New York. It is the financial keystone of the league, and with a pennant winning team here, silver would jingle in many an empty coffer around the circuit this winter.

But the club and its management rendered themselves unpopular and obnoxious as well, with the result that the public would not support the home team composed of young and old men who never lived here. As in the past, the season opened auspiciously. Nothing could stop the Giants. They would be heard of at every stage of the game. So they were. Before many weeks had gone the Giants bubbled and seethed, a belching vesuvius of riot, rowdyism, and rebellion, and they continued to bubble and seethe.

When not wrangling with umpires, the players rebelled against the management and against each other, and this state of disorder soon became apparent in the work on the field. Petty jealousies cropped out both at home and abroad and nearly every case of insurrection or riot ended in defeat for the team that should draw the clamorous multitudes to the Polo Grounds. Harmony of action is one of the essentials of a winning ball team. This the Giants lacked, and as a natural result the game suffered in quality and for want of support.

One of the chief causes of dissension is the presence of self-styled stars in the aggregation. There are a few of the older hands who are disposed to airs because of the alleged superior wisdom and attainments, and sometimes beauties of mind and persons. The youngsters, with reason, resented these assumptions, and ill-feeling was engendered, resulting in the formation of cliques that pulled one against the other. On the road, for instance, the star Giants demanded superior hotel accommodations. This meant an airy boudoir and a bath for the star, while the meek and lowly youngsters were stowed three in a room with naught but the keyhole for light and ventilation. All ball players are supposed to be equals in the pursuit of life, liberty and the pennant. The latter is difficult to attain under conditions that rend the team, as exemplified by the career of the Giants.

Base ball enthusiasts here are only too familiar with the many causes that chilled their interest and deadened the sport. These causes have been exploited more than enough during the season. As yet there is little prospect of reform. In another week base ball will be buried until spring, when the cranks awaken with renewed hope. Will the New York club repeat itself in 1899? The public has shown that it wants something different. More base ball and less rowdyism would be acceptable in a city that has supported the greatest of all open air sports in the past, and will do it again if given proper encouragement. Another season like the one dragging to a close and base ball in New York will be dead beyond the hope of resurrection.

MISS HARD'S

Shorthand School

Graduates recommended to business men. Thoroughly equipped typewriting department. Hildreth building. Call for Catalogue.

COMMUNICATION.

Editor of The Sun—The conventions of both parties have now been held, and we have for candidates excellent representatives of both parties, William S. Knox, lawyer, of Lawrence, and Joseph J. Flynn, workingman. As at least three-fourths of the voters are workingmen, it is only fair that they should have a candidate and they have one in this contest whom they may feel proud of. Contrast the two men for a moment and the workingmen can easily see the difference. When the 10 per cent. reduction of wages was made, the lawyer candidate said in effect: "That don't amount to much; only a small reduction anyway." But that workingman, Flynn, then a senator, asked for a committee to investigate this matter and see if the cut-down was necessary. This incident only shows the workingmen who their good friend is. The lawyer doesn't think such things amount to much, as they don't affect him at all; but the workingman knows far better than that. He knows too well that 90 cents will not buy as much coal or flour as a dollar and that is a matter of a great deal of importance to all workingmen. Now what do the thousands of workingmen in this district want—a lawyer or a workingman to look after workingmen's interests. Most certainly a workingman, and they have him in the person of Hon. Joseph J. Flynn. The lawyer has already been four years in congress. What has he done for the workingmen of his district? Nothing whatever. What does he care for them except for their votes? Nothing at all. See how he promised them prosperity "before the snow should fly," if they would vote for McKinley. See how those promises have been fulfilled. To be sure, this lawyer voted for the Dingley tariff bill which resulted in a very speedy reduction of 10 per cent. in our wages, which he does not think amounts to much. Happily we now have an opportunity to vote for one of our own, a real genuine workingman. We have given the lawyer four years and have seen what he has done. Now we will elect the workingman and see what he will do, for all workingmen know that no matter what his politics, all workingmen's interests are better looked after by a workingman than they would have been by a lawyer who doesn't think a 10 per cent. cut down amounts to much.

Workingman.

Hives are a terrible torment to the little folks and to some older ones. Easily cured. Doan's Ointment never fails. Instant relief, permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Cook, Taylor & Co.,

CENTRAL STREET.

DRESS GOODS.

Our immense stock of Plain Dress Materials is the largest and most complete we have ever shown, consisting of all the popular weaves of foreign and Domestic make, in all the newest fall shades. Low prices prevail on all of them. Our special offerings will be All-Wool Black Crepons, elegant goods, worth $1, at 49c. a yard. Another lot worth $1.75, at

$1.19 a Yard

Black German Finished Henrietta, 48 inches wide, extra heavy, regular prices 75c., 89c., and $1.00,

Now 49c. and 59c. a Yard

You are welcome to examine the display of Dress Fabrics, whether you are prepared to buy or not.

BLANKETS

AT ABOUT HALF PRICE. About 100 cases of Blankets at about half price. Bought at a low figure, we shall sell them at a very low price, 10x4 Grey or White Cotton Blankets, all perfect, worth 60c.,

At 35c. a Pair

Large size, extra quality Cotton Blankets, worth $1.50,

At 75c. a Pair

4 cases more 11x4 Wool Blankets, the same kind that caused such a furore when we offered the last lot. They are bound with wide silk and double row of stitching, red, pink or blue borders, a genuine $4 Blanket and the best bargain we or you ever saw, at

$2.95 Per Pair

And hundreds of other lots at $1.00, $1.25 $1.75, $1.98, $3.69, $4.50, $5.00 and up as high as $12 per per pair.

4—QUEENS OF PALMISTRY—4

32 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

10 CENTS. 10 CENTS.

These are the Palm Readers selected by Mr. O. H. P. Belmont for his Gray Craig Lawn Party Aug. 5, 1898. They read the palms of the 400. Are they good enough for you? **ADMISSION FREE.** Fortunes told by the world's best palmists for 10c. No humbug. A. L. MORRELL, Manager.

MILLINERY FACTS

That our efforts to present to the attention of the Ladies of Lowell a handsome line of Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, that are stylish and dressy, and at the same time reasonable in price, have met with their approval is evident by the large number we have sold the past week. For this week we shall offer the finest lines of **BONNETS, TOQUES, TURBANS** and **LARGE HATS** ever shown in Lowell for from **$5.00** to **$7.00** that will cost you from $7 to $12 in any other store in the city. Nice line of Walking Hats, Children's Dress Hats and Tams. Ostrich Wings, Ornaments and Fancy Feathers at the same small margin of profit. Best goods, small profits and quick sales is our motto. Come in when you want anything in Millinery. We can save you money.

HEAD & SHAW, THE MILLINERS.

169 MERRIMACK STREET.

P. F. Devine's Branch, 88 Merrimack Street.

BAGS, TRUNKS, DRESS SUIT CASES

In fact everything the well equipped traveler requires, at special "OPENING" prices. Our Middlesex street store is not abandoned. In both stores a full and complete line of latest style leather goods.

ROOFING.

For $1.00 I send material, ready for use, to stop leak in any roof. For $2.25 I ship 100 square feet of new roofing that anybody can apply. For $1.00 I ship sufficient dark red roofing paint to cover 1000 square feet of tin or iron.

WRITE AT ONCE FOR CATALOGUE.

SAMPLES MAILED FREE IF YOU STATE SIZE AND CONDITION OF ROOF
Agents Wanted, G. E. GLINES, 131 West Broadway, New York

HARVARD $1000.00 PURE BEER

A Tip.

If you drink Beer, we want to call your attention to one fact. Cheap Beer needs little or no advertising. The dealer makes more money on each barrel by selling it to you, the profit is the inducement. Good, Pure Beer costs more money, the dealer makes less on it as you pay the same. You can get the best by going to the right dealer and insisting on having HARVARD. It comes in wood or glass, as you wish.

HARVARD BREWING CO.

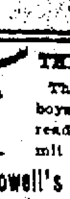
LOWELL, MASS., U.S.A.

We Brew Pure Ale in Our Ale Brewery.

SECOND HAND PAPERS.

Other local papers which c y each edition of The Sun and come out with the same news several hours later are second hand papers. If you want to get the news while it is hot, you must buy the Lowell Sun.

THE LOWELL SUN



THEY ALL ADMIT IT.

The news agents, the newsboys, the merchants and the reading public promptly admit that THE SUN is

Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

22ND YEAR — LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1898. — 8 PAGES 1 CENT

SUN LATEST

FIVE O'CLOCK.

THE PHILIPPINES

Are Causing Peace Commissioners Much Trouble.

Madrid Reports That Peace Negotiations are Not Progressing Satisfactorily.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Oct. 11.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from Paris says that the United States and Spanish peace commissioners are at entire variance regarding the question of the disposition of the Philippine Islands and that they have referred the matter to their respective governments.

NOT SATISFACTORY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Madrid, Oct. 11.—The semi-official Correspondencia today, touching upon the negotiations now in progress at Paris says:

"Well informed circles assert that the peace negotiations are not proceeding satisfactorily. Senor Montero Rios has written asking for new instructions to enable him to come to an agreement with the American commissioners. His letters have been read at a meeting of the cabinet and the ministers have agreed upon the terms of new instructions which will be sent before tomorrow's mailing of the commissioners. A minister has expressed the opinion that probably the Philipines question will not be discussed, as the Americans are also waiting for instructions.

"Senor Montero Rios writes daily to Senor Sagasta and the foreign office regarding the work of the commission."

The minister of war, General Correa, has received a despatch from General Rios, the Spanish commander in the Philippine Islands, announcing victory in the Vizatas Islands over the insurgents from the Island of Luzon, who are said to have lost 122 men killed and many wounded besides losing all their guns, several cannon and a quantity of ammunition.

General Rios adds that he considers the rebellion in the Vizatas Islands to be ended and he asserts that the natives do not respond to the appeals of the insurgents.

THE DATE IS FIXED

When United States Will Control Cuba.

On December First We Will Take Full Charge of the Island Both Military and Governmental.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 11.—The American commissioners have notified the Spanish authorities in Havana that the United States will assume entire control, military and governments of the island of Cuba December 1st. The same control will be exercised in Porto Rico October 18th.

ANNUAL MEETING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Concord, N. H., Oct. 11.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Concord & Montreal railroad, was held in this city this morning. The proceedings are without incident.

The following directors received 17,031 votes each, and were elected for the ensuing year:

Frederick S. Smith of Manchester; Benjamin A. Kimball of Concord; John H. Pearson of Concord; Walter M. Parker of Manchester; John A. White of Concord; Alpha J. Pillsbury of Tilton, Charles E. Tilton of Tilton; Samuel S. Kimball of Concord; Chares E. Morrison of Boston, Lewis C. Pattee of Lebanon; Frank Jones of Portsmouth; Noah S. Clarke of Manchester; Hiram N. Turner of St. Johnsbury, Vt.

DEATHS.

GINTY—Mary C. Ginty, aged 20 years, died yesterday at her home, 10 Walnut street after a long and severe illness. Deceased was one of the well known and estimable young ladies of St. Peter's parish and previous to her last illness, was in the employ of Knox & Charlton as clerk. With the church societies and their members she was particularly well known and always bore an enviable name for generosity, cheerfulness and piety. Through her untiring efforts many religious entertainments were rendered very successful. She was born in Lowell and always resided here. Her father is Philip Ginty, the well known slater. Besides her parents, she is survived by several younger brothers, one of whom is Joseph Ginty of the Lowell Cadet band.

LOGUE—Mary Ann Logue, aged 24 years, died this morning at her home in Collinsville. Besides her parents, James and Bridget Logue, she leaves one brother, Michael, and a sister, Bridget. Funeral will be held Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

MAHAN—Leo, infant son of Patrick and Mary Mahan, died this morning at his parents' home, 26 Manchester street.

OFFICERS CHOSEN.

The following are the names of the commissioned officers and sergeants for the '99 battalion:

Commissioned officers: Colonel, John Rogers; lieut.-colonel., Dana B. Whipple; major, Harold Varnum, Charles Kelley, Robert Faulkner, William D. Bagley, R. B. Walsh, J. Douglass Rivet, Royal Hope, Richard M. Lawton, Warren W. Fox, Charles Stevens, Walter B. Tyrrell, Walter E. H. Wilson.

Sergeants, Tennyson Simpson, Harry E. Clay, Arthur W. Wells, Winfred C. McBrayne, Percy J. Wilson, F. W. Cates, Lester A. Russell, Arthur E. French, Charles E. Cooke, J. M. O'Donoghue, F. E. Atkinson, Percy Perkins, Oliver Stevens, James E. Gilligan, E. Cahill, John Scannell, Luther E. Gilmore H. E. Thompson, John Perry, A. W. Cashin, Herbert W. Goddard, Fred N. Russell, John N. Drury, O. H. Cilley, H. S. Woodman, Jackson Palmer, A. W. Staples, Frank O'Sullivan, James Craig, Frank Scannell, David T Mackey, Walter E. Hadley, John Sullivan, Paul Ladd, Herbert Webster.

Tomorrow an exciting game of foot ball will be played by the Lowell High and the Mitchell's Boys' school.

The High school eleven are as follows: Cronin, f. b.; Captain McLaughlin, h. b.; White, h. b.; Morrison q b.; Foster, ends; Gallaghers, ends; Jewett, r. f.; Woods, l. f.; Davis, r. g.; Haden, c; Cashen, g.

SLOAN' WINS EASILY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Oct. 11.—At the first day's racing of the New Market second October meeting today, the two year old course nursery plate (handicap) of 200 sovereigns, was won by Mr. Pio Torterolos La Uuruguru. The Lorillard-Beresford stables bay gelding Manatee, ridden by Tod Sloan, finished second.

The New Market Oaks of not less than 500 sovereigns was won by Sir J. Miller's bay filly Santhia, with Tod Sloan up.

The Clearwell stakes of 30 sovereigns was won easily by the Lorillard-Beresford stables Calman, ridden by Tod Sloan.

IT IS INCREASING

Yellow Fever is Spreading in the South.

THE TOTAL NUMBER OF CASES IS 470

And There Have Been 36 Deaths.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 11.—The reports to the Marine hospital service today show the yellow fever in the south is steadily increasing. The officials state the increase in the fever district is likely to be continued until cold weather sets in and this is thought to be at least three weeks off in the region most affected. The despatches received here report the total number of cases to be 470 with 36 deaths since the epidemic broke out. Yellow fever was reported to have occurred at Lake Charles, La., in a despatch from Dr. Edmund Sushan of New Orleans. At Franklin, La., there are 28 new cases and no deaths. Following are the Mississippi reports of new cases for today:

Jackson, 2 white cases; 1 negro; total 3.

Canton 4; Srystal Spring, 4; Madison, 5 white, 10 negroes, total, 15; Harrison, 14; making 65 in all now under treatment; Badgeland 1; Norwood 6, one death; Oxford, one case.

THREE HOTELS

SAID TO HAVE BEEN CAUGHT BY POLICE OR SPOTTERS.

It was rumored yesterday afternoon that the Morrimac, Farragut, and Washington Houses would be complained of to the commissioners at their meeting tonight for alleged violations of the law by selling liquor on Sunday. At the police station yesterday morning, nobody seemed to know anything about the affair, or at least not when The Sun reporter made inquiries.

The alleged cases were worked out by two supernumerary officers recently appointed and consequently not well known, whose names are Robinson and Atwood, and it is said Officer Noye, the Portuguese police officer, who has been in the department some time, but who would not be known but to few, in citizen's clothing. These men in citizen's dress visited certain hotels and their superiors claim that they got "good cases" at each of the places mentioned. Just what their tactics were is not known. On their second visit to one place, Capt. Kew and Lieut. Brosnan accompanied them, all in citizen's clothes. They were refused and the spotters claimed that they had procured a drink there earlier in the evening. The proprietor stated that he had been away all day that he had left strict orders to his clerks not to sell unless to guests.

It is rumored on the street that the move is made in the interest of Mayor Bennett's fight for a re-nomination by bringing three new licensees into the field before the caucuses.

It is also rumored that the affair will simply amount to a transfer of the hotel licenses to the rum syndicate who now control nearly all the other hotels and who have thus far been exempt from police or spotter espionage, although they are known to sell rum openly every Sunday. It will be interesting to note if the syndicate wins.

James F. O'Donnell,

UNDERTAKER.

Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables

MARKET ST., COR. WORTHEN.

JOHN F. WILLIAMS

The Well Known Truant Commissioner Is Dead.

PASSED AWAY AT HIS HOME LAST NIGHT.

He was a Well Known Citizen.

John F. Williams, truant commissioner, died last night at his home, 21 South Canton street.

Mr. Williams had been ailing for some time but was not confined to his home until about two weeks ago. He was attacked with congestion of the lungs and was obliged to take to his bed. Toward the latter part of last week, it was reported that he was feeling much better and would be able to resume his duties in a short time. Last night he sat up in his chair and was enjoying conversation with the members of his family. About 10.40, he became restless and a change in his condition was noticed and word was sent to Dr. Sanders, who lives nearby. He came as quickly as possible, and when he arrived at 10.45, Mr. Williams was dead.

John F. Williams was 45 years old. He was born in Bethel, Conn., and came to Lowell about twenty years ago. On his arrival here he entered the employ of the firm of Cluff & Sweatt, masons, remaining with them until he became a fireman. In the fire of the Harris mill early in the eighties he had his leg broken and his skull crushed. In 1885 he was assigned to the position of truant officer, a position which he has since held.

His work in the school department has been thorough. This was recognized by the members of the school board, by the teachers, and in fact, by every one associated in any way with the city's educational institutions. Always courteous, thoroughly conscientious in his work, and a man who understood perfectly the duties of his position he made himself almost indispensable.

Mr. Williams was for 10 years superintendent of the Worthen Street Baptist Sunday school resigning this position about two years ago. He has for some time held the position of secretary of the church society, also a similar position in the Merrimack Valley association. He always took an active interest in church work and was much appreciated by the Worthen Street Baptist congregation.

He was a member of several fraternal organizations, being especially prominent in Masonic circles. He was secretary of the veteran firemen.

Besides his wife he leaves two daughters, Alice B., a graduate of the High school class of '97 and Florence E., a graduate of the class of '98, and two sons, Henry L., and Wallace N. Other relatives are living in Connecticut.

VIRGINIA'S HONOR.

ALL HER TROOPS KEPT IN FEDERAL SERVICE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Wheeling, West Va., Oct. 11.—West Virginia is alone among all the states of the union in enjoying the distinction of having all her troops kept in the Federal service. The First and Second regiments will be sent to Cuba and Porto Rico shortly and today the Fourth U.S.V. (Immunes) are to sail for Manzanillo, Cuba from Fernandina, Fla. The latter regiment was recruited in West Virginia, District of Colombia and Maryland.

Box Overcoats

NOW.

There'll be a sudden drop in temperature—bound to come soon. The man with a Fall Overcoat or Top Coat in readiness will be in ship-shape for the cool season.

Want the Handsomest $8 Coat In Town?

It's here in several shades and fabrics—at $10, $12 and $15. The productions of the most celebrated makers are fully represented here. Fine in every sense of the word. A choice of fabrics not surpasred in the best merchant tailoring stock. They are models of artistic tailoring. Fine in every sense of the word.

J. L. CHALIFOUX

49 TO 59 CENTRAL STREET.

FOUND—On Middlesex street, Lowell, Saturday, Oct. 8, a pocketbook containing a small sum of money. The owner can have by proving property. Address Box 44, Graniteville, Mass.

A COAL HOD Given away with one Pound of 60c. Tea at O'Brien Bros. Tea Dealers, 77 E. Merrimack street. Telephone connected. Free delivery.

STRIKE SPREADS

No Trouble Between Police and Strikers.

THERE IS GREAT EXCITEMENT IN PARIS.

Situation Not so War-like Since 1870.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 11.—In spite of the optimistic predictions of the end of the strike being near, the strike continues to spread. The bricklayers and wood carvers today decided to join the strikers. The city is perfectly quiet but the enormous increase in the strength of the garrison points to the fact that the government fears political rather than labor troubles.

The strikers' committee is a political and revolutionary organization and it is engineering the dispute as if it were a strike of the Proletariat. No conflict between the soldiers and the strikers has occurred. Not since 1870 has Paris looked so war like.

A number of young men of Lilly made a demonstration in front of the house of Duchess D'Uzes, on the Champs Elysees on Sunday. They were led by Prince Henry of Chartres and Count Sabran de Ponteves and cheered a passing squadron of cuirassiers with cries of "Vive l'Armee." Thence they proceeded to an anti-revisionist meeting, presided over by M. Millvoye, where they shouted "Vive le Roi." They afterwards dispersed.

TREASURER RESIGNS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Fall River, Mass., Oct. 11.—Treasurer Abbott Slade of the Laurel Lake mills, has resigned and Edward L. Anthony of the Border City mills, has been elected in his place. The mill is heavily in debt and the change was made, it is said at the instigation of certain banks, which did not care to renew the paper. It is another move in the direction of consolidating the management of local mills.

FUNERALS.

OAKES—The funeral of Earle Oakes took place this afternoon from the home of his parents on Common street. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

SCHOOL BOARD MEETING.

A special meeting of the school board will be held at 7.30 this evening to take action on the death of Truant Commissioner John F. Williams.

A STRIKE ORDERED

The Lasters of Rockland are Called Out.

FAILED TO AGREE ON PRICE LIST.

Secretary Ordered Out the Men.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Rockland, Mass., Oct. 11.—Secretary Higgins of the local lasters' union called out 40 members of the organization from Rice & Hutchin's factory here today. When the price list was presented to the firm two weeks ago, the committee saw Mr. Rice and agreement was reached pending the arrival of Mr. Hutchins who was away on his vacation. The latter returned yesterday and a conference was held last night which resulted in the secretary ordering a strike this morning. The men are feeling rather indignant with the firm as they claim the agreement made by Mr. Rice was a ruse to get the men to work until certain orders were completed. The strikers declare that the cutters were told early yesterday morning to "clean up," which some of them did last night and the remainder will have finished by tonight.

GEN. MIX DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Niles, Mich., Oct. 11.—Gen. Elisha Mix is dead at his home in Allegan, where he had lived 60 years. He was made a brevet brigadier general in the civil war. He was 60 years of age.

ACTING QUARTERMASTER.

A letter from Utuado states that Lieut. Thomas Talbot of Company M, Sixth regiment, will act as quartermaster at Arecibo until the quartermaster recovers from his present illness.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Designated Depository of the U. S.

TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK

Of Lowell.

DEPOSITS:

July 1, 1892.......................$ 50,798.46
Oct. 10, 1898.......................1,588,108.86

BANKING ROOMS:

Middlesex St, Cor. Post Office Avenue. C. J. Glidden Pres. Wm. F. Hills, Cashier

Putnam & Son

We Have a Definite Purpose,

Besides profit getting, in selling **ROGERS, PEET & CO.** suits for $12.00 and $15.00.

We want to induce men who have worn moderate priced ready-made to try the best ready-to-wear clothing in the world.

We know that a trial of this superior clothing will result in a greater general demand for it in the future, and for this reason we have virtually sacrificed the profits of a season to effect a wider introduction of these excellent goods.

200 Suits Made by Rogers, Peet & Co.,

Ten styles, the best fitting, the best tailored, the most stylish suits to be had ready-made. **COLLARS, LAPELS, and BUTTON HOLES FINISHED BY HAND,**

$12 and $15 a Suit.

The range of prices in winter suits is for all wool suits from **$5.00 to $25.00.**

PUTNAM & SON

166 Centra Street.

YELLOW FEVER

Another Case on the Steamer Banan

THE CASE DEVELOPED DURING THE NIGHT.

Passenger Now in Quarantine Station.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Philadelphia, Pa., Oct. 11.—The Norwegian steamer Banan, which put to sea yesterday from Reedy Island to Delaware Bay to bury a yellow fever victim, returned to the United States quarantine station at the Delaware Breakwater this morning with another suspicious case of sickness on board. The case developed during the night and the sick passenger was placed in the quarantine station at the Breakwater. The Banan will undergo a thorough disinfection and will probably be held at the Reedy Island quarantine station for several days.

TROOPS FOR MANILA.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 11.—General Merriam will send to Manila upon the transports Valencia and Ohio, the First Washington regiment and Battery A of the California Heavy Artillery. Col. Wholley of the Washington regiment has been instructed to make all necessary preparations for embarking his command on or about Tuesday, October 18.

The Senator will carry the 23rd battalion, the Oregon recruits and Battery D of the California Heavy Artillery. Men going on this expedition will not be compelled to subsist on the regular rations but considerable variety of food will be allowed on the voyage.

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Oct. 11—Forecast for Boston and vicinity: Generally cloudy weather with showers late tonight and Wednesday; cooler Wednesday night; southerly winds, becoming variable.

Last evening Protection lodge, No. 43, American Benefit society, held a very interesting meeting. There were three new applications for membership, and two members were re-instated. The matter of holding two meetings each month was discussed and finally adopted. Visiting Brother Jackson and Lady Twiss of Lodge No. 28 of Lawrence made some very fitting remarks on the good of the order. Remarks were made by President J. A. Jameson, Past President George F. Bowers, Vice President Mr. C. W. Mountford, Treasurer Mr. M. Meade, Collector J. B. Trueworthy, Secretary A. J. Howe, Prelate Mrs. A. J. Howe. The outlook for the fall and winter campaign in the interest of the society is very promising.

GENERAL BACON

Issues Orders for Troops to Get Ready

FOR IMMEDIATE SERVICE IN INDIAN TROUBLE.

Fourth and Seventeenth Infantry Under Orders.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Oct. 11.—Orders have been received at division headquarters here from General Bacon, in command of the Department of the Lakes, and the Dakotas, to have the Fourth Infantry at Fort Sheridan and the Seventeenth Infantry at Columbus Barracks, O., held in readiness for immediate service at the scene of the Indian trouble in Minnesota.

A CURTAILMENT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Fall River, Mass., Oct. 11.—It is understood among the mill men today that the agreement they have been working on for some time has been signed freely enough to ensure its success. Under the terms of it, the selling of strictly printing cloths will be placed in the hands two men and they will act from instructions given by five others. A curtailment of production of at least four and probably eight weeks, will be made before the first of February.

LIABILITIES $70,000.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Dover, N. H., Oct. 11.—The Dover Clothing company of this city, one of the largest establishments of its kind in the state, has made an assignment to A. G. Whittemore, receiver of the Dover National bank. It is understood the assignment was the result of the embarrassment of the Sawyer Woolen mills of Dover which failed earlier in the month for over a million, carrying with them the Plymouth Woolen mills and Somersworth Machine company. W. S. Bradley, the head of the clothing company, is a brother-in-law of ex-Governor Chas. Sawyer of the Sawyer mills. It is thought the liabilities will reach to $70,000. The amount of the assets is not known.

Part of the force of mechanics of the Somersworth Machine company have been paid off, owing to the assignment of the concern.

The assignees of the Sawyer Woolen company expect to make a statement for the benefit of the creditors Wednesday or Thursday.

A NURSE'S LUCK.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Oct. 11.—Miss Annie M. Fowler, who served as a Red Cross nurse in Cuba, is to be married today to Albert Van Shelle, a Belgian nobleman, delegate general of the Red Cross society on the staff of Leopold II Miss Fowler is the daughter of Dr. E. S. Fowler of Springfield, Ill.

THE SUN LATEST! 5 O'CLOCK

The Late SHERMAN HOAR, Whose Funeral Occurred Yesterday and Whose Remains were Cremated at Forest Hill Cemetery.

BODY CREMATED

Sherman Hoar's Remains Reduced to Ashes.

AFTER FUNERAL SERVICES AT CONCORD.

Gov. Wolcott Present at the Funeral.

Concord, Oct. 11—A short private service was held at the Hoar homestead by the family yesterday afternoon over the remains of the late Hon. Sherman Hoar, following which a public service took place in the Unitarian church. The Rev. Samuel Atkins Eliot of Cambridge presided assisted by the Rev. Henry King, rector of the Trinity Church, Concord. Woodson Hudson of Concord had charge of the arrangements and the ushers were Murray Ballou, R. R. Barrett, Capt. Gilmore, C. F. Heywood, G. S. Keyes, C. O. Pratt, D. W. Prescott, and D. F. Smith, all of Concord. The coffin was covered with broadcloth and lay in front of the old fashioned pulpit. Two silver plates bore the inscription: "Sherman Hoar, died Oct. 7, 1898, aged 33."

Gov. Wolcott was present with a large number of state, legal and other dignitaries, including Senator Hoar, Hon. Richard Olney, the Hon. C. S. Hamlin and others. The Massachusetts Volunteer Aid association was represented by its officers. The Middlesex club sent a delegation; the Chamber of Commerce sent a committee; the American Unitarian association sent a number of its officers; the town officially by the selectmen and unofficially by all the business men. Representatives from all over this and neighboring states were present.

The flowers were piled over the casket and pulpit. There were wreaths from the Concord company, roses from Mr. and Mrs. Barrett, roses from Mr. and Mrs. Rolfe, a wreath of roses from Colonel Taylor; carnations and roses from Mr. and Miss Taylor and other floral tributes from prominent people and organizations. The walls of the church were hidden by a mass of palms, ferns and cut flowers and intertwined about the hall were long festoons of asparagus fern.

The following classmates of Mr. Hoar at Harvard in 1852 acted as honorary pall bearers: William L. Putnam, Everett Jansen Wendell, Joseph R. Worcester, Richard M. Bradlee, the Rev. Robert Codman, Henry D. Warren, John H. Stover, Frederick M. Stover, Godfrey L. Cabot, Thomas C. Thacher, Frederic Warren and William C. Waite.

The Rev. Samuel A. Eliot, a life-long friend, delivered the eulogy, saying in part:

"Devoted to his friends, generous to his enemies, he carried with him the atmosphere of optimism. He had the large manly common sense that we Americans demand in the leaders we trust and follow, and with it a warmth of emotion which stirred our hearts. His Christianity was broad and practical. He did not seek to penetrate into the dark places of theology, but whatever good he found to go, he did it with his might.

"In the fullness of his powers, his early career of usefulness is suddenly arrested. The supreme sacrifice to patriotism and to honor is bravely paid. He has left us the inspiration of that which the grave cannot inclose or death itself disintegrate—the solid substance of firm-knit character, the stimulus of high endeavor."

The body was left in the church after the services and remained there over night with a guard. In the morning the body, accompanied by members of the family will be taken to Boston and cremated at the Forest Hills cemetery, after which the ashes will be brought to Concord and deposited in the family lot at Sleepy Hollow cemetery.

TRIED TO LYNCH HIM

The 12th. New York Men on War Path.

Tried to Break Into a Jail to Lynch a Prisoner Who Shot One of Their Number.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 11.—When the 7.30 p. m. Louisville train started for town last night a crowd of 300 members of the 12th New York was at the depot to meet it. They were armed and coming to try to get Albie Kitchen from the jail and shoot him. Kitchen is the provost guard who shot and instantly killed Private Henry Nygren, Company B, 12th New York, Sunday night. The operator at the station wired to the division headquarters in the camp, and General Wiley wired back instructing the train to be held. He sent a battalion to the scene of the trouble under Captain Holbrook, adjutant general on General Wiley's staff. Captain Holbrook ordered all peaceful soldiers to return to the camp. A corporal spoke up and said: "All who do are cowards."

Captain Holbrook asked him to what regiment he belonged und he answered: "The Big Four."

Captain Holbrook told him that was no way to speak to an officer. The soldier made some reply and Holbrook grabbed him by the arm. The soldier tore away, leaving his coat sleeve in the captain's hands, and drawing a gun, shot at Holbrook. The bullet missed the captain. The corporal then crawled under a car. Lieutenant Langdon followed him and was shot at twice. The soldier escaped. Many the of 12th New York regiment had to be clubbed into submission.

The Eighth Massachusetts regiment was placed as special guard around Camp Hamilton.

Later a report reached town that a mob was forming in town. The entire 160th Indiana was sent to the town about 11 o'clock. A guard of fifty men was placed around the jail, and the jailer, sheriff and deputies, armed with Winchesters, are protecting the prison.

Kitchen is badly scared and fears yet that he will be lynched.

Colonel Guner of the 160th and his men patrolled the streets, going through every restaurant, saloon and open house in town, arresting every soldier, officers as well as privates. All were taken to London jail. Over 300 have been arrested. There is not a soldier in town now except the provost guard.

Captain Gaynor, in charge of the provost guard, ordered his men not to shoot unless compelled to, but when they did, to take aim to kill.

Officers say Kitchen will unquestionably get the death sentence. When he shot Nygren he was under orders not even to have his gun loaded.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

POLITICAL NOTES

The Situation in the 26th Representative District.

A Democratic Victory is Assured—Cong. Knox Spoke About the War, While Senator Flynn Worked Among the Sick Soldiers—Other Political Sayings and Doings.

Some political talk.

"It is good politics to conciliate your enemies; but it is not good politics to be so anxious to conciliate your enemies that you forget your friends."

The above from the New York Journal should be pasted in the hats of all political candidates.

The 26th district democratic representative convention still hangs fire though it is believed that another call for a convention will be sent out in a very few days. The convention will undoubtedly be of a perfunctory nature except in the event of the withdrawal of Mr. McCarthy, which is by no means assured, when it will become necessary to select a third candidate.

It is thought by some of the district leaders that the fight will be between J. Joseph Hennessey, who missed the nominations by one vote, and Alderman Cosgrove, who wasn't in the fight at all as far as votes were concerned, Messrs. McDonald, Draper and Gordon showing more strength on the informal ballot and Mr. McDonald beating him out on the formal ballot.

However the contest goes, there is a great chance for democratic success this year in the 26th district, for of all the weak candidates that the republican party ever threw at a nomination, the 26th district this year will have three of the weakest.

Was there ever a more thoroughbred political Stoughton bottle than Representative Pettee? Good fellow? Certainly, a fine fellow, but as a representative we are considering him. A citizen of Lowell visiting the state house or following up the proceedings of the legislature would have to get a lantern to find him in the legislature or anything that he has done since he's been there. In his two years' service, he hasn't even moved to adjourn or to open the window or do anything. He simply said "Present" when the clerk called the roll and "Yea" or "Nay" when his name was called. Such representatives make the best kind of people to stay at home and they're easily beaten.

And did you ever run up against a more thoroughly coated political "frost" than Arthur Cluer in all your experience? Not much. The old liners are making bets on how much Arthur will be beaten. Cluer has the reputation of belonging to that portion of the republican party which gets a member nominated for appearance sake, but never gets a candidate elected, one of those candidates who are good ones to cut when the party gets a democrat worth voting for.

Sharing the honors with Cluer as a "frost" is Dick Dobbins. Concerning Dobbins, let me quote the very decided language of a prominent republican when he heard that Dobbins was again seeking a nomination. He said: "What in H—— does that fellow want of a nomination? He couldn't be elected if every man in the district was a republican."

Now the 26th district democrats, in the selection of Messrs. Mansfield and Garvey, for there is no doubt that they will be on the ticket on election day, places before the voters two men who will be of use to their district as members of the legislature. Of course, every one of intelligence is aware of the fact that in the legislature fights for good things are not always partisan, but often are sectional and it is to the advantage of a district to be well represented, regardless of party and here are two men who will hold up their end on any fight for sectional preferment. Both are intelligent, well educated and good talkers, not afraid to talk, for a starter. Then, if elected it will not take them a year to get acquainted with the workings of the house, as both have been valued members of the common council in years when a common council man needed to know his business all the time, namely during the famous deadlock. They could not be improved upon as candidates and nothing that the republicans of the district can or will put up will come within many degrees of equalling them in capability and hence desirability and running strength.

Senator Flynn "chaperoned" by the old warhorse, Thomas Seelig, has been visiting the country towns of the district. The country voters know him well and favorably from his admirable record in the legislature and senate, and have promised him a most gratifying vote. They want a man who thinks of them oftener than twice in two years and they have such a man in Senator Flynn.

Here are two sayings of Congressman Knox in this campaign:

"All we want is for this wave of prosperity to reach New England" and speaking of the war, "though it cost some sacrifices, there will be few willing to say that they regret the glorious pages of history it has made."

Those remarks were made by Congressman Knox at a rally of the Lincoln club in this city on the night of September 8. After the rally was all over and the refreshments were out, Congressman Knox, Mayor Bennett and the rest went down to the northern depot to meet the members of Companies F of Lawrence and M of Lowell who were returning home half dead, after making those glorious pages to die or recover among friends.

When the train rolled into the northern depot with its precious burden, one of the first men to step out on the platform of the car was Senator Joseph J. Flynn of Lawrence who had met the Ninth at New London and arranged for the comfort of the boys from Lawrence and Lowell, assisting in getting them their special car and attending them to their destination. Up to New London, the Lowell and Lawrence boys with the rest of the Ninth were in the care of their best friend, Congressman John F. Fitzgerald, the only Massachusetts congressman who gave a thought to the soldiers from his state.

On September 8, Flynn was doing noble work; Knox ignoble talking.

"Gee whiz! She's running like a winner!" yelled Jim Walker of the Butler Vets, at Ayer, the other day, as the old machine throw the liquid almost to the world's record.

"Just like I'm going to run for overseer of the poor in ward five," added Jerry McGlinchey as he spat on his hands and went on pumping with good old Kerry vigor.

"All I want is one year," is one of Mayor Bennett's historical remarks made last nomination time, and that's just what Mayor Bennett will get.

The town of Dracut is desirous of having a representative in the legislature just to see how it seems and will put John H. Sparks there, having tried him as a selectman and found him satisfactory to all classes and parties.

POLICE COURT

JOHN VULGARIS HELD IN $300 FOR FELONIOUS ASSAULT.

John Vulgaris, the Greek, who, it is alleged feloniously assaulted a ten year old girl named Pepin, was found probably guilty and was held in $300 for the superior court.

10 drunks.

A soldier who claimed that he had just returned from Camp Thomas was arrested last night for drunkenness. He was released.

All the other drunks were fined.

Thomas Crowley was sentenced to three months in jail for assaulting J. B. Stillings.

Roderick Chisholm and Kittie Mayo were found guilty of fornication. Chisholm was fined $10 while the woman was sentenced to 15 months at the Sherburne women's reformatory. She appealed.

MEDFORD SOAP.

LARGE FACTORY BURNED THIS MORNING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Medford, Mass., Oct. 11.—The soap factory of John C. Dow & Co., of Boston, which was located here, was burned at 3.50 o'clock this morning. The loss was about $5000. The firemen were kept busy as several alarms were rung in for small fires in different parts of the city at the same time.

There will be a regular meeting of the aldermen this evening.

REGISTRATION YESTERDAY.

The following names were added to the voting lists yesterday afternoon:

Ward one, John H. Devine, 98 Middlesex; William L. Dabney, 66 Kirk. Ward two, Ovila Greton, 20 Race. Ward four, Daniel F. Coughlin, 874 Central; John L. Shanks, 12 Hudson. Ward five, Benjamin Fletcher, 129 Church; William F. Boyle, 50 Church; Thomas F. Head, 708 Central. Ward six, Alfred T. Deare, 60 Orleans; Henry Dean, 60 Orleans; William H. Wood, 3 Myrtle. Ward seven, John J. Lee, 209 Salem. Ward eight, Albert E. Willy, 61 Washington.

DR. THOS. B. SMITH

Elected Member of Board of Health.

A NEW PLUMBING COMMISSION WAS ELECTED.

Financial Standing of the Department.

Dr. Thomas B. Smith, city physician, was elected bacteriologist by the board of health yesterday afternoon, to succeed the late Dr. Fox.

Dr. Smith has had experience in the office and that is one of the main reasons why he was chosen.

The board of examiners of plumbers was elected as follows: Dr. Packard, chairman; Supt. W. T. True, Stephen Garrity. By the election of Mr. Garrity in the place of Edward J. Carroll, the board of health makes another saving of $100. Mr. Carroll has received that amount for his work. Mr. Garrity, being in the employ of the department, will do the work as a part of his regular duties.

The question of contagious diseases was taken up and it was voted to send a card to Supt. A. K. Whitcomb whenever a pupil in the public schools is ill, with the request that other children of the family be kept from school until the board allows their return.

Supt. John F. Murphy presented the following yard report for September: Ashes and rubbish collected 2334 loads; swill, 431 loads; swill sold, 242 loads; swill cremated, 196 loads; cash paid to city treasurer from sale of swill, $201; for collection, $11; payrolls for five weeks, $2493.83.

The health department bills for September were $605.83 as against $872.61. The yard pay roll was $1994.28, as against $2191.10 last year and the office $367 as against $193. Salaries remaining the same, the total for the month was $3002.17 as against $3351.72 last year. The balance on hand is $5159.24. It was $3500.59 last October.

The mayor has accepted the chairmanship of the reception committee of one hundred for the big Royal Arcanum demonstration in Odd Fellows' hall Nov. 3.

City Messenger C. F. Going has received a letter from his son Corp. Russell Going in Porto Rico. The young man said that Capt. Alexander Greig's company was doing garrison duty in a fine, healthy town and that the captain had been quartered in the home of a rich planter. The captain, he added had told the men that they could write home for such necessities as they may need, to be sent in one large company box, and instead of asking for food or clothing, Corp. Going suggests for a starter that his father send him a camera.

TIGHE'S FUNERAL

HELD YESTERDAY FROM HIS BROTHER'S HOME.

The remains of Henry Tighe the victim of the terrible accident at Tewksbury Sunday morning, were interred in the Catholic cemetery yesterday afternoon. The funeral took place from the home of Fred Tighe, a brother of deceased on South street. It was well attended and the gathering was a most sorrowful one. All who had known Henry Tighe expressed their sincere sorrow for the manner of his death. At 2 o'clock the cortege moved from the residence to the grave, Rev. Fr. Ronan, pastor of St. Peter's church, conducting the committal service, at the close of which prayers were said for the repose of the soul of deceased.

NO BILL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 11.—The grand jury of the United States district court has reported that it does not find a true bill against Rev. Gabrella Hostetter, a Baptist minister arrested some time ago in Canton. It was alleged that a complete counterfeiting outfit had been found upon his premises and bogus money found in his possession.

ON FULL TIME.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Northbridge, Mass., Oct. 11.—The Whitinsville Machine Works are on full time after a short schedule for two years. Many orders have been received of late, including the machinery for a cotton mill in Russia, which will be shipped this week.

PITCHER TAYLOR SOLD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 11.—Receiver Muckenfuss of the St. Louis Browns, has sold Pitcher Jack Taylor to the Cincinnati club for $1,000 and Pitcher Hill. It is further stated that John T. Brush is after Lafe Cross, the Browns' star third baseman.

TURKEY ACCEPTS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Constantinople, Oct. 11.—The reply of the Turkish government to the note of the powers on the evacuation of the island of Crete was handed to the ambassadors yesterday evening. Turkey accepts the terms proposed but expresses a wish for certain modification.

A BIG LOAN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Pekin, Oct. 11.—The loan contract for the extension of the Nin-Chang railroad signed by the Hong Kong and Shanghai bank, calls for £2,250,000 at five per cent, guaranteed on the security of the existing lines at Pekin, Shanghai and other places.

COUNTESS ARRIVES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 11.—The Countess Adeline Chimmelmanns of Copenhagen, accompanied by her two sons and seven interpreters, arrived here today on the private yacht Duen. The countess is doing missionary work among sailors, especially those of her own nationality and she expects to encircle the earth in her travels.

WANTED TO SHOOT

Desperate Italian Assaults No. Andover Officer.

WHILE THE LATTER WAS ARRESTING HIM.

Fight Occurred on M. T. Stevens' Land.

The town of North Andover furnished another sensation Saturday afternoon, says the Lawrence Sun, when an Italian named Michael Ravell of 29 Portland street, Lawrence, threatened to shoot Chief of Police Toohey.

After a desperate tussle the officer succeeded in placing the man under arrest and he will appear in the police court charged with assault with a dangerous weapon.

At noon Saturday, Chief Toohey found two Italians gunning near the Hatch, on land owned by Ex-Congressman Moses T. Stevens. The complaints of unlawful gunners have been many and so the police were called to investigate. Mr. Stevens' land is signed but gunners have no regard for them.

Chief Toohey attempted to place one of the Italians under arrest, when the other, Ravell, knocked the officer down felling him with the butt end of his double barrel shot gun. In the meantime, the Italian, whom Toohey was endeavoring to arrest, escaped and has not yet been located.

Chief Toohey recovered from the blow in a short space of time and put after the men when Ravell turned upon him and pointed the gun threateningly to shoot. The two men then escaped, the one who tried to shoot going up the railroad track near Marbleridge. The chief called for help and several men responded, but the would-be shooter was lost sight of.

Later in the afternoon, Chief Toohey returned to his home on Stevens street where a man called and informed him that an Italian with a gun was going towards Stevens' village. The chief ran towards the place and sent a man on a bicycle to head the Italian off. When Toohey was within 20 feet of the man, he recognized the chief. Again was Chief Toohey held at bay and for some minutes faced a double barel shot gun, the trigger all cocked in the hands of the supposed dangerous Italian. The Italian, who was Ravell, escaped a second time.

Chief Toohey then went to the parish and detailed Officers Harris and Marvin to patrol the vicinity of the Shawsheen bridge and he went toward the air line road. In the meantime the Italian had been seen going towards Lawrence.

Chief Toohey ran through a field and at the home of John Glennie put on a heavy coat and another hat and started for the road when he saw the Italian. This time he did not recognize the chief.

Opposite the Glennie soap factory Toohey grappled with the Italian and a hard fight ensued. This time Ravell was unable to get the shot gun into play and with the assistance of a few men he was ironed and taken to the lock-up.

The Italian who escaped works on the Andover water works. The Italian camp was visited but he was not found and it is believed he is in hiding. Ravell says he is 18 years old but he looks much older.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The print cloth market in Fall River is dull at 1 15-16 cents.

Albert Stanley and George H. Ritter were arrested in Springfield, Ill., charged with robbing Frederick Leka of $14,000. Leka, who is a wealthy farmer, had buried the money in a yard.

Robert Fitzsimmons has filed a suit against the Gilsey House of New York for $50,000 damages. J. H. Breslin, the proprietor, refused to serve the boxer with a meal a few days ago, and he takes exception to such treatment.

Comptroller of the Currency Dawes, who is treasurer of the fund to be raised by voluntary contributions of the school children to erect a monument in Paris to General Lafayette, is receiving encouraging reports from all sections.

PERMANENT RESERVE WANTED.

Portland, Oct. 11.—In his report to the navy department, Lieutenant Robert J. Beach, who was in command of the auxiliary naval forces in this district, urges the need of a permanent reserve, to consist of three battalions, located at Portland, Bath and Portsmouth. He recommends that each battalion be made up of four fighting divisions, an engineers' division, and a commissary division; that each battalion be furnished a torpedo boat, a converted yacht armed with modern batteries, and four small boats of cutter or whaleboat pattern. Line officers of the navy should, he says, be detailed to this district as instructors, for there are no ex-naval officers enlisted here. The line of instruction should consist of a thorough knowledge of the coast and the handling of boats and torpedoes, especially at night.

KILLED A NEGRO.

St. Louis, Oct. 11.—Charles Kemm, a private in company B, Second Missouri volunteers, who is here on a furlough, shot and killed Leslie Wesley, a negro, with whom he found his wife living. Kemm was arrested.

SHARKEY ACCEPTS THE OFFER.

New York, Oct. 11.—Tom O'Rourke, in behalf of Sharkey, has posted $2,500 as an acceptance of Corbett's challenge to fight anybody. It has been agreed that articles shall be drawn today.

NEW SHOE STORE JUST OPENED.

Call and examine my goods and prices. I can save you money.
M. V. Simms, 505 Middlesex street.

Hood's Pills
Stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure biliousness, headache, dizziness, sour stomach, constipation, etc. Price 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

BASE BALL.

Washington, Oct. 11.—The Boston nine made their bid for the pennant strongly Monday by defeating the senators. Nichols pitched well. Smith at first base made a record, having only one putout. Attendance, 1,100. Score:

Washington.	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
Mercer, c f	2	0	1	1	0	0
Selbach, l f	4	0	0	2	0	2
Casey, 3 b	3	2	1	0	1	1
Freeman, r f	4	0	3	5	1	0
Smith, 1 b	4	0	0	1	0	1
McGuire, c	4	0	2	9	0	0
Heitz, 2 b	4	0	0	4	1	1
Gatins, s s	3	0	0	1	0	1
Dineen, p	3	0	0	0	0	0
Gettman, c f	2	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	31	2	7	24	3	6

Boston.	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
Hamilton, c f	3	3	1	3	0	0
Tenney, 1 b	6	2	2	12	1	0
Long, s s	5	1	1	3	5	1
Lowe, 2 b	6	0	2	2	2	0
Collins, 3 b	6	0	1	3	3	0
Stahl, r f	4	0	3	1	0	0
Bergen, c	4	0	0	2	1	0
Duffy, l f	4	2	1	1	0	0
Nichols, p	4	0	0	1	3	1
Totals	39	8	11	27	15	2

Washington	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—2
Boston	3	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	—8

Earned runs—Washington, 1; Boston, 3. Two-base hits—Freeman, Tenney. Three-base hits—Long, Lowe. Home run—Duffy. Stolen bases—Casey, Freeman, Hamilton (2), Tenney, Bergen. Double plays—Collins to Lowe to Tenney; Freeman to McGuire. First base on balls—Off Dineen, 2; off Nichols, 1. Struck out—By Dineen, 8; by Nichols, 2. Passed balls—McGuire, 2. Left on bases—Washington, 5; Boston, 7. Time—2 hours. Umpires—Connolly and Heydler.

The ex-champions presented a poor exhibition of fielding yesterday, but in the ninth inning they woke up and tied the score with the New Yorks.

The Brooklyns won the first game with the Philadelphias. Howell of the Meriden, Conn., team kept the Quakers guessing, while the Brooklyns hit Donohue constantly. In the second game Hopper, a Ridgewood, N. J., youngster came near preventing the Phillies from scoring. The Brooklyns were shut out by Piatt's effective pitching and good support.

The Pittsburg-Cleveland game was full of fine pitching and splendid fielding on both sides. Not a Cleveland player reached third base.

Hill was very effective until the seventh inning, when the Louisvilles, on four singles and a triple, netted four runs.

EXPERIMENTS NOT MADE.

Boston, Oct. 11.—President Ryan of the Electrolytic Marine Salt company says that the statement relative to the tests that had been made by Philadelphia men at the plant in Lubec were incorrect. Mr. Ryan has been at the plant for the major part of the time during the last six or eight weeks, and he says that he knows positively that the men referred to have never been near the plant, or at least were never able to get an opportunity to work it. In fact he does not know who the men are.

Mr. Ryan refused to talk about the results of his experiments at the plant as he believes his first report should be made to the stockholders or to the committee representing them. However he would not admit that the tests were failures, and he intimated that he is still satisfied that good results may be obtained if the stockholders are inclined to show further patience.

A FEARFUL THUMPING.

Rochester, N. Y., Oct. 11.—Goulette hooked his right to Joe Hopkins' jaw in the middle of the ninth round of what was to have been a 25-round bout and put the colored whirlwind to sleep. The knockout, the first ever administered to Hopkins in his career of eight years in the ring, was delivered before a wildly enthusiastic audience of 1,000 persons.

Hopkins did most of the aggressive work, but Goulette countered beautifully, his defense was good and he seldom failed to land when he led. In the third round Hopkins drew blood from Goulette's nose and later swelled up his left eye. Goulette gave Hopkins a fearful thumping in the body.

AN IMPOSING DISPLAY.

New York, Oct. 11.—The articles found at Burglar Travis' home in Brooklyn and at the house of his mother in this city were spread out on tables at police headquarters Monday and made an imposing display. There were all sorts of silver articles in the collection, valuable bric-a-brac and women's garments and purses. The articles are worth from $1500 to $2000.

Juliet Sumner of Hartford called on Captain McCluskey and identified part of the stolen property. It consisted of spoons, knives and forks, all of solid silver and gold plated, and had been stolen from Miss Sumner's residence last Thursday night.

PREJUDICE OF THE REFEREE.

New York, Oct. 11.—After fighting 23 rounds at 138 pounds before the Greater New York Athletic club last night, Jack Daly of Wilmington, Del., was given a decision over Owen Zeigler of Philadelphia. This decision was unlooked and uncalled for, as, if anything, Zeigler had the better of the fistic argument. He did a lot of good work towards the close of the bout, but probably injured his standing with Referee Brown when he told the latter at the end of the 23rd that he wanted no draw for his. The spectators hooted and groaned when Brown's fiat was announced. Daly left the ring without being recognized, while Zeigler was loudly cheered.

PRESS PEOPLE IN BOSTON.

Boston, Oct. 11.—Twenty-five members of the Massachusetts Press association dined here yesterday, and later held a business meeting. Six applications for membership were accepted after some discussion as to the advisability of receiving as members those who are neither editors nor owners of papers in the state.

At the American House last evening the Maine and Connecticut roller polo league delegates held a conference regarding a plan for mutual protection. Committees from each league were appointed to consider the matter at greater length.

HIT BY A LOCOMOTIVE.

Bangor, Oct. 11.—Michael O'Connor of Milford, who is very deaf, was struck by a train about half a mile south of Old Town while walking on the track. One leg was badly broken and he received other injuries. It is doubtful if he recovers. His age is 65 years and he has a family.

JAMES R. KEENE, the Rich Wall Street Broker Who Has Just Made a Fortune on Tobacco Stocks Without Investing a Cent.

GALLANT SIXTH

Is Highly Complimented by General Garretson.

FOR ITS EFFICIENCY UNDER FIRE.

The Popular Regiment Will Soon Return.

The charges made against the Sixth regiment are being gradually dissipated as will appear from General Garretson's compliment:

Adjt. Gen. Dalton has received the following:

"Headquarters First Brigade, Prov. Div., Ponce, Porto Rico, Sept. 1, General Order No. 19:

Pursuant to orders received from headquarters of the army, Brig. Gen. George A. Garretson, United States volunteers, hereby relinquishes command of this brigade. In so doing he desires to place on record his appreciation of the good service rendered by the troops of the command and his appreciation of their soldierly qualities. He congratulates officers and men of the Sixth Massachusetts volunteer infantry that, having had to a greater extent than others of his command an opportunity to show their efficiency under fire, they have not failed under the test.

By command of General Garretson,
L. G. Berry, A. A. G.

Official copy, L. G. Berry A. A. G

Official copy from regimental files, Clarence W Coolidge, First Lieutenant and Acting Adjutant."

Gov. Wolcott has received a letter from Col. Edward Rice, commanding the Sixth regiment, now at Utuado, Porto Rico, in which he says that the health of the regiment has been good since he took command. The condition of the regiment had been better than that of the regiments about it, and though there have been times when there was a lack of food, the commissary stores are now abundant.

He incloses a report from E. A. Washburn, Jr., assistant surgeon, who says the encouraging cases in the hospital were typhoid now are mostly malaria. A very large number of cases reported in the hospital are convalescents from typhoid fever. They are men who may now return in safety but who were considered too sick to be moved when the Bay State was last there.

The Volunteer Aid association will make an effort to have the Sixth regiment come direct to Boston from Porto Rico, instead of via New York.

WILL GO TO HOSPITAL.

William Haigh of Co. M will probably go to St. John's hospital today, as he is not improving as rapidly as he wishes. He returned from Camp Wikoff five weeks ago with Sergeant Ayers and Privates Thomas and Joseph McShane. He lost 37 pounds while in Cuba and has regained only two pounds and as many ounces since his return. He believes that by going to the hospital he will be dieted in such a manner as to enable him to become himself once more more rapidly than he would otherwise.

PRIVATE EVERETT HOME.

Private George E. Everett, one of Company M's sick soldiers, is at home again. He was for a time an inmate of the St. Francis hospital in New York, but has almost completely recovered. Like the other members of the company, he is anxiously awaiting information of the expected mustering out.

SOLDIERS' LETTERS.

Officer J. B. Crowley has received a letter from Sergeant Robert J. Crowley of the famous 69th New York volunteers "Bob's" letters home are always interesting and this is no exception. "Bob" is a candidate for the position of sergeant-major and his many friends here hope to hear of his promotion in the near future.

He wrote in part as follows:

"We have been in Huntsville about six weeks and it is time for us to move, for the flies are getting very thick. That is the signal, in camp. We have been situated in a very beautiful section of the city; in fact, one of the most perfect campgrounds that I have ever seen.

"There is plenty of good air and water and when we first came it was free from flies and mosquitoes. After the siege we had with the latter this summer we think we are blessed to be in any place where they are not.

"Huntville is a manufacturing town and it would certainly grieve you to go through its mills and see the poor girls and children who work so many hours for so little money. Spinners receive from 65 to 85 cents a day and some receive from 45 to 50 cents a day. The machinery is run night and day. The day workers start at 5 a. m. and finish at 5 p. m. The night workers then begin and finish at 5 a. m.

"The overseer received $1.25 a day and children, from 7 to 10 years of age, work 12 hours and receive 25 cents. It is really frightful to see those little chaps, hardly as large as a pint of cider, working all night and next morning coming to our camp to sell eggs and chickens.

"You can see for yourself that if cotton manufacturing proves a success in the south, how hard it will be for northern people to compete with them. The people here seem to be more refined and educated than any we previously met in the south. They do everything they can to make life pleasant to us. The result is that there is very little disturbance in the city. When I say that it is putting it in a mild way, for you know soldiers are not angels.

"I believe we have the finest body of men in the volunteer service; at least that is the verdict given by all the generals who have reviewed us. When General Alger reviewed us, he took off his hat and acknowledged the corn.

"We have a number of deaths and a number of men very sick, but the percentage of men fit for duty is ahead of any other regiment. We are all desirous of being mustered out at once, but it seems to me that we will be sent to Cuba for the winter. If the regiment goes, of course I will go. My health is good, but it needs constant care to keep a fellow in good condition. When I see some of the other poor fellows who will always be physical wrecks, I think I am fortunate in being well.

"I will say goodby as I am due for guard duty. It is a battle royal for the position I am anxiously seeking. If I can down the New York political influence which has entered into it, I will receive it. If not, I will be defeated. I can say one thing. I am making them keep the wires warm between here and New York to defeat me. Remember me to all my friends."

SICK SOLDIERS.

Lowell's sick soldiers are reported as follows:

Musician Hutton, 186 London street, has had a relapse, typhoid fever; Dr. Trueworthy in attendance; Private Morrison, bilious fever, Dr. Porter; Leslie Grant, relapse, going back to St. John's hospital; William Haigh, no sign of improvement, going to St. John's hospital today; Private Hildreth, Puffer street, malarial fever, Dr. Holbrook; Howard T. Caldwell, 411 Stevens street, malarial fever, Dr. Chadbourne; Lieutenant McNulty, progressing finely; Lieutenant Gillow, also improving.

Harry Poole who has been at the Lowell General hospital for a week or more, took French leave yesterday. Although far from being a well man, he had grown tired of hospital life. Private Fife of a New Hampshire regiment, was discharged from St. John's hospital yesterday and he left for his home. Corporal Barnes and Private Waugh were discharged from the Lowell General hospital on Saturday.

SOLDIERS, ATTENTION!

All soldiers who are able are requested to meet at the armory at 1 o'clock tomorrow afternoon to attend the funeral of Patrick Patrick Donohue.

the ghastly terror of consumption stares a man in the face who neglects a cold.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

It's so simple to get rid of a cough or throat trouble by Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Acts like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

THE MANILA PRESS

Attack American Rule in That City.

And Claim That it is Responsible for Starvation and Diverse Other Evils—The Spanish Censor is Out of a Job.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Manila, Sept. 1.—via San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 11.—The Spanish newspapers in Manila are reveling in an unprecedented atmosphere of freedom and criticize the American authorities in a way they never would have dared to criticize their own government, for the Spanish censor has now joined the great army of unemployed and the United States censor confines his attention to cablegrams going abroad. He will not, he says, permit a word to be said in any way derogatory to the United States army or authorities, but he takes no notice of violent inflammatory diatribes daily exciting the people of the Philippines against the Americans.

The Oceania Espanola of August 31st contains a fierce attack entitled "Chaos," pointing out that no other word can describe the condition of Manila under its new rulers. The article complains that the American authorities have removed public officials and have failed to appoint their successors, thereby creating great confusion and hardship to the population of the Philippines. The editorial says:

"Thousands of poor trades people, laborers, contractors and others, have been doing business for the municipal authorities of the different wards, and now everything is stopped and the poor people cannot even get the money due them for work done prior to the surrender. To thousands in this city, one small silver dollar makes all the difference between starvation and contentment, yet all the dollars in the treasury have been seized by the Americans. Perhaps some day, all debts shall be paid, but the artisan, the street sweeper, the small store keeper, who does not know where tomorrow's meal will come from cannot feed his family on the song of 'Some Day.' The government pawnshop and savings bank is an American volunteer headquarters. How many thousands of people therefore curse the American people, who have been ready to bless them and welcome them as liberators until they find themselves at liberty to starve 'pending negotiations.' There is no blame to the Americans for not being able in a minute to run a complicated organization entirely strange to them, but in the name of reason and humanity there is severe blame for stopping one machine before the other is ready. It has caused and is causing an indescribable amount of misery among the many thousands of poor people in Manila.

"General Merritt was quick enough to grab the customs and get his staff working there, because the customs can be milked as richly as a good Swiss cow. But attending to the public wants of a poor populace is not remunerative, and he not only neglects it himself but prevents an Otis from going on with it as of old."

FROM THE YUKON

Many Gold Seekers Return Homeward

FROM THE VARIOUS ALASKAN MINING DISTRICTS.

Supplies Very Short in Some Places.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Port Townsend, Wash., Oct. 11.—The steamer Topeka has arrived from Alaska bringing about 240 passengers from the various mining districts. Many of the passengers are from Dawson. They bring but little money with them. They left Dawson September 23, and came up the river on the steamer Flora.

L. S. Alles brings glowing reports of the Forty-mile district.

A Rock Island company has a complete hydraulic plant at the mouth of the creek which will be transported to the boundary, 20 miles from the mouth of the creek on the ice this winter, and placed in operation early in the spring. This company has 120 acres of placer ground on which men with rockers have been making from $5 to $10 a day.

A San Jose company which went to the Kani peninsula last spring, made a stake on Cooper Creek which indicates well. The company placed a hydraulic plant but owing to the scarcity of supplies, were compelled to abandon work for the season.

G. W. Towle, manager of the company, reports the discovery of an extensive copper deposit between Homer City and Resurrection Bay.

FUNERALS.

WHOLEY—The funeral of Mary Wholey will take place tomorrow from her late home no White street. Services will be held at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock in the morning.

McNAMARA—The funeral of Edward McNamara was held this morning. At 8.30 the cortege started from the residence and a requiem mass was celebrated at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock, by Rev. Richard S. Burke. The choir, under the direction of E. F. Faulkner, rendered Schmidt's requiem mass. The solos were sustained by Miss Josephine Fin who sang the hymn, "Passing Out of the Shadow," at the offertory and at the close of the mass, assisted by the choir, rendered "Nearer, My God, to Thee." Interment was in the Catholic cemetery and services were conducted at the grave by Rev. Richard S. Burke. Deceased was well known and popular in the vicinity where he lived and among the floral tributes to his memory were: Pillow, inscribed, "Our Ned," family; spray of pinks, Annie Buston; bouquet, Lillie Reagan; 36 pinks representing the age of deceased, Miss Katie Morrissey; bouquet of roses and lilies, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Hogan; pillow, Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Reagan. The bearers were Patrick and John Cotter of Boston, Robert Donohue, Cornelius and Thomas Callahan and Patrick Coughlin.

FURY—The funeral of Dora, infant daughter of William and Mary Fury, took place this afternoon from the home of her parents, 65 Jefferson street. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

LARCOM—The funeral of Mrs. Harriet O. Larcom took place from her late home on South street Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. Granville Pierce, pastor of the Unitarian church, Chelmsford, officiating. Albert P. Perham was funeral director and the bearers were Otis Adams, George O. Byam, E. R. Marshall and William R. Fowle. Burial was in the Centre cemetery.

A PEACE JUBILEE

International Arbitration on the Program.

PROMINENT MEN ARRANGE FOR MEETING.

Jubilee Week to Have Many Attractions.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Oct. 11.—Agitation for international arbitration will be a part of the peace jubilee program in this city next week. After joining with members of a sub committee appointed at the recent Saratoga conference, held in behalf of settling international questions without resort to arms, promoters of the celebration have decided to hold an agitation meeting next Monday afternoon.

John Ela, Ralph M. Easley, Edwin Berritt Smith and W. A. Giles have conferred with the Thanksgiving service committee and urged upon that organization the importance of bringing the arbitration idea before the people more fully. The committee heartily approved the suggestion to hold a meeting during jubilee week and to make it as pretentious as time and resources will permit.

A sub committee consisting of Bishop Samuel Fallows, the Rev. J. P. Brushingham, the Rev. C. A. Lippincott, the Rev. J. H. O. Smith, Rev. J. O. Severanhause, and Rabbi Joseph Stolz, was chosen to co-operate with the men appointed at the conference, and complete arrangements for the meeting.

DEATHS.

HART—Patrick Hart, aged 69 years, died at his home, 147 Congress street, yesterday. He leaves a wife, four daughters and two sons.

FURY—Dora Fury, infant daughter of William and Margaret Fury, died last evening at the home of her parents, 65 Jefferson street.

Cramps, Colic, Colds, Croup, Coughs, Toothache,

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS. A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is

Pain Killer. (PERRY DAVIS')

Used Internally and Externally. Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle

FASHODA BOOK

Causes Trouble Among the Powers.

SALISBURY SPEAKS IN ANGRY MOOD.

What the French Papers Say of It.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 11.—The Gaulois, today, referring to the publication of the Fashoda Blue Book by the British Foreign office, expresses confidence in a satisfactory settlement of the matter.

On the other hand the Journal says the situation appears most serious. It adds: "The language of the Marquis of Salisbury, Lord Cromer and the Sirdar removes the last illusion of the most optimistic."

The Journal de Paris affirms that the documents made public in the Blue Book do not establish the right of Great Britain to the region which France occupies.

The Justice expresses an opinion that negotiations, it evidently aims at forcing the situation.

The Libre Parole says: "Great Britain has suddenly unmasked her batteries doubtless after an understanding with her friends, the Dreyfusards. She evidently believes the moment has come to strike what she supposed to be a decisive blow. The precipitate publication of the documents was an act of rudeness and menace."

L'Eclair remarks: "We have always protested against Great Britain's idea that the whole basin of the Nile was included in Egyptian or British influence, and we persist in our theory, which is confirmed by the treaty of Berlin, that effective occupation alone confers the right of possession. Great Britain now seeks to change the international rules, but the right is on our side and we hope our diplomats will compel respect for it."

LURED TO DEATH

A Massachusetts Man Went West

IN RESPONSE TO MATRIMONIAL AD. OF RICH WIDOW

Lost His Money and Died Forsaken.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 11.—Alex. S. Sampson of West Duxbury, Mass., is dead at the city hospital after having been lured to this city by the advertisement of a matrimonial agency. He was 65 years of age and is said to have come here to marry an alleged "rich widow." He met a woman who has recently figured in a somewhat similar case but when his money was gone, she is said to have refused to recognize him. Just before his death, which is attributed to worry and disappointment, a letter for him containing funds reached the post office here from East Pembroke, Mass.

The Printers' Label.

The success attained in introducing the printing trades label, says The Typographical Journal, is truly remarkable when the money expended for that purpose and the opposition met with in certain quarters is considered. It seems to thrive on abuse and denunciation, as the demand is constantly increasing, notwithstanding the efforts of unfair employers to convince their customers that it is an instrument of oppression and specially designed to drive them out of business. The label stands for fair wages and conditions and can be obtained by any employing printer who is willing to recognize that his employees are entitled to just consideration.—Chicago Times-Herald.

The Label Is All Right.

Judge Holmes of the United States circuit court at Omaha, in deciding a case involving the label of a trade union, recently used the following language in concluding his opinion:

"The label is a part of the well known machinery of trades unions, and the use of it is found, if a finding be necessary, to be of value to the union and its members. It would not be traveling too far from the record perhaps if we should assume that the use of the label is, in fact, as it certainly might be, of far more economic importance to the union than are most of the trademarks, strictly so called, which are protected by the courts."

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

Nerve tonic—Blood Builder. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere, 50 cents per box—six for $2.50.

Dr. Williams' Med. Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

CONVENIENT CURE.

"Dows' Menthol Cream" cures cold in the head, sore colds, hay fever, catarrhal affections. It does it quickly, because you have it on your person, and it reaches the spot quickly. It's put up with that in view. Vest pocket tubes 10 cts.; hip pocket boxes 25 cts. Ladies carry it in their bags. It's convenient. No dosing. Place a little in the nostrils—it does the rest—cures.

All Druggists.

A. W. DOWS & CO., Props., Lowell, Mass. (5.)

A more pitiful sight than a mother and her child, both captives and shackled in a dungeon, could not well be imagined. There are thousands of mothers and their babes who lie shackled by disease in the dungeon of death.

Without knowing it, or having the faintest comprehension of it, the fault lies with the mother. Too many women enter upon the responsibilities of wifehood and motherhood while suffering from weakness and disease of the delicate and important organs that make wifehood and motherhood possible. A woman who suffers in this way cannot be a capable wife and a competent mother. Before entering upon the duties and responsibilities of these positions, she should see to it that her health, both general and local, is thoroughly restored. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best of all medicines for this purpose. It acts directly on the sensitive organs concerned, making them strong, healthy and vigorous. It promotes regularity of the functions, allays irritation and inflammation, heals ulceration, checks unnatural and exhausting drains and soothes pain. It tones and builds up the shattered nerves. It turns the dangers and pains of maternity into safety and ease. It is a medicine that is intended for this one purpose only and is good for no other. Dealers sell it and no honest dealer will suggest a substitute.

"Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription did me so much good that to-day I am well again and stronger than I have been for years," writes Mrs. Alex. Lockie, of Wise, Isabella Co., Mich. "I have a baby one year old and as fat and healthy as one could wish to see. I took two bottles of 'Favorite Prescription.' I keep Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets in the house all the time. My family take no other kind of pills."

TOD SLOANE'S CAREER

INCIDENTS IN THE CRACK AMERICAN JOCKEY'S LIFE.

His Peculiar Style of Riding and Worldwide Fame—How He Dressed and Lived in London—Noted as a "High Roller."

The average of winning mounts recently scored in England by Tod Sloane, the American jockey, is said to have never been beaten there. His successes, according to one sporting paper, create a strong feeling of jealousy among the other jockeys, some of whom, it is hinted, tried to treat him unfairly at Manchester, and when Sloane won their bitterness increased.

Sloane has upset all traditions, and his merit is unquestionable. It has been said that the American methods of riding must be wrong, yet Sloane wins with horses which the English jockeys handle unsuccessfully.

No jockey since the palmy days of Archer, Wood and Fordham abroad and of Fitzpatrick, McLaughlin and Garrison in the United States has ever appealed so strongly to public favoritism as Tod Sloane. He has achieved what not one of his noted predecessors attempted, and in that respect stands in a class by himself. Not satisfied with national prestige, like the others named, he has tried for international honors, with the result that his fame as a successful horseman is on the tip of every tongue not only in his native country and England, but in every other section of the globe where racing has found a foothold.

When Sloane went to England late last fall, his temerity was a surprise to his associates here and was openly laughed at by his rivals abroad. He made the trip then chiefly to ride James R. Keene's candidates in the two big British "back end" handicaps, the Cesarewitch and the Cambridgeshire. His peculiar style of riding at once became a general subject of ridicule among the Britishers, who had previously made fun of the Dwyer-Croker jockey, Sims. Sloane rides with a very short stirrup and rein and hunches himself forward on his horse's neck when nursing home a good thing.

The English cracks favor a lengthy stirrup and a long rein and sit down like cavalrymen in the final drive. No wonder the contrast aroused comment, and as long as Sloane was unsuccessful he was "roasted" freely. Still he managed to steer St. Cloud II into second place in the Cambridgeshire shortly after making his British debut and might have won the coveted event if he had not been deceived by the angle of the course. As it was there were many who thought he won out, but the English critics were still skeptical as to his merits.

Through the kindly offices of Trainer John Huggins Sloane received a timely chance to redeem himself in British eyes, and the result was a revelation to the conservative believers in long stirrups and long reins. The little American played skittles with his English rivals and wound up his foreign campaign in a blaze of glory with four firsts and a second on the closing day of the 1897 season at Manchester. By this time the Englishmen had become enthusiastic converts, and Sloane was feted and entertained by titled horsemen, who rarely condescend to recognize a jockey outside the paddock.

The American boy held up his end in style. His headquarters were at the Hotel Cecil, London, where he occupied an expensive suit of rooms, kept a valet and dressed in a style on a par with the most fastidious London clubmen. Strong inducements were held out to Sloane to remain on the other side, but he was under contract to the Fleischmanns here and reluctantly turned his face homeward last spring, with the fixed intention of going back to complete the work he had so well begun on the first favorable opportunity.

That opportunity came a few weeks ago, and he again started for England, with the results that now furnish the chief topic in the racing world. After a phenomenal run of success on the eastern tracks here during the spring and early summer he was temporarily knocked out by illness, but rallied in time to cut a wide swath at Saratoga. There the Fleischmanns released him on the plea that they had nothing good enough in their string to justify his retention, and he was promptly annexed by Sydney Paget.

The latter owner let Sloane go when he found that Tod's mind was set on another invasion of England, and he sailed away, to the great discomfiture of system players, who had been following him throughout the season. On 2-year-olds down the Eclipse and Futurity courses Tod was a terror except to his backers, and his success was so uniform that puzzled form students gradually accepted the theory, "When in doubt back Sloane."

Altogether, apart from his pre-eminence in the pigskin, Sloane has made a unique place for himself in the sporting world. As a "high roller" he is known in festive circles from the only Tenderloin to San Francisco and from Saratoga to the London Strand. In the afternoons between races he was generally one of the most conspicuous and best dressed individuals on the lawns of eastern tracks, and after dinner he was generally to be seen in the most select centers of amusement attired in immaculate evening dress and "blowing in" money by the handful.

Sloane was born at Bunker Hill, Ind., on Aug. 10, 1873. It is an open question whether the significant name of his birthplace had anything to do with his decisive conquest of the Englishmen. He was christened James, but long before he became prominent in his present vocation he was nicknamed Tod. He received a liberal education up to the time he was 15, when he was induced by his elder brother to utilize his small stature and weight as a rider of race horses. After a promising novitiate he was intrusted with his first mount at New Orleans in 1888. While yet a minor he rode with considerable success, but it was within the last three seasons that he flashed to the front as the leading lightweight of the country. He scored on 90 per cent of his mounts in 1896 and in 1897 improved this record to a remarkable degree. This year, up to the time of his departure for England, he was practically at the head of the winning jockeys' list, as, although Maher had a nominal lead, Sloane's percentage was much the best.

Sloane is a midget in stature and scales, according to his condition, from 90 to 98 pounds. As a "jollier" of sulky horses he has few equals, and as a gentle handler of free running horses he is probably without a peer.—New York Sun.

Nature helps every person who helps himself by using Dow's Menthol Cream. It's the rational way to cure head affections.

ALLAN LINE

NEW YORK and GLASGOW. Via Londonderry.

From company's Pier, West 21st St., New York.

State of Nebraska, Friday, Sept. 30, at 11 a.m.
Mongolian, Friday, Oct. 14, at 3 p. m.
State of Nebraska, Friday, Oct. 28, at 3 p. m.
Mongolian, Friday, November 11, at 1 p. m.
First Cabin, $47.50 to $60 single, $90.70 to $114 return. Second Cabin, $32.50; round trip, $61.75. Steerage, $23.50; prepaid, $24.00.
Glasgow and Boston, via Londonderry and Galway; Second Cabin, $31.25; Steerage, $24.00.
For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to H. & A. Allan, 77 State street, Boston, or

Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton St.

And Still the Pace Keeps Up.

Victory Paves the Way to the

"SUNLIGHT"

Ask any lady or gentleman wearing SUNLIGHT SHOES what they think of them.

Their duplicate can't be found in Lowell. They are made of excellent material. Direct from factory to foot. Sold only at the

Sunlight Shoe Store

100 CENTRAL STREET.

High Grade Repairing and Makers of Custom Boots.

SOMETHING INTERESTING.

If you are in need of a SMALL range for a SMALL amount of money, we have one, and it only costs

$12.00.

IRON BED, with Brass Trimmings, and All-Iron Spring, only

$6.00.

These goods are worth more money, but $6.00 will buy them.

REMEMBER

The Grand Prize Range is the range to buy. It has more practical improvements than any other range made. Sold only by

GAYNOR & CO.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month.

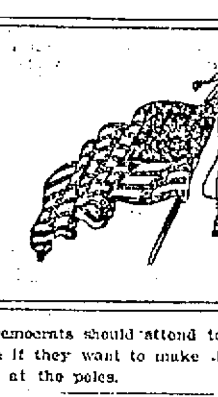
A FACT

The Sun has a larger circulation than any two papers printed in Lowell, morning or evening. It has double the circulation of all the other evening papers in Lowell combined.

On the basis of circulation, its advertising rates are much cheaper than those of any other paper in Lowell.

For news, for illustrations, for enterprise, and for advertising it is

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.



Democrats should attend to registration if they want to make their power felt at the poles.

Senator Flynn's honestly and devotion to the people will stand to him in his contest with Mr. Knox.

Lower Rogers streets is one of the worst in the city, but the street department does not seem to be aware of the fact.

Democrats who wish to bring victory to their party will look after registration and at least see that their own names are on the list.

Too much meat was the cause of starvation of our soldiers and flies the cause of typhoid—so much light from the investigating commission.

The death of the late Truant Commissioner Williams will cause deep regret among the teachers who knew his kindness and obliging disposition.

Occasionally tragic events crowd upon one another, as if epidemic, another proof of Shakespeare's saying that "Troubles come not as single spies, but in battalions."

The republicans are looking for a complete whitewashing of the war department from the investigation, and as far as the commission has gone, that is all that can be looked for.

Cavalryman Patrick Donahue who died at St. John's hospital gave up his life for his country as truly as if he had fallen on the field of battle. He was a brave soldier whose devotion to duty brought upon him the illness from which he died.

Ensign Bennett of this city says that Sampson deserves the credit for destroying Cervera's fleet. It is very natural that young Bennett should stand by his commanding officer but his word will not change the opinion of the country on the subject.

The death of William H. Parker removes from the activities of life one of our most successful and enterprising business men. He may be said to have grown up with the city, his wealth accummulating as rapidly as the city's population increased.

That Indian fight, like most other outbreaks of a similar kind, would never have occurred had the Indians been fairly dealt with. There are bad Indians and many of them have good reason to be bad, owing to the ill-treatment by the United States authorities.

That is the right stand that Governor Tanner has taken in his refusal to protect imported labor at the Illinois mine trouble. The time has gone by when the troops of the state should be used to defend men imported to aid in depriving honest labor of just compensation.

THE WHITEWASHING REPORT

The report of the commission now investigating the war department can be easily anticipated thus:—"The hardships and privations endured by our soldiers in the war with Spain and the fire of the enemy, we find to as well as the suffering from disease have been inseparable from such a conflict; and in view of such conditions we cannot but commend the able and competent secretary of the department, together with the surgeon general and the chief of the commissary department for their prodigious labors in maintaining in efficient condition such a large army mustered at such short notice. Mistakes have been inadvertently made but these fade to insignificance in view of the magnificent showing made by the department in face of the vast obstacles which stood in the way. The mortality in the ranks is not to be considered while computing the inestimable value of services such as were rendered by Gen. Alger and his assistants, aided in no small degree by the wise counsel of our chief executive, William McKinley.

Such a report will of course belie all the war correspondents who wrote from the ranks, but such men are not expected to know so much of how they themselves fared as the generals in the rear or the men who were thousands of miles distant and got their ideas of the war from the press.

The weavers in the Barnaby mills of Fall River are standing together against a cut down. The Fall River mills first reduced wages, then tried curtailment and are now reverting to the reduction of wages. One might suppose that after trying so many expedients, the mills would decide either to pay fair wages or go out of business.

Of course it is understood that a large portion of the sewer work needed, together with the rebuilding of Huntington hall, will be laid over till municipal politics get very much hotter. Then the men who have been growling at the enforced idleness can be put to work with the understanding that they will vote and work for the republican ticket.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

General rules have been placed in each room by Pricipal Irish, who insists that the pupils shall be acquainted with strict discipline.

Kearns should be given a prominent position in the base ball team because he has already shown more interest in the practice than the other pupils by his going to the Boston and Baltimore game last Monday.

Thursday, Capt. Garrity instructed the battalion in the hall.

Mis Amy Bertrand, while taking a pleasure trip on her bicycle Thursday, met with a severe accident by falling in Merrimack street.

Gilligan attended the last bowling game to see the Jewett five defeated.

The reports will soon be out, probably sometime next week.

Miss McAloon was the only young lady in the rhetoric class who would change her recitation hours.

Two first year pupils who are much taller than the average scholar are Miss Quinn and Master Crowley.

Murphy has his team ready and base ball practice will begin immediately.

Tuttle is an usher at the Anne street doors and visitors are cordially received.

Friday examinations were taken by lieutenants for the coloneley.

There will be a foot ball game Wednesday.

After the examination Friday for an officer's position, many of the pupils came out of the room with their faces very much enlarged.

When the reports come out, pupils had better bring them home and have them signed or some forgers will be made an example of by the principal.

BOWLING NEWS.

The Belmonts defeated the Highlands again last night, this time by 57 pins. In the first and third strings, the Belmonts led while the Highlands made a gain of eight in the second. Wilson and Hartwell were the only ones who saw 500. With Adams performing in his usual form, it is probable that the distance between the teams at the close would have been much greater. The score:

BELMONTS.				
Adams	181	137	152	470
E. Murphy	1..9	163	168	470
Runels	175	138	160	473
Fels	137	119	174	460
Wilson	152	180	170	502
Totals	784	767	824	2375
HIGHLANDS				
Church	140	120	136	395
J. Murphy	190	160	139	489
Hartwell	167	171	173	511
Pearson	167	151	157	505
Kittredge	100	143	171	417
Totals	764	775	779	2318

The Young Fellows and Pastimes play on the Wamesit alleys tonight.

FEAST OF SUCCOTH.

At sundown Sunday evening the feast of Succoth ended. The day was spent by Hebrews of Lowell in greeting friends and having a jolly good time. The day, the 9th, is the most important of the period, and is known as Shim Choth Torah. It means rejoicing of law and the completion of reading the five books of Moses.

It is customary among Hebrews to divide the five books of Moses into 52 parts, and one part is read every Sabbathday of the year. The last part was read in synagogues this morning.

The rejoicing is as peculiar as many other orthodox customs. The Tora, or ten commandments, is held by worshippers and they dance, or jump up and down in a gleeful way. Greetings are exchanged and wishes extended to each other that they may live another year to do the same thing. Homes were decorated with wild flowers, evergreens and plants, and happiness reigned Sunday as it does on no other day of the year. Friendship was shown without distinction to rich or poor.

KILLED HIS BROTHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Valparaiso, Ind., Oct. 11—Albert Aigner, a prominent young business man residing ten miles south of this city, has been murdered by his brother, Henry Aigner. The murder was the culmination of a family quarrel. The fratricide has not been arrested.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

DECIDEDLY HUMOROUS.

The National Woolgrowers Are Going Into Politics.

The National Woolgrowers' association is blossoming out in humor. The members of this body held a convention at Columbus, O., recently, and the address of Judge Lawrence, president of the association, advised that they should go actively into politics.

There never was a time when the Woolgrowers' association was out of active politics. It has been an annex to the tariff party ever since it was formed. There is nothing in politics from a ward caucus to the election of president, nothing from the choice of village trustees to the election of a speaker of the house and the appointment of the committee on ways and means in which the professional woolgrowers have failed to mix year after year. For them to talk now about "going into politics" is like talking about Boss Platt's "going into politics."

Judge Lawrence tells the woolgrowers that they must go into politics in order in the state and nation to obtain amendments to the local dog laws and to the Dingley tariff giving a higher protection to wool. The tariff is so high now that it amounts to about three-fourths of the price of wool. Does he want more than that?

But this is not a case for argument. It is the humor of the thing—that the Woolgrowers' association really thinks of "going into politics!"—Chicago Chronicle.

FUN IN POLITICS.

Very Little Humor to Be Extracted From Present Conditions.

There isn't any—not to us.

Sixteen suicides last week on account of poverty and distress. Any fun in that?

Forty-two divorces on account of families not being able to hang together and find means of subsistence. Any fun in that?

Wheat down, corn down, hogs down. A revenue stamp on your dinner, a revenue stamp on your supper, $400,000,000 of bonds to greet the babies as they usher from the womb, follow them, haunt them, distress them all their lives and send them to paupers' graves when they die. Any fun in that?

Not to us.

We love humanity too well to grin over the ghastly spectacle of the plutocratic ghoul thus feeding on the ruins of what Christ did for us—of what our Revolutionary forefathers did for us—to secure an equal freedom in the pursuit of life, liberty and happiness.

We cannot be tickled over the condition of 400 rich men owning over half of the United States and the other millions of us groaning under the distress, privations and sorrow. No, we can't. And we hope you will pardon us for not looking at these in a lightsome manner. God won't let us. We don't want to. We leave this gloating to Republicans. —White Banner.

Republican Hypocrisy.

The Republican press of the country is making great ado over the Anglo-Russian trouble in the east. They hypocritically take up the cudgels for John Bull on the "open door" plea. They want England given a free hand to open up China to manufactured goods for the whole world, to be marketed by England. Now, every sane person knows that the labor of the world cannot enter into competition with the coolies of China. There a man can work and support his family on 3 cents a day. This is the kind of an individual that the Republican party would put into competition with American labor by the "open door" process. There is your great party of protection to American labor and industries. Give it sufficient rope, and it will sell both at the very first opportunity.

The Price of Wheat.

The price of wheat is now about as low as it has been at any time since silver was delivered the final blow in 1893. Yet the price of bread is no lower. The city consumer pays as much for his loaf as he did last year. The farmer who had hoped for higher prices for his big crop is sorely disappointed. There is no famine in India to create an abnormal demand, and in the absence of such a famine the Republican party can do nothing for the farmer.

Spanish and American Blunders.

"The mistakes made in Cuba," said a speaker reported in the daily papers, "are not to be blamed on the army, but on the politicians at the head of the government." The remark sounds as if it might have been made in Washington, but it was not. It was part of General Weyler's speech in the senate at Madrid. It merely goes to show that the mistakes in the Cuban campaign were not all on one side.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Commissions Badly Distributed.

If the government had made the officers of the regular army the arbiters of the distribution of commissions, as they did in the case of the navy, the glaring incompetence which is now throwing shame on our entire military establishment would never have had the power to work evil. The officers of the regular army would have seen to it that only men properly qualified had commissions. —New York Times.

Bonds and War Taxes.

The $200,000,000 in gold held cornered in the treasury would have paid all the expenses of the war without bonds or war taxes, but we have both bonds and war taxes to prevent this hoarded gold from circulating.

Gold Up, Wheat Down.

The war is over, but President McKinley is still holding $200,000,000 in gold in the treasury, and the distribution of bonds goes on. Whatever puts up the price of gold puts down the price of wheat.

CHARLES J. GILLIS.

FORMERLY OF THIS CITY DIED RECENTLY IN NEW YORK.

Charles J. Gillis, died of heart failure at his home No. 123 East Twenty-fourth street, New York, on Friday, September 30th. He was born in Wilmington 76 years ago. He was graduated from the Lowell High school and received an appointment to West Point, but remained there only one year leaving the academy to go into business. Mr. Gillis went to New York in 1844, and was associated for some time with Appleton & Co. He then established the publishing firm of Walker & Gillis in Philadelphia, but returned to New York in 1850 and formed a partnership with James O. Morse for the purpose of manufacturing steam heating appliances. At the time of his death, Mr. Gillis was a member of the firm of Gillis & Geoghegan, No. 537 Broadway, which was established in 1869. He was a member of the Merchants' Central club, the New York Historical and American Geographical societies, the American Museum of Natural History, Metropolitan Museum of Art, and the Sons of the American Revolution. He was married in 1847 to Miss Frances Ellen Goodenough, who died several years ago. A son, Frederick S. Gillis, survives him. The funeral took place Tuesday at 10 o'clock, at the church of the Ascension, Tenth street and Fifth avenue. Rev. Percy S. Grant officiated.

Mr. Gillis as a boy and young man was a contemporary of Gustavus V. Fox, Benjamin F. Butler, J. C. Ayer, William P. Brazer and William Worthen and survived most of them. He occasionally visited his old friend, Mr. Brazer. While at West Point, he was a room mate of General Grant and they were friends through life. Mr. F. P. Marble of this city is a nephew of Mr. Gillis.

GOING TO CAMBRIDGE.

At a meeting of the General Butler Veteran Firemen's association held on Sunday afternoon, final arrangements were made for the Cambridge muster next Wednesday. The association and friends will leave on a special train at 9 o'clock. A special rate has been secured of $1 for the round trip. The tub has been repaired since the accident at Ayer.

It was voted to participate in the muster at Nashua October 20th, and a committee was appointed to take charge of the arrangements for the annual ball at Associate hall on Thanksgiving eve.

ROGERS STREET MACADAMIZED.

At last some other street beside the 10-footers near the Highland club, is being put in proper shape, for part of Rogers street is being macadamized.

ZYNO—Cut this Coupon out.
GOOD FOR A SAMPLE OF
ZYNO
The Great Mexican Blood Tonic.
Goodale's Drug Store.

SCHOEFFLER'S
DYSPEPSIA CURE
CURES
DYSPEPSIA.
25c. a bottle. Trial bottle free at all druggists or Schoeffler Pharmacal Co., Newark, N. J.

N. Y., N. H. and Hartford R. R.

EASTERN DISTRICT—On and after July 1st, 1898, all trains will leave Lowell (Middlesex street depot) as follows:

For Taunton, New Bedford, Newport, Providence, Pawtucket, Marlboro, South Framingham and way stations, at 7.15, 11.25 a. m., 5.25 p. m. All trains connect at South Framingham with Boston and Albany R. R. for Worcester, Springfield, Albany and the west; also at Concord Junction with the Fitchburg R. R.

The 5.25 p. m. train connects with Stonington line and at Newport, R. I. with Fall River line for New York city, the south and west.

SUNDAYS—For South Framingham, Mansfield, Pawtucket, Providence and way-stations, 7.15 a. m. Return at 5.33 p. m., connecting for Worcester and return.

C. PETER CLARK, G. S.
A. C. KENDALL, G. P. A.
I. N. MARSHALL, S. N. D.
GEO. W. MILLER, L. Agt.
Ticket office at Middlesex St. Station.

Boston and Maine Railroad

Corrected to Oct. 3, 1898. Trains leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, 5.45, 6.25, †6.12, *7.15, *8.57, †0.15, *9.40, 11 a m; 1.10, †3.00, 4.25, †5.44 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m.

Trains leave Middlesex Street Station Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, 5.48, 6.25, †6.45, w6.50, 7.01, *7.00, *7.28, 7.31, *7.43, w*8.15, *8.57, †9.19, w9.25, *9.50, w10.50, 11.10, *11.12 a m; w12.05, 12.10, w12.45, 1.48, w2.30, w*3.00, 3.10, *3.17, w4.05, 4.28, w5.10, 6.22, †5.10, w*6.15, *6.22, 7.00, *7.49, w9.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 7.20, 7.28, w8.15, 8.48, 9.13, a m, w12.05, w4.05, 4.25, w5.50, 5.58, w7.25 p m.
For Lawrence, 6.28, w5.50, z7.03, w8.30, w9.25, 10.05, w10.50 a m; w12.05, w2.30, w3.19, w4.05, 4.18, w5.10, w6.15, w7.00, w9.25, w†11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, w8.15 a m, w12.05, w5.30, w7.25 p m.
For Salem, Mass, w6.28, 7.33 a m; w12.05, 1.28, w5.10, 5.51 p m.
For Haverhill, 6.28, 6.50, z7.33, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a m; 12.05, 2.30, 3.10, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.25, †11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p m.
For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.28 a m; 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 6.15 p m.
For Exeter and Dover, 6.28, 6.50, z7.33, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 3.10, 4.05, 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 6.30 p m.
For Rochester and Alton Bay, 6.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05 p m.
For Somersworth, N H, Saco, Old Orchard, and Portland, 6.28, 6.50, z7.33, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05 p m. SUNDAYS, 6.30 p m.
For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 6.30 p m.
For Lewiston, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p m.
For Bangor, Belfast Skowhegan and Rockland 8.30 a m; 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 6.30 p m.
For St John's, N B, Halifax, N S, Montreal and Quebec, 5.10 p m (5.10 does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Eastport and St John, (via steamer from Portland) on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 12.05 p m.
For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport, (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland), Tuesdays and Fridays at 5.10 p m.

For Woburn, 6.28, 7.01, 7.28, *7.43, 11.08 a m; 1.48, 4.28 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.48 a m; 4.25, 5.58 p m.
For Ayer Junction and Way-Stations—7.10 a m; 12.00, 6.01 and 6.48 p m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p m.
For Amherst, Milford and Wilton—9.12a m; 1.00, 3.41, 5.40 p m. SUNDAYS, 2 p m.
For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene—9.12 a m and 3.41 p m. SUNDAYS to Hillsboro, 2 p m.
For Nashua, Manchester and Concord—7.40, 9.12, *9.50 a m; *12.12, 1.00, *1.40, 3.41, *5.40, 6.27, *8.10, †8.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 10.00 a m (to Nashua only), 3.08 a m; 2.00, 6.02, 8.10, 8.40 p m.
For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction—9.12, *9.50 a m; *12.12, *1.40, (to Franklin only) 5.40, †8.10 p m.
For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N H) Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40, 1.40 p m.
For St Johnsbury, and Lyndonville, via Wells River—*9.40 a m, *1.40, †8.40 p m.
For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St Albans, St Johns and Montreal via the Central Vermont Line, *9.40 a m; *12.12, *†8.10 p m.
For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—*9.40 a m; †*8.40 p m.
QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrook—9.40 a m, †8.40 p m.

References: *Express; †Daily. w Via Western Division. (Wednesdays and Saturdays only. 1 Via Bedford. z Via Wilmington Junction.

D. J. FLANDERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent. H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

SAFE
SURE
SPEEDY
MME. LE CLAIR'S
FAMOUS FRENCH REMEDY
Never Fails.
ENDORSED BY THOUSANDS
Of ladies as a periodical regulator without an equal, successful when Cotton Root, Pennyroyal, Ergot, etc., have proven worthless. 25 two-cent stamps brings trial package, and convinces the most skeptical of their wonderful properties. Send 4 cents in stamps for pamphlet, containing valuable information for ladies. Address LeClair Pill Co., U. S. Agents, Boston, Mass. N. B.—All correspondence confidential and returned with trial package.
Goodale's Drug Store, Fiske's Block, 217 Central street, Lowell.

ZYNO—Cut this Coupon out.
GOOD FOR A SAMPLE OF
ZYNO
The Great Mexican Blood Tonic.
Goodale's Drug Store.

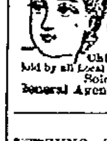
Our New Hoop Bracelets, Puff Combs, Long watch Chains, Stone Rings are Perfect Beauties.

LEGAULT & CO.
Jewellers and Opticians,
70 Central, Cor. Prescott St.

ZYNO—Cut this Coupon out.
GOOD FOR A SAMPLE OF
ZYNO
The Great Mexican Blood Ton I
Goodale's Drug Stroe.

MUSIC HALL
W. H. BOODY, Manager.
Three Nights Commencing Monday, October 10, Matinee Wednesday.
Henry Chanfrau.
Presents the many season's success,
"KIT," the Arkansas Traveller.
SEE 20 Buck and Wing Dancers—20. The Mississippi Levee Scene. The Steamboat Explosion.
Seats on sale at box office.
October 13, 14 and 15, Matinee Saturday with Special Matinee Thursday and Friday,
May Howard's Extravaganza Co.
Everything new from start to finish. New Co., new ideas, new wardrobe, new scenery; 3 new burlesques, written by Fred Solomon and Edgar Smith; Ladies' Alimony Club and Secret Servers, sparkling dialogue; entrancing music; gorgeous costumes; magnificent scenery; an elaborate creation of elegance, introducing the peerless and dashing queen of burlesque, Miss May Howard and twenty pretty girls.
Seats on sale at box office.

N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,
Runels Building, Merrimack Square,
Lowell, Mass.,
is the ONLY FIRST-CLASS BUSINESS and SHORTHAND TRAINING SCHOOL in this part of New England, nearer than Boston and we challenge ANYONE to dispute it publicly. OPEN DAY AND EVENING.
W. J. Sanders, Prin. C. E. Williams, Mgr.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. Safe, always reliable. Ladies ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILADA., PA.
Sold by all Local Druggists.
Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., General Agents. Boston, Mass.

ZYNO—Cut this Coupon out.
GOOD FOR A SAMPLE OF
ZYNO
The Great Mexican Blood Tonic.
Goodale's Drug Store.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

BAY STATE
Dye House
Poverty is no crime, but to be a penny wise and a pound foolish is what most of the people are and if they were not they would not throw their old clothes away when they are not half worn out, and this applies to the ladies as well as gents.
Now what we wish to say is that we know just where you can save dimes and often dollars by bringing your old winter clothing to the
BAY STATE DYE WORKS,
54 Prescott Street.
and when we get done with them they will look almost as good as new. Just give them a trial order and you will feel like thanking us for our advice.

SUFFOLK LOAN CO.
(CORPORATION.)
245 Washington Street, Boston, up one flight. (Near entrance to Boston Tavern.)
MONEY TO LOAN
At legal rates of interest on diamonds, watches, jewelry, life insurance policies, legacies, shares, bonds or any other good security.

TAXES

Collector's Notice.

The assessors have committed to the Collector of Taxes, the

TAX LIST FOR 1898,

With instructions to collect in the manner prescribed by the Statutes of the Commonwealth and the Ordinances of the City of Lowell the sums assessed by them to the persons named therein and he is now ready to receive payment of said taxes at his office in City Hall.

When a Poll Tax only is assessed, the Tax is due, and if not paid forthwith, the Collector will proceed to collect the Tax as directed by the General Statutes.

WARRANTS will be promptly issued for the collection of Poll Taxes.

SUMMONS, bearing costs will be issued against delinquent Poll and Personal Tax Payers on or about November 1st.

INTEREST at the rate of seven per cent. per annum will be charged upon all Taxes which remain unpaid October 20, 1898, until the same shall be paid; and such interest shall be added to and considered a part of said Taxes. Poll Taxes are assessed upon every male inhabitant above the age of 20 years. On undivided real estate each heir is liable for the whole tax. An error in the name of the person taxed does not defeat the collection of the tax. Each partner is liable for the whole tax assessed under the partnership name.

The assessors are now distributing Tax Bills. If any ratable inhabitant by removing his residence since the first day of May or from any cause, should not receive his Tax Bill, he must consider the tax demanded by this notice and a new bill will be made out on application at the office of the City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes if a tax has been assessed.

All who preserve their Tax Bills and bring them when they come to pay will save the time of making a new bill and facilitate the business of the office.

THE RATE OF TAXATION FOR 1898 IS $18.00 ON $1000.

Office Hours: From 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 P. M. For the convenience of the Tax-Paying public the office of the Collector will be open in the evening as follows: Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, from October 3 to October 15, inclusive, 7 to 8 o'clock P. M. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, from October 17 to 20, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock P. M.

Look for your Tax Bill at your place of residence May 1st, 1898, and bring it with you.

CHARLES F. COBURN.
City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes for the City of Lowell.

You Won't Need Bellows
To induce your coal to burn if you buy it of us. Our coal burns when you ask it to—and it all burns, too. It will save heat, time, temper and money for you. This is a good time to lay in your next season's stock.
D. W. HORNE & SON,
15 Central Street.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED.)
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Golden Cream
India Pale Ale
And Porter.
OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE
JOHN LENNON & CO., AND
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.
Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.
The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:
JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM GUINEY & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
NOEL TRAVERSY.
J. H. McCAFFREY & CO.
PATRICK TEAGUE.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
JOHN M. PEVEY.
F. BRADY & CO.
ROCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHOE & CO.
It can also be found at the following places:
FRANK BARNARD.
JNO. H. BURKE.
JOS. H. CLARK & CO.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
P. KEYES, Jr.
JNO. DONOHOE & CO.
T. F. GARVEY & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
A. F. ROACH & CO.
JNO. J. BARROWS & CO.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
WM. H. MERRITT & CO
P. H. BROSNAHAN & CO.
W. H. BOODY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
SMITH & DUNN.
F. H. CALLAHAN & CO
EDWARD F. FAULKNER & CO.
JNO. F. KINSELLA & CO.
GARVEY & MEADE.
FRANK BRADY & CO.
JAMES CALNIN.
D. T. FINNEGAN.
FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED)

FLOWER STANDS
All Kinds.
APPLE PARERS
Corers and Slicers.
MEAT CUTTERS
All Kinds.
FRUIT PRESSES
For Small Fruits.
FRUIT PICKER
With Long Handle.
FIBRE PAILS and TUBS
BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.

Notice. For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $22 Suits for $15; his $26 Suits for $20; his $30 suits for $25. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.
A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central St.

THE WONDERFUL NEW DRINK!
"GLORIA"
ASK FOR GLORIA.
Gives the vigor and pleasure of youth. Half a day of new and vigorous life in every drink. Try it. 5 CENTS A GLASS.
S. BARTLETT, Agt., 160 and 162 Middlesex St.

THE LOWELL
Gas Light Company
Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle
SEWELL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.
DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.
Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is
$1.00 One Thousand Feet.
First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.60 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

EMERY LAND
Office Removed to
3 HILDRETH BUILDING
House lots near the new Moody street bridge on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 5,625 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 200 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy.
Wm. H. Emery
A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

We Bottle Botz's Half Stock
And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Botz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.
GEORGE W. ENRIGHT'S
Corner Willie and Broadway.

JOHN W. McEVOY,
137 Central St., opp. American House.
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY,
Mansur Block.
COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM,
132 Merrimack Street,
PHOTOGRAPHERS.
Crayons, Pastels, and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

W. A. LEW,
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CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

CHARLES H. COSGROVE,
Room 16 Hildreth Building.
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

J. M. KINGSBURY,
No. 373 Bridge Street.
MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

LOWELL RENDERING COMPANY
Wholesale Dealers in
Tallow, Bones, Grease, Neats-foot Oil,
SOAP AND SOAP POWDER,
Hides, Calfskins and Pelts.
Dead Animals Removed Promptly Upon Notification.
532-4—Telephone—322-3.

DRAWING AND PAINTING
MISS HELEN WRIGHT
Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 9th, at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing, flat copy and Models, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

GATELY & PEARSON,
SOLICITORS OF PATENTS
Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty.
41 HILDRETH BUILDING.

FLIES AND DISEASE

One of the Causes of Typhoid at Camp Thomas.

Spoiled Supplies Were Thrown Away—Too Much Meat for a Tropical Climate—Testimony of Major Gallagher—Yellow Fever Stamped Out in Santiago.

Washington, Oct. 11.—Three witnesses ere before the war investigation comission Monday—Captain Culver of he Grigsby rough riders, Dr. Hysell, hief surgeon of the Second division at amp Thomas, and Major Gallagher, ho was in charge of various commisary depots in the Santiago campaign. r. Hysell's testimony dealt with the anitary and hospital conditions at Camp homas. He said that there was less yphoid fever in the troops of the Seced division than in the other divisions. r. Hysell thought typhoid had been rought into the camp from the outside, nd that the increase had been due to the ailure to properly cover the sinks and the prevalence of flies. He did not hink it possible effectually to isolate yphoid fever cases, as typhoid was so fficult to detect in its early stages. All asonable precautions had been taken locating the camp to prevent the development of disease. He admitted that the case of another war more effective eans could be provided.

At the afternoon session the committe examined Major Hugh J. Gallagher. e had served as depot commissary at iboney, San Juan and Santiago, and cently occupied this position at Monauk Point, having been made chief ommissary of General Shafter's corps. he rations, he said, were forwarded alost as rapidly as they were landed. nly very small quantities could be acumulated, yet the commissary, during s stay at Siboney, had been able to eet all requisitions made for rations by e troops. He heard no complaint of ck of rations at the front. At first they ere able to forward about 30,000 rations r day. From Siboney the depot was oved to El Poso, seven miles distant, nd at this point there were never ough rations on hand for even a day head, and it was impossible to fill all e requisitions. There was a shortage coffee and sugar, which continued for o or three days. It was due to the difculty in landing supplies because of e high surf at Siboney. All the rations ere good, but in some cases the hard ead would be injured by sudden shows. When this happened the bread was rown aside and not issued. After El oso was reached the officers were supied with the same rations that were ven the men. This was against the w, as rations are not supplied to offirs, but the emergency made the disibution to them necessary.

Major Gallagher said there was one stance when the canned roast beef oiled, and it was destroyed. Some otatoes, onions and tomatoes were also rown away at Santiago for the same ason.

There was a shortage of lighters, but e major was not able to say why this as so. Speaking of the facilities for nding the men in Cuba, he expressed e opinion that if the war were to be ught over again a large supply of ghters should be furnished. In addion to the American army the refugees ere also fed. No effort was made to ve the full ration, but articles were nt to them as could be spared from our vn troops. He thought enough was ven to supply 2000 men. After his epot was located at Santiago there was o shortage. While at this point the panish prisoners were also supplied om the general depot, as were some of e citizens of the place. Giving his pinion as to the ration, Major Gallagher id it had too much meat in it for a tropal climate. The men seemed to demand ore tomatoes and rice than they reived. On one occasion it had been ecessary to issue green coffee to men the firing lines, but the issue had only en for a day, and the emergency was navoidable. He thought the ration hould contain more dried and canned uits, and also rice and syrup, and there hould be more tea and coffee.

Colonel Denby pressed for informaon as to the shortage of coffee and gar, and Major Gallagher stated that ere were probably two days when the en were without these articles. He id the storm was the immediate cause this deficiency, but that if there had en a sufficiency of lighters this diffilty would not have occurred. The ajor said there was not to his knowlige a shortage in any any other article food during the campaign.

Mr. Denby told him there was a comaint of deficiency covering a month's me, but Major Gallagher said he knew othing of it.

"Suppose," said General McCook, "this ortage of rations had lasted for seven ays instead of two, what would have en the result?"

"We would probably have had to fall ack," replied Major Gallagher. "Men ernot fight on short rations." It was eneral Shafter's orders that no formal quisitions for rations should be reured and that food should be given to ose needing it. Gallagher had applied r extra stores aboard the Grand uchese, lying in Santiago harbor, but e application had not been favorably nsidered, for the reason that the vesel was needed for transporting troops Camp Wikoff.

General Beaver received a letter from rs. Hugh Lange of Brooklyn, who parcipated in the relief work at Montauk oint, relating to her interview with resident McKinley when he visited amp Wikoff. She was reported to have id to the president that some of the en were "carried out in a dying condion in order to get rid of them." This, he says, she did not say, but she asked in passing through the wards, the president noticed the number of empty cots. He replied that he had noticed them, and then she requested him to ask why the men were without care in the detention and in some of the regimental hospitals. The letter continues: "I will also ask you to go back of the conditions at the time General Wheeler arrived, and investigate why no preparation was made to receive and care for our sick and suffering soldiers. I never saw more devoted or more self-sacrificing work under the most trying conditions, or greater patience and perseverance than was always exhibited by the executive officers of Camp Wikoff, particularly Major Heiseman, Major Brown and Major Thomasson. The sanitary condition at the general hospital was appalling until the general police work was taken up by Lieutenant Durfee of the Second engineers."

IN SANTIAGO.

Santiago, Oct. 11.—The health of the United States troops now in the province of Santiago has considerably improved, not more than 10 percent being on the sick list. Most of the cases of indisposition are merely light malarial fevers. Yellow fever has been practically stamped out of the city by the systematic cleaning process put into operation.

For several weeks Major Barber, who is at the head of the street cleaning department, has had 600 men engaged in carting away the filth of generations, which is burned at one or the other of the crematories. General Wood has shown wonderful ability in bringing order out of the chaos that ensued upon the departure of the Spaniards. He is without question one of the most popular officials in this part of the island. In making appointments he places no personal favorite, but takes the verdict of 50 of the most prominent Cubans, who are answerable for the honesty and efficiency of the candidates they propose.

General Lawton is well satisfied with the soldierly qualities displayed by his men since they have been here, and all reports from other places in the province as to the behavior of the American troops are equally satisfactory. There has been very little drunkenness, which, when one remembers that, as a soldier tersely put it, "Drink is cheap and you are always thirsty," is really remarkable.

Officers of all grades and enlisted men are receiving by every mail letters from people in the United States asking information as to the possibilities of investment in this part of Cuba. In the early future there ought to be numerous openings, but at present General Wood advises investors not to come if they intend their investments to take the form of land purchase, as the records and archives have been left in a shocking state by the Spanish authorities, presumably with the intention of making additional difficulties for their successors. A man with a little capital would do well here with a steam laundry, an American bakery, or a small store with good groceries. Such enterprises could be made to pay at the very outset. October is the last of the rainy season here, but from all accounts it must be the worst of the lot. There is a Cuban proverb which runs thus: "A thousand showers in April fill a bucket, but one in October is an ocean." With November, however, comes fine weather, with cool winds and good health.

MOVEMENTS OF GENERALS.

Washington, Oct. 11.—Major General Joseph C. Breckenridge will return to duty Nov. 30 as inspector general of the army. It is understood that there will be other changes in the commands of army corps stationed in the south. General Wheeler, who will command the Fourth corps, stated before leaving Washington that he expected to resume his seat in the house soon after the beginning of the session. General Graham, who is to command the Second corps, has retired as a brigadier general, and the question has arisen whether he shall be continued longer in the volunteer service. The attorney general has rendered an opinion that there is no reason why he should not, but there is a feeling among army officers that it is not altogether fair to the younger men, who should have an opportunity to secure higher commands. It is altogether likely that Generals Bates and Chaffee later on will succeed to the command of the Second and Fourth corps, and General Wilson will continue to command the First corps.

EVACUATION OF PORTO RICO.

San Juan, Oct. 11.—Wild rumors of depredations in the western part of the island continue, but there is little foundation for them, though a certain disorderly element is still seeking the opportunity of personal vengeance. Inquiry here as to these stories, which are of Spanish origin, show that they are greatly exaggerated.

The American evacuation commissioners received an important communication from Washington Sunday, and a special meeting was at once called to consider it and formulate a course of action. At the joint session yesterday the Americans told the Spaniards it would be necessary to complete the evacuation by Oct. 18, undertaking to supply transportation for the remainder of the Spanish troops at that date if it should be necessary.

Interest on taxes begins October 20th.

BEST SOLUTION

Of the Economic Problem in Jamaica.

PAPERS SAY WOULD BE RECIPROCAL TREATY

Between Jamaica and the United States.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Kingston, Ja., Oct. 10.—The question of the annexation of the island of Jamaica to Canada, which was mooted about a month ago, has now been definitely put before the public through the medium of the semi-official newspaper, the Gleaner, which today publishes a review of the economic situation and says that beyond a doubt a feeling is growing in favor of political incorporation with Canada. "But," says the Gleaner, "on the whole, if a reciprocal treaty with the United States could be effected, this would be the best possible solution of the economic problem."

SELECTING CAMPS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Havana, Oct. 10.—The special American commission charged to select camps for the American troops to be sent here shortly, visited Guanajay, Mariel, and other places in the province of Pinar del Rio yesterday. The commissioners travelled by a special train which returned here last night. They have decided that a camp is to be located on the hills in the vicinity of Guanajay and it is reported that the first American troops will reach there about November 10. The railroad engineers report the roads as being in a very bad condition.

General Wade, Colonel Clous, Captain Hart and Lieut. Wade had a brief interview this forenoon with Captain General Blanco.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

The triennial conclave of Knights Templars is well under way in Pittsburg today.

The party of government officials that will attend the Omaha exposition left Washington today.

The democrats of the Sixth Massachusetts congressional district have named E. Moody Boynton as their candidate for congress.

The triennial council of the Episcopal church in session at Washington today discussed the amendment to the constitution which related mainly to the internal organization of the church.

SUSPICIOUS DEATH.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Philadelphia, Oct. 10.—A suspicious death which occurred on board the Norwegian steamer Banan, today, at Reedy Island, has been diagnosed by the quarantine station as yellow fever. The Banan is a fruit steamer, and plies between Philadelphia and Port Antonio.

SITUATION CALMER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 10.—The situation here is much calmer. Only one band of strikers needed dispersal today. But as a matter of precaution the military pickets were further increased. Several meetings of workingmen took place during the day at the Bourse du Travail and resolutions favoring a continuance of the strike were passed.

ALL ARE SATISFIED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Oct. 10.—The comments in public and in the newspapers show that he Marquis of Salisbury's determined stand on the question of the occupation of Fashoda has come as a most welcome relief and as disposing of all the stories of a possible compromise. No whisper of dissent is heard anywhere. Both friends and opponents of the premier are rejoiced at the fact that in publishing the blue book on the Fashoda question, he has burned his bridges behind him.

OFFICIAL DENIAL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 10.—The Associated Press has received the following communication:

Hunstville, Ala., Oct. 9, 1898.

In contradiction of a recent statement published in the Cincinnati Post, this is to certify that there is not and has not been a case of yellow fever or a case of even remote suspicion in this city of Huntsville, Ala., at the present time or since this has been a camp; in fact, there has not been a case in the county since 1878 and then the city was made a place of refuge for the citizens of Memphis and the cases were of refugees in Memphis. Hope you will give this the proper circulation.

(Signed)

JERE. MURPHY, Mayor.

S. M. GONZALES, M. D., Expert for Shafter's army in Cuba.

J. T. JOHNSON, Chairman Board of Health and County Health Officer.

CELERY IS A WONDERFUL PLANT

And is now universally conceded by scientists to be the only herb which effectually cures all nervous troubles. Celery forms the principal part of Cleveland's Celery Compound Tea, the great vegetable remedy for Nervous Prostration, Nervous Exhaustion, Constipation, Indigestion, Headache, Impure Blood and all diseases of the Stomach, Liver and Kidneys. Call on F. H. Butler & Co., 265 Central and 391 Middlesex street and get a trial package free. Large package, 25c.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

TRAGEDY OF THE SEA

A Father Sees His Sons Die.

The Parent Himself was Almost Gone When Aid Arrived and He was Rescued.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chatham, Mass., Oct. 10.—The crew of the Monomoy Life Saving Station picked up a boat full of water in Chatham Bay this morning, in which were also the dead bodies of two persons and that of another nearly lifeless. The latter, the only survivor of a party of four who started in a small sail boat from Harwichport for Chatham, yesterday, was Charles Hamer of Harwich. The others were Claude and Joseph Hamer, sons of the man who was rescued today and Freeman Bassett, also of Harwich. The boat was upset by Bassett's climbing the mast to fix the gaff which had become loosened. Claude Hamer was lost overboard. The others perished in the boat. Claude and Joseph Hamer were respectively 10 and 12 years of age. Mr. Bassett was about 40.

The boat containing the bodies was sighted by S. B. Chase, the day watchman of the Monomoy Station, far out in the bay. It was hardly discernable to untrained eyes but the life saver made it out and summoned the crew. The men put out and on coming up with the stray craft saw the apparently lifeless bodies of two men and a boy in the water which nearly filled the boat. A moment later they had discovered signs of life in one of the men but the others were beyond hope of restoration. The man who was not dead was removed quickly and with the two bodies, the rescuers started for the shore. On arriving at the station, prompt remedies were administer to the survivor who revived sufficiently to tell his name and those of his companions.

Later, he was able to talk. His story was to the effect that himself and those who accompanied him started from Harwichport yesterday afternoon to go to Chatham. The trip had been accomplished all but a few miles when the gaff became loosened and Bassett started to climb the mast to fix it. His weight aloft proved more than the boat could stand, and it capsized, throwing its occupants into the water. They all reached the side of the boat and the others supported themselves while Mr. Hamer unstepped the mast. They then righted the boat and all climbed in. As soon as Bassett found himself comparatively safe, he seemed to become frantic and in trying to embrace Mr. Hamer, whom he regarded as his rescuer, capsized the boat again. This time, although weakened by his previous exertions, he caught his son Joseph and held him until the lad could support himself by clinging to the gunwale, but the others went down immediately and did not rise again.

The boat was righted a second time and Mr. Hamer, nearly exhausted, pushed his boy over the side into it, clambered in himself and pulled Bassett in. The boy and Bassett both were so far gone that Hamer was unable to revive them and soon afterwards in spite of his efforts, he saw that both were dead. The accident occurred late yesterday afternoon. All night, the boat drifted. Hamer sitting helplessly in the water with the two bodies, held that of his son in his weakened arms. At length daylight came and Mr. Hamer managed to get hold of a piece of wreckage which he placed in the boat hole. Then he sat down again and when found by the life savers, he was slowly slipping into the water, his fingers becoming fixed in a death grip on the edge of the hole in such a way as to prevent him from falling. Mr. Hamer says he can remember very little after daylight and was unconscious of rescue until he found himself at the life saving station.

Under the restoratives supplied there he gained considerable strength and he will be taken to his home as soon as possible.

RAIDED THE TOWN

Burglars Ransack Every Business House In Grand Blanc

TRUNKS WERE OPENED AND CONTENTS SCATTERED

Fourteen Men are Now Under Arrest.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 10.—A special from Pere Marquette, says the villa of Grand Blanc was raided Saturday night by burglars and nearly every business house entered and ransacked. After entering Moody's blacksmith shop and stealing some tools, the burglars proceeded to the grist mill and two elevators, which they entered. The money drawers and safes of each were rifled and their contents taken away.

The Flint and Pere Marquette railroad station was the next place for the robbers. The railroad company's office was thoroughly ransacked and everything of value was taken. Trunks belonging to passengers were broken open and their contents strown about. The express office is in this building and suffered the same fate.

Efforts were made to enter other stores but a watch dog gave the alarm and scared the thieves away.

Sheriff McCall has been working on the case, and at 7 o'clock last night fourteen men charged with the offense had been placed behind the bars in this city.

TEN YEARS' SENTENCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Providence, R. I., Oct. 10.—Walker Ballou, convicted of manslaughter in causing the death of Constable Albert Johnson at Silver Hook, July 18, last, was sentenced at East Greenwich today to ten years at hard labor in the state prison

TROOPS START.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 10.—This morning 120 of the 140th Minnesota left for towns of the Fosston Extension of the Great Northern railroad on the northern border of the Leech Lake reservation. Lieut. Col. Johnson was in command. The men carried tents, 100 pounds of ammunition and several days' rations. They will be stationed mostly at Farris and Bemidjie.

PARIS RACES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 10.—At the Paris autumn meeting yesterday, the Prix de Newmarket of 10,000 francs, for three-year-olds and upwards, was won by Trencin. Vaillante was second. Tod Sloan rode Monopole, but was unplaced.

The Prix Cascade was won by a neck by Buisson Ardent, ridden by Sloan, at 2 to 1. Feu Sacre was second.

The Prix Gravilliers was won by Little Monarch. Petit was second. Tulliebourgey with Sloan up, was unplaced in this event.

SHERMAN HOAR

Was Buried In Concord This Afternoon.

GOV. WOLCOTT PRESENT AT THE FUNERAL.

High Tributes Paid to the Deceased.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Concord, Mass., Oct. 10.—Prominent men from Boston and other cities and towns in the commonwealth this afternoon attended the funeral of Hon. Sherman Hoar, former congressman and United States district attorney.

Business was practically suspended and many of Mr. Hoar's former townsmen were present at the services. There was a short service, attended only by the family at the Hoar homestead. The public services took place at 3 o'clock in the Unitarian church. The casket was covered with broadcloth and lay in front of the old fashioned pulpit which was filled with beautiful floral designs.

The services were conducted by Rev. Samuel A. Eliot of Cambridge, secretary of the American Unitarian association, assisted by Rev. Henry King Hannah of Concord, rector of Trinity church. Both paid high attributes to Mr. Hoar. The members of the Hoar family were present. Senator George Frisbie Hoar, and Governor Roger Wolcott also attended. The bearers were Harvard classmates and were W. L. Putnam, B. M. Bradley, J. H. Storer, F. M. Stone, W. C. Waite, C. F. Shaw and H. E. Warner.

The Massachusetts Volunteer Aid association, Middlesex club, Bar association, Chamber of Commerce and the American Unitarian association, was represented by large delegations

CLERKS, ATTENTION!

FRIDAY EVENING CLOSING.

A mass meeting of the clerks, women as well as men, will be held in Knights of Columbus Hall, Associate building, on Tuesday evening, at 7.30 sharp.

Business of the greatest importance demands your presence and co-operation.

—J. S. Hastings,
C. H. Storey.

FOOT BALL.

HOW THE FAIRMOUNTS BEAT THE HILLSIDES.

The Fairmount football team defeated the Hillsides in Centralville on Saturday by a score of 6 to 0. The Fairmounts report that their opponents know very little about the game and that it is rather surprising that the score was not less than nothing.

The features of the game were the rushing of Nesmith and the tackling of King. Young McDermott got bitten on the hand, having put his fist into somebody's mouth to stop a holler for the losers. The line up was as follows:

Bayard, centre; Coman, r. g.; McDermott, l. g.; McOsker, r. t.; Harrington, l. t.; Burns, r. e.; Fred Burns, l. e.; King q. b.; Nesmith, f. b; Simonds, r. h.

PLEASANT DROPPED ON SUGAR.

Every Mother should have it in the house for the many common ailments which will occur in every family as long as life has woes. Dropped on sugar suffering children love it. Johnson's Anodyne Liniment cures every form of inflammation, internal or external. The real danger from disease is caused by inflammation; cure the inflammation and you conquer the disease.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Originated in 1810 by an old Family Physician. Could a remedy have existed for almost a century except that it possess extraordinary merit for many family ills? There is not a medicine in use today which has the confidence of the public to a greater extent than this wonderful Anodyne. It has stood upon its own intrinsic virtue while generation after generation have used it as a Universal Household Remedy from infancy to good old age.

Our book "Treatment for Diseases," mailed free. Doctor's Signature and Directions on every bottle. At all Druggists. I. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass.

APPEAL FOR SPAIN

French Newspapers Want Us to Be Generous.

Our Commission Discussing Questions Relating to Cuba and the Adjustment of the Island's Debt.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 10.—The United States peace commission held two sessions today. They were devoted to acquiring and weighing information relative to all the questions involved in the matters under the immediate consideration of the commissioners. It is believed that the questions now being discussed relate to Cuba and the adjustment of the debt of that island.

The Paris newspapers show evidence of anxiety in behalf of the Spanish cause. Les Journal Des Debats, on Saturday said the Philippine question was being considered by the joint commission and the Matin of Sunday followed with a similar statement, alleging that an understanding regarding Cuba and Porto Rico was possible, "as the United States claims everything and Spain refuses nothing, but the difficulty arises on the question of the Philippine Islands."

The Matin closed its remarks on the subject by expressing the belief that "we shall see the republic, which has just shown herself to be so brave and strong, show herself also generous."

In view of the fact that the joint commissions have not yet considered the Philippine question, the Paris papers appear to Americans as making the statement that the Philippines are under consideration in order to be in a position to adjure the American commission to use Spain generously.

The Gaulois this morning reviews the political situation and draws the conclusion "between the alleged republican purpose of expansion and the democratic opposition, thereto, President McKinley and the United States commission will be inspired after all, with the sentiments of generosity which are the honor of victorious nations."

The keynote of these expressions seems to have been sounded by a Spanish diplomat to an American here last night, the diplomat saying that the United States should be generous towards Spain. That remark and the utterances of the French press give to each other added significance.

A despatch from Madrid this morning says the cost of Cuban and Philippine campaigns will exceed 8,000,000,000 pesetas.

GRIGSBY'S TROOPS

Had Plenty of Food That was Good

SO THEIR CAPTAIN TESTIFIED THIS MORNING.

Before War Investigating Commission.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 10.—Captain J. H. Culver of Troop A, of the Third U. S. Cavalry, (Grigsby's Rough Riders) was before the war investigation commission today. He had been stationed at Camp Thomas, Chickamauga, from May until he was mustered out on the 11th of September. His company had been located in the woods, but while the site was dry, he thought they would have been better off in the open. The food generally was abundant and good. On one occasion the meat was tainted but it was condemned and exchanged. He stated, however, that the tainted meat was not badly spoiled and that he would have been glad enough to use it in the civil war.

Captain Howell interrupted the proceedings, to inquire the object of the examination of the witness, to which Governor Beaver, who was conducting the examination, replied that it was to show what the different bureaus of the war department had done and how they did it, and he though the inquiry very pertinent. To this Mr. Howell responded:

The proper men from whom to secure this information are the officers who supplied the equipment.

Pay your taxes now.

SAID "NOT GUILTY"

That was Mrs. George's Plea to Murder Charge

COURT ROOM CROWDED WHEN CASE WAS CALLED.

The Prisoner Apparently Is Not Disturbed.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Canton, Ohio, Oct. 10.—Anna E. George charged with the murder of George D. Saxton, was brought into Justice Reigner's court room in the custody of Constable Charles Henry today to enter her plea to the affidavit charging her with the murder. The court room was filled. Justice Reigner asked Mrs. George if she were guilty or not guilty to the charge made against her in the affidavit.

Mrs. George, while seemingly not disturbed in the least, but in a very weak and scarcely audible voice, answered not guilty.

The preliminary hearing will take place next Tuesday.

Last night was without incident in the cell of the prisoner. It is claimed that the defence will be an alibi and that the shots were fired by a man in woman's garb.

A postal card, dated Springfield, Ohio, October 8th, addressed to the chief of Police, Canton, signed, "X. Y. Z," saying: "I killed Saxton and am not sorry for it; catch me if you can," has been received by Mayor Rice.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

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POND'S EXTRACT OINTMENT IS UNEQUALED FOR PILES.

Why not something else? Because

Dr. J. J. Thomas says: "It is incomparably superior to any extract of Hamamelis I have ever used."

Dr. O. G. Randall says: "Nothing can equal Pond's Extract. I have tested others, and yours is four times as strong as the best."

Dr. J. C. Mitchie says: "Pond's Extract of Hamamelis Virginica is the only reliable article I have found."

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Dr. R. J. Harrison says: "I have never found any extract equal to Pond's."

Dr. Powell says: "Hereafter I shall use no other than Pond's Extract."

And numerous others of similar purport.

And that's why.

POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 Fifth Avenue, New York.

THE INDIAN TROUBLE

Gen. Bacon Reports on the Situation.

A Conference Without Result—Recalcitrant Element is Practically Surrounded—Other Matters.

Minneapolis, Oct. 11.—The federal and state authorities are working in harmony toward the quelling of the Indian revolt. Governor Clough received the following message from General Bacon: "Situation bad; conference resulted in nothing. None of the Indian chiefs were there. The lumber men are all coming in to Walker. Troops needed at Cass lake." Nevertheless the governor believes that the situation is well in hand and that the recalcitrants are practically surrounded by soldiers.

The construction crews on the northwestern extension of the Brainerd & Northern to Bemidji and northward to Cass lake have joined the refugees at Walker, and it may be necessary to send them back to work under guard, as these two extensions, in the event of a prolongation of the trouble, would be of strategic value. Troops may yet be placed at three more points in addition to the present forces at Forston' line points. These are where the line crosses the Mississippi, the Indian portage train three miles west of Ball Club lake. With these avenues of escape cut off it would be practically impossible for the hostiles to escape northward.

The governor has received a personal statement signed by Chief Ned-Gay-Bug-Emanoway-Rush: "We, the Chippewa Indians at Pine Point, beg to state to the public that we are perfectly friendly to the whites and have no ill-feeling, nor are in any way hostile. We have decided at the council not to take any part whatever in the Leach lake trouble."

A telegram from Barker says: "Women just in at McGregor from Portage lake report two dozen Indians in war paint drove her from her home. She thinks her husband and father are killed."

HOME RULE CAUSE

No Change in Attitude of Redmond.

THE OLD SLOGAN SOUNDED ANEW.

Scheme to Bring About United Action.

Dublin, Oct. 11.—At a convention of Parnellites Monday John Redmond said that it was incredible that a statesman with Mr. Chamberlain's experience and astuteness should declare that the passing of the Irish local government bill satisfied the aspirations of Irishmen. The Parnellites, he added, would not be satisfied until they secured home rule.

JOHN E. REDMOND.

Resolutions were passed in favor of home rule, approving the local government act, denouncing the project of an Anglo-American alliance and urging the release of political prisoners. The following is the text of the resolution on the alliance: "This convention denounces the project of an alliance between Great Britain and the United States as a selfish attempt on the part of England to drag the American people to its aid in its struggles with the powers of Europe, among whom it now stands, by reason of its bad faith, absolutely isolated. Consequently, as friends of America, we, the members of this convention, hope that the republic will not allow itself to be embroiled in European squabbles, from which, however these may result, there cannot be any corresponding advantage for American interests."

BID FOR A REUNION.

Glasgow, Oct. 11.—John Dillon, anti-Parnellite member of parliament for East Mayo, at a banquet given here last evening in his honor, made a practical bid for the reunion of the sections of the Irish party. He said he wished that a conference of 10 representative Irishmen, half nominated by John Redmond and the other half by himself, could meet and draft a scheme to reconcile the difference among the Irish nationalists, the scheme then to be submitted to the leading Irishmen of the country at a convention.

Mr. Dillon said he would be willing to enter such a conference on the basis of absolute independence of all the English parties, and declared himself convinced that there were no real, substantial differences to prevent the co-operation of all nationalist members of parliament in support of the Gladstonian policy of home rule.

WILLIAM AND THE VATICAN.

Berlin, Oct. 11.—There is no truth in the rumor that Germany contemplates not filling the post of minister at the vatican. It is added that Baron Von Buelow's successor has already been chosen and that his name will shortly be announced.

Von Buelow's recall is regarded here as due to the annoyance of Emperor William, and the government at the pope's recent declaration in favor of France's traditional protectorate over Catholics in the east. Germany insists on protecting her own subjects, and the pope's attitude on the eve of Emperor William's eastern tour is resented.

Though there is no breach with the vatican, sometime will probably elapse before Von Buelow's successor takes up his post; but there is no doubt that he will be instructed to acquaint the vatican with the German feeling on the subject.

A WAR NOT LIKELY.

London, Oct. 11.—The morning papers all renew their comments upon the Fashoda situation, but on neither side of the channel is any idea given expression that the affair is likely to lead to war. The worst that can happen is the resignation of M. Delcasse, the French foreign minister, or perhaps the whole ministry; but were it not for the delicate internal situation in France arising out of the Dreyfus affair and the strike, the Fashoda question would involve no danger whatever.

The general attitude of responsible journals in Paris is to wait for the arrival of the text of the blue book despatches before committing themselves to a decided opinion. The view of official circles is that there will be no difficulty if a way can be found to give French commerce access to the Nile.

MURDER OF A GIRL.

Selins Grove, Pa., Oct. 11.—Daisy Smith, aged 16 years, a daughter of Henry Smith, a wealthy farmer of Bolle's Run, near here, was found murdered in a field near her home. Her body was riddled with shot and there was a gaping knife wound in her throat. The affair is mysterious.

William Krissinger, an ex-convict, was arrested tonight on suspicion of being the assassin. It is thought the murderer attempted to assault the girl and meeting with resistance killed her.

FOR UMPIRE AND REFEREE.

New Haven, Oct. 11.—At a conference of the athletic authorities of Yale, Princeton and Harvard to arrange the appointments of officials for the Yale-Princeton and Yale-Harvard football games, it was agreed that Paul A. Dassiel of Lehigh university shall be the umpire for both games. Ex-Captain McClung of Lehigh has also been agreed upon by Yale and Harvard for referee of their game, and it is very probable that he will act in a like capacity at the Yale-Princeton game.

ALLEGED INCENDIARY HELD.

Fitchburg, Mass., Oct. 11.—The case of Max Kulwinski, charged with setting fire to a block in which lived eight families, who barely escaped with their lives, and in a part of which he kept a store, came up in the police court Monday. The examination of witnesses consumed nearly the entire day. The principal testimony was offered by Fire Marshal Shaw and his agents, and on the strength of it Kulwinski was held in $5,000 for the superior court.

VICTIM OF STRONG DRINK.

Hartford, Oct. 11.—George K. Wilcox, assistant judge of the East Hartford town court and a reporter on the Times, was found dead in a meadow yesterday afternoon. He had taken carbolic acid. He leaves a widow and four boys. Wilcox was in debt and a victim of strong drink. He wrote his own obituary, which contained the principal facts about his life.

WANTED A SWIM.

New York, Oct. 11.—While the Berlin was off Robbins' reef, Steward John McKenna jumped overboard. He said just before he went over the side that he was "going to take a swim." Oiler Dominick of the transport jumped into the water to save McKenna, who had evidently been taken with cramps, but before he could render assistance McKenna was drowned.

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Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

PENSION CLAIMS

Evans Denies a Widely Spread Story

CONCERNING CERTAIN POLICY ON PENSION CLAIMS.

Marriage and Divorce Canon of Episcopal Church.

Washington, Oct. 11.—Wide circulation has been given to the story originating at the annual encampment of the G. A. R. in Cincinnati that "the commissioner of pensions had called his chiefs together and instructed them to disregard totally every aplication based on deafness and rheumatism in the adjudication of claims for pensions."

The commissioner authorizes the following statement: "First—No such instructions were given. Second—As to deafness, the present medical referee the bureau, Dr. J. F. Raub, a prominent G. A. R. man, says there has been no change in the adjudication of claims for deafness since the present schedule of ratings, which was approved Dec. 4, 1891, in accordance with the act of Aug. 27, 1888.

"Third—As to rheumatism, the present chief of the board of review, Colonel F. D. Stephenson, also a prominent G. A. R. man, says there has been no change in adjudication of claims for rheumatism since he came to the bureau in 1869.

"Fourth—There has probably not been a single working day passed since April 4, 1897, that there have not been certificates issued for both deafness and rheumatism. There has been no change in the laws, and therefore no change in the practice during the present administration."

MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE.

Washington, Oct. 11.—The marriage and divorce canon under consideration by the Episcopalian bishops yesterday was as follows:

Section 1—No minister shall solemnize a marriage the parties to which are within the degrees of consanguinity and affinity defined in the 18th chapter of the book, Leviticus.

Sec. 2—It shall be the duty of the minister to admonish the people from time to time that the church discountenances clandestine marriage. No minister shall solemnize the marriage of any person who is a minor under the law of the place of marriage, unless the parent or guardian of such minor is present, or shall have given written consent to the marriage, or is permanently resident in a foreign country. No minister shall solemnize a marriage except in the presence of at least two witnesses, himself or the witnesses being personally acquainted with the parties. Every minister of the church shall at the time of the marriage record in the register of the parish in which the marriage takes place the name, birthplace, age and residence of each party, and such record shall be signed by the minister who performs the ceremony and by at least two witnesses of the marriage.

Sec. 3—No minister of the church shall solemnize the marriage of either party to a divorce during the lifetime of the other party.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR GATHER.

Pittsburg, Oct. 11.—With a brilliancy of incandescence emanating from nearly half a million electric lights, the conclave of the Knights Templar has now fairly started. Except a few stragglers, every commandery which was expected to be represented has a delegation on the ground.

The sights on the streets have never been equalled in this city, as far as the crowds are concerned. Car traffic is at a standstill and vehicles of all descriptions are banished from many thoroughfares, while every inch of ground is monopolized by tens of thousands of pedestrians. The brilliancy of the city's street decorations marks an epoch in the history of electric illumination. Within a radius of four blocks from the heart of the city 400,000 incandescent lamps burn every night. Huge crosses and other emblems of Templarism are suspended on the sides and fronts of the city's tallest buildings, and from nearly every store or shop in the down-town district.

An interesting feature in the informal parade of the knights was furnished by the Boston commanderies, which marched up Fifth avenue, accompanied by the ladies. The way in which the latter kept step to the music evoked great enthusiasm.

MURDERED BY ROBBERS.

Paris, Oct. 11.—At Saint Patrice, near Chinon, while the parish priest, Father Fleural, was conducting service, burglars entered the presbytery and murdered his aged housekeeper. They then awaited the abbe's return and beat him also to death, afterward ransacking the house.

EVERY MAN HAD MONEY.

Quincy, Oct. 11.—Antonio Spruchi, a laborer, lost a pocketbook containing $400 while at work in a trench for a sewer. He reported his loss to the foreman, who sent for an officer, and the 21 laborers were searched. The money was not found, but the search brought to light a most interesting condition of affairs. Every laborer had a roll of money about his person amounting anywhere from $10 to $500, and there were over $1,000 in gold and greenbacks among the men. Some had it sewed in different parts of their clothing, others in belts around their waists, and some had it carefully laid away in pocketbooks.

LOWELL TEXTILE SCHOOL

Evening Classes Begin Oct. 17.

Special entrance examination in Arithmetic and English on Friday, Oct. 14, at 7 p. m.

Art Students Now Receiv d.

Prof. George will continue his classes as usual both day and evening. Apply immediately.

WANTED.

WANTED—Two temperate men want work as teamsters. Address 11 Shaw street.

WANTED—Art model, young female, for light work. State experience, if any, and wages expected. Herb. Hasert, this office.

WANTED—By a young American Woman, strong and willing, situation as nurse to invalid, companion to elderly lady, governess for child, or housekeeper to take entire charge; country no objection. Terms reasonable. References. Address "K," Sun office.

WANTED—Ladies to know they can get their old felt hats dyed and blocked in the latest shapes at the Hat Bleachery, 101 Merrimack street, up stairs.

WANTED—At all times lady chorus singers. Apply by mail. Address Ivory, 30 Merrill street, Lowell.

WANTED—Saleswoman to assist in the introduction of an article of merit; salary. References required. Call or address A. P. T. Hicks, Room 35, Ion Marche building, Lowell, Mass.

WANTED—Summer boarders; $1.00 a week. 31 River street, West Lynn.

WANTED—600 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Low's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

WANT BLUSH OF YOUTH, soft, delicate skin? Use Noonen's Roman Becret. At all drug stores. A. W. Dow, A. E. Moor, agent for Lowell, corner of Gorham and Appleton streets.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—On Monday a pair of eye glasses. Finder will be rewarded at 783 Merrimack street.

TO LET.

TO LET—Very pleasant small tenements Belvidere; rent low. Apply to F. A. Pennington, 286 High street.

TO LET—Choice low-priced tenements, ranging in price from $5 to $10 per month. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central street.

TO LET—Half a house of ten rooms at 9 Everett street; rent $16 a month. Apply at 318 High street.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 322 Fayette street.

STORE TO LET—31 Middle street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

Weak Men Made Vigorous

1 DAY 2 DAYS 3 DAYS 4 DAYS

What PEFFER'S NERVIGOR Did!

It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men regain lost manhood; old men recover youthful vigor. Absolutely Guaranteed to Cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Don't let druggist impose a worthless substitute on you because it yields a greater profit. Insist on having PEFFER'S NERVIGOR, or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper, $1 per box, or 6 for $5, with A Written Guarantee to Cure or Refund Money. Pamphlet free. PEFFER MEDICAL ASSN., Chicago, Ill. Sold by Ellingwood & Co., corner Central and Merrimack streets.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE

Henry W. Garrity, Prop.

CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.

The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the profession.

M. H. Carey (Clerks) H. Gervais.

LANTERNS

FOR

House, Mill, Stable Carriage

And out-of-door use. Lantern Globes in white, red and blue. Parts of Lanterns lost or destroyed, furnished.

C. B. COBURN & CO.

63 TO 67 MARKET STREET.

IF

PETER WATSON

Was anywhere near the army camps the people of the country would not be asking for an investigation as to the feeding of the starving soldiers. He supplies enough of people in Lowell to make an army with the choicest line of bread, cake and pastry to be had in this city. There is nothing better than the best and Peter Watson's bakery is the best.

Ask for Peter Watson's celebrated Bread and take no other. Bakery from

52 to 60 Charles St.
465 Lawrence St.

Weddings and parties supplied at short notice and orders delivered to all parts of the city.

Our Stand

Is at 400 Merrimack St.

We can fit your feet with Boots, Shoes and Rubbers. Reliable goods, lowest prices. That's the economy.

F. E. LABARGE, Prop.

CITY HALL SHOE STORE

400 Merrimack St.

Sewing Machines

For $24.00

You can buy the same machine that others sell as $50. We have no canvassers; you get his commission by buying at our store.

King's Big Store

221-223 DUTTON ST.

FOR SALE.

WAGONS—My remaining stock of high grade democrats, Concords, square wagons, panel side wagons, together with a variety of 2nd hand wagons, buggies, etc., will be offered at very low figures to close. J. F. Libby, 59 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—11 acre farm, 7 miles from Lowell, not far from electrics. Easy terms; price only $850. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central street.

CALL at 802 Market street to buy or sell second-hand Furniture.

FOR SALE—Near Chelmsford and Washington streets good cottage house of 7 rooms, large lot of land, lots of fruit. Price only $1400. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—In Billerica small farm of 10 acres, fair building, near cars. This is a bargain; price $900. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Furniture and carpets at a sacrifice; nearly new. 179 Chapel street, 1st bell.

FOR SALE—Ten R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

ANYTHING and everything in the line of RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices. The best linen marker in use only 25c. J. M. Fellows, 164 Merrimack street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Pawtuckerville, a nice 8-room cottage house, with all modern improvements, 6000 feet of land, lots of fruit, near bridge. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

OWNER IN NEED OF MONEY—A lot of land containing 4900 feet, 50x98, on a 60 foot street, 15 minutes from Centralville bridge. Price $400, also two second-hand furnaces. Inquire at 1124 Bridge street.

FOR SALE—Near Broadway and School streets good house and large lot of land for a little money. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 35c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—Good corporation boarding house, lots of boarders. Must be sold on account of sickness. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 3 to 5 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 170 Tremont street, Boston.

FOR SALE—Good farm for the money, 10 acres of land, good buildings, 9 miles from Lowell on main road. Price $850. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CONSULT MADAM CLENDENING, scientific palmist. Advice on love, business, marriage, tells past and future, also locates diseases, etc. 168 Appleton street.

James Walsh,

Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardener. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.

CONCRETE paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 155 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

If You Are Short

And want a loan we can help you out. Security taken, real estate and personal property.

DONOVAN & MANSUR

Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

If You Want Clean, Bright

COAL

Free from impurities, coal that ignites quickly and has good lasting qualities. Order of the

Middlesex Coal Co.

6 FLETCHER STREET,

And order now.

H. P. Hasey, President. J. J. Smith, Manager.

Telephone 571-2.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER

448 GORHAM STREET.

Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

PETER H. SAVAGE,

Undertaker and Funeral Director

169 WORTHEN ST.

Telephone connection 484-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

FootPower

Is the inheritance of all, which means that walking should be a pleasure, not a misery. Yet how few enjoy this birthright? High priced shoes do not insure it. Right made shoes do. The kind we sell. Our prices are moderate, too.

J. J. LONERGAN.

YES

When you wish the repairs on your carriage well done it will be to your advantage to take it to

SAWYER'S.

They live up to their reputation that "Sawyer work is good work."

Worthen St., Lowell.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

Remnants of

CLOAKING

Important Announcement

We have bought the entire accumulation of mill remnants made during the year from a large woolen mill making a specialty of heavy woolens such as

ALL WOOL KERSEYS, BEAVERS, VENETIANS, ROUGH CLOAKINGS, AND BROADCLOTHS AND HEAVY COVERTS

a purchase of over 6000 yards, all in lengths suitable for jackets, cloaks and overcoats, qualities of cloth that are worth from $1.25, $1.50 to $2.50 per yard, all at one price,

79c. Per Yard.

We display all these stylish goods in our Merrimack street window till Thursday, 13th inst., when they will be put on sale in our spacious basement. One of the best bargains we have offered for a long time.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

You Do Not Need to Have a New House to Have a

Fire Place

We can put one into your old house. We are headquarters for Mantels, Tiling, Gas Grates, Gas Logs, Coal Grates, and Irons, fire set, etc.

Everything for the Fire Place.

THE THOMPSON HARDWARE CO. 524-6 Merr'k St

DEWEY HAVE GOOD BUTTER

Well! Well!

Have just received a large lot of June Vermont Dairy and Creamery Butter in 5, 10 and 20-lb packages at prices that will keep our competitors guessing, and the quality that will please everybody. Give us a trial and we will convince you that we have no competitors in the city.

Bargains in All Departments This Week.

Banner Market

Prescott Street.

TEETH No Charge For Extracting

$5 to $10 a Set

Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Fillings and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth without plates, also Rooless Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Not open evenings. DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists Rooms 24, 25, 26, Runels' Bld'g, cor. Mer'k & Bridge.

WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY

STRONG AGAIN! Sexine Pills

They have stood the test of years and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked permanently. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEARL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines. 217 CENTRAL STREET.

LAFAYETTE AND YORKTOWN.

American Schools Will Celebrate the Anniversary of Yorktown's Surrender By Raising a Fund For the Great Lafayette Monument.

New York—This year we are to have a day in which to pay tribute to Marie Paul Joseph Roch Yoes Albert Motier, Citoyen Motier, as the revolutionists of Paris called him.

He is dear to Americans as Marquis de Lafayette.

And the day we have set apart for him is that eventful one of the surrender of Yorktown, the anniversary of which will occur on October 19. Historic exercises will be held in every school in the country, at which a nominal admission fee will be charged. Millions of pennies and dimes thus received from the rising generation of American patriots will be applied to a Lafayette monument fund. With 100,000 schools and a great army of patriots, it is believed that more than enough will be realized to erect a monument that will be the pride of the two continents.

The monument which is to cost $200,000, is to be unveiled in Paris in 1899, and to be a gift of the young of one republic to a sister nation.

On the committee in charge of the affair are William B. Allison, Edward Everett Hale, Dr. W. T. Harris, Archbishop Ireland, John W. Mackay, Ferdinand W. Peck, Melville E. Stone, Alexander Revell and Charles G. Dawes. The governors of all the states are honorary vice presidents and many of the municipal executives are on the honorary advisory board.

Its secretary is Robert J. Hampson, of Chicago, and his appeal to the schools of the country is as follows:

"The commission has decided upon October 19th, the anniversary of the surrender of Cornwallis at Yorktown, as the day which the schools of the United States are asked to recognize as 'Lafayette Day.' On this date, it is hoped, by concerted effort ample funds will be secured to build a monument on a scale commensurate with the occasion.

"In the universities and colleges of the land, the heads of the institutions are asked to appoint committees from their students to arrange and carry out public exercises suited to the idea, embracing perhaps historic drama, patriotic orations, etc., charging an admission fee or collecting voluntary contributions as local conditions may suggest, and turning the proceeds over to the president of the college, who shall forward it to the treasurer of the memorial commission.

"In the higher grades of the public and parochial schools the same general plan so far as possible should prevail as in the universities and colleges.

"In the primary grades and district schools the children may be asked to solicit from their parents or acquaintances small contributions of from one cent to ten cents, to be given to their teacher and thence forwarded to the treasurer of the commission.

Lafayette's claim upon the gratitude of Americans does not rest in the carefully measured service rendered in the country's hour of need so much as in the noble spirit of sacrifice shown and in his generous adoption of what he thought a rightful but probably unsuccessful cause.

Washington, Jefferson and Fox were devotedly attached to Lafayette. Napoleon, Charles X., and other rulers admired the qualities which held him aloof from bribery and kept him within the bounds of loyalty, no matter what threatening clouds o'erhung his political destiny.

When his death was announced, in May, 1834, the church bells of France, Belgium, Poland, Switzerland and Great Britain tolled in mournful requiem. In the United States the news of his passing was received with pride and sorrow. Congress formulated resolutions expressive of the nation's grief and of its lasting gratitude, and both houses wore badges of mourning for thirty days. By order of President Jackson the United States army and navy paid the same honors to Lafayette that were shown in memory of Washington.

YORKTOWN SURRENDER.

Dr. James Thacher, an eye-witness, gives in his journal an interesting account of the manner in which the surrender of Yorktown was conducted. The American and French troops were drawn up in two lines, one on each side of the road, and between these the British army marched out. There was also an immense concourse of spectators from the surrounding country to witness this spectacle—most interesting to Americans, though humiliating in the last degree to the royal army. The French troops made a splendid and martial appearance, in complete uniform; the Americans were not all in martial costume, nor could their dress be said to be very neat; but their bearing was erect and manly, and their countenances wore the "uniform" of satisfaction and joy. General Washington, with his aides, took his station at the head of the American column, and Count Rochambeau at the head of the French. It is a circumstance highly creditable to the American character, that the utmost silence and order prevailed during the marching out of the British army.

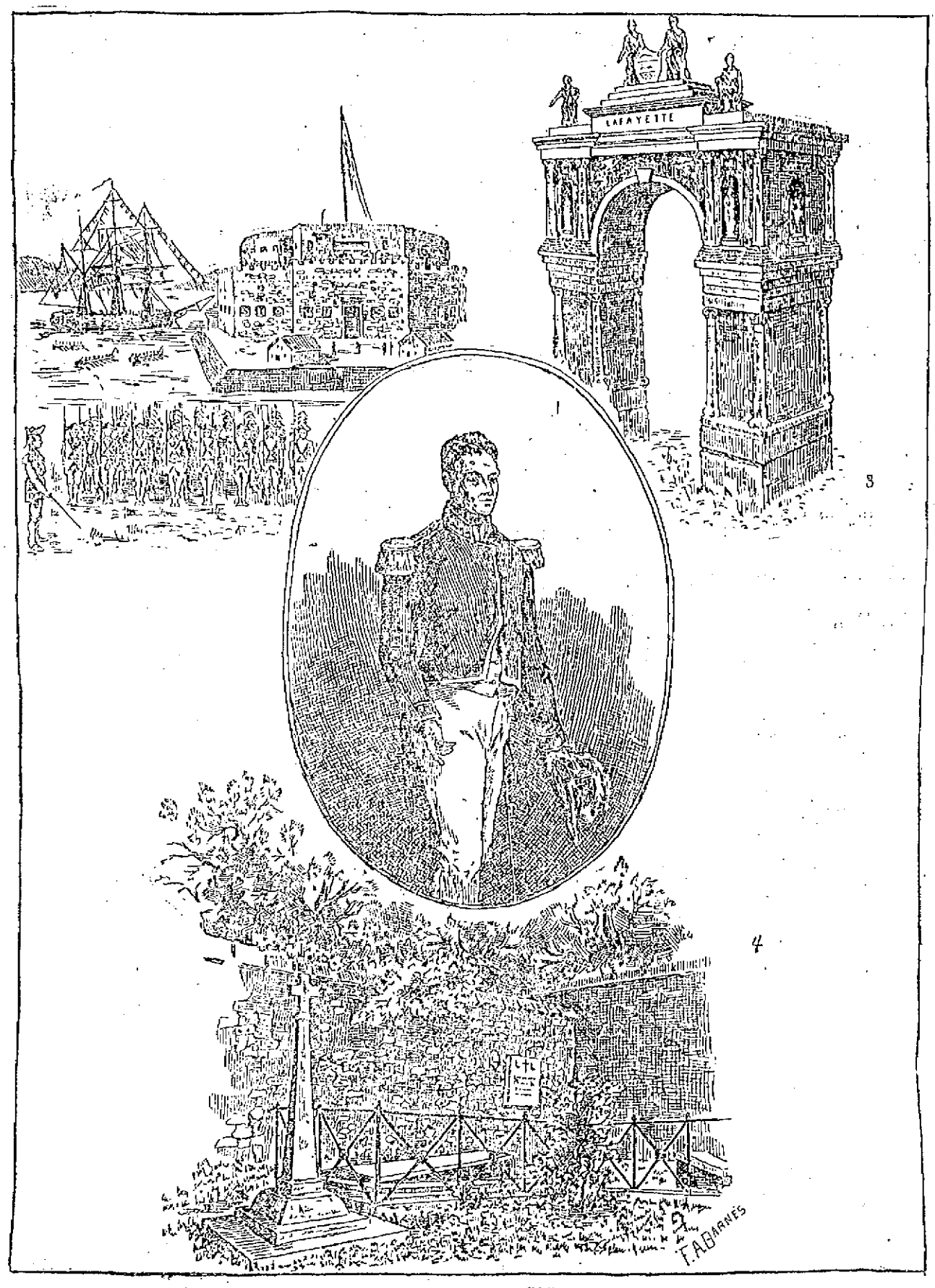
At length, about two o'clock, the captive army advanced; but Lord Cornwallis, whom all expected to see at the head of the column, was not there. He deputed the office of leader on this occasion to General O'Harra. The troops followed with shouldered arms, colors cased, and drums beating a slow British march. In arms and clothing their appearance was neat and soldier-like, but in their line of march their step was irregular, and their ranks were frequently broken. Arrived at the head of the American column, Gen. O'Harra gracefully apologized to Gen. Washington for the non-appearance of Lord Cornwallis, on the plea of indisposition, and was courteously referred to Gen. Lincoln for directions. Gen. Lincoln conducted the conquered army into a large field, where it was arranged that they should ground their arms.

Dr. Thacher gives the following account of this part of the ceremony. "It was in the field, when they came to the last act of the drama, that the spirit and pride of the British soldiers was put to the severest test; here their mortification could not be concealed. Some of the platoon officers appeared to be exceedingly chagrined when giving the word "ground arms;" and I am witness that they performed this duty in an exceedingly unofficer-like manner, and that many of the soldiers manifested a sullen temper, throwing their arms on the pile with violence, as if determined to render them useless. This irregularity, however, was checked by the authority of General Lincoln. After having grounded their arms, and divested themselves of their accoutrements, the captive troops were conducted back to Yorktown, and guarded by our troops, till they could be removed to the place of their destination."

Among the other incidents relative to this siege, Dr. Thacher relates some circumstances which account for the much greater slaughter of the French army than of the American, on the night when Lafayette and Baron Viominel each took a redoubt. The Americans pulled away the palisades with their hands and jumped over, entering the works at once. The French waited for the sappiers and miners to remove the defenses, according to the rules of the art, and were all this time exposed to a galling fire. After the American party had taken their redoubt, Lafayette sent his aide, Major Barbour, to the other redoubt, to inform Baron Viominel that "he was in his redoubt, and to ask the Baron where he was." The Major found Baron Viominel waiting the clearing away of the palisades, and he sent back the answer: "Tell the Marquis I am not in mine yet, but I will be in five minutes." And so he was.

A curious circumstance occurred in the capture of Cornwallis. Mr. Henry Laurens, United States Ambassador to Holland, was captured by the British on his passage out, and confined in the Tower of London, of which Lord Cornwallis was constable or governor. Col. John Laurens was one of the officers who arranged the terms of surrender. Thus the son took custody of his father's jailor. Lord Cornwallis was afterwards exchanged for Mr. Laurens. Congress had offered Gen. Burgoyne before, but the British refused to make the exchange.

In the general orders issued the day after the capitulation, Lafayette was among the officers particularly mentioned. Indeed, his services in the capture of Cornwallis commenced, from the moment in which the British general arrived in Virginia. His skillful and patient manoeuvres, the consummate skill of a veteran, united to the ready and chivalric courage of youth, conducted Cornwallis into the toils which led to his surrender, and to the close of the British rule in the states of the Union. Great and enthusiastic were the rejoicings in every part of the United States upon the intelligence of this victory. Its consequences were at once perceived, and the whole people were filled with the most cheering anticipations.



1. Lafayette as commander of the National Guard of France. 2. His welcome to New York at Castle Garden as represented in an old print of the time. 3. The arch through which Lafayette passed on his tour through Philadelphia. 4. The grave of Lafayette.

LAFAYETTE'S TRIUMPH.

Lafayette having expressed his intention of revisiting the United States, Congress unanimously passed, in February, 1824, a resolution directing the President to assure him of the grateful recollection of the American people, and tendering him a national ship for his passage hither. But with his consistent love of true republicanism, he preferred to take his passage in a private ship; and on the 16th of August, 1824, arrived at New York in the Cadmus, Capt. Allyn. He was accompanied by his son, George Washington Lafayette, M. Auguste de Vasseur, and one servant. His arrival opened a series of grateful pageants, which in splendor surpassed anything exhibited before in America; and in sincerity, heartiness, and spontaneous movement displayed a spectacle of the moral sublime, which the world has seldom witnessed.

Lafayette landed on Staten Island on the 15th of August, where he passed the night. On the day following a fleet of steamboats went down to the Island, to convey and escort him to the city, including the war steamer, Robert Fulton; and on board of these were over six thousand persons, besides the committee of the corporation, members of the Society of the Cincinnati, revolutionary officers and soldiers, a deputation from West Point, and many other distinguished guests and official personages. New York bay never presented a more magnificent spectacle than on this occasion. The shipping was all liberally decorated with flags and signals. The day was delightful, and the surface of the water was dotted with every imaginable description of craft in holiday array. Continual salutes of artillery rolled out their deep base notes above the shouts of welcome and congratulation, and it seemed as if the great city of New York, conscious of its honor in speaking the first welcome to the nation's guest, was determined to do itself credit by enthusiasm and heartiness. On shore hundreds of bells were ringing, and the very air seemed vocal with the music of welcome. As the fleet arrived off the Battery, at two o'clock, p. m., the scene was most impressive. The military formed in line were over three thousand in number; and as the national guest landed, he was received with a salute of twenty-one guns, and the acclamations of between thirty and forty thousand people, who filled the Battery, and the adjacent streets and avenues.

After a review of the troops, which must have awakened deep emotions in the mind of him who could recollect the condition of the American army nearly half a century before, Lafayette proceeded to the City Hall in a barouche drawn by four horses. He was escorted by a troop of horse, and followed by the long line of citizen soldiery. Such was the crowd, that the march was very much impeded.

After the mayor of the city had spoken his welcome, in behalf of the municipality and the nation, to which Lafayette feelingly and gratefully responded, the many citizens and strangers were introduced, including not a few old friends in the "times that tried men's souls." Lafayette received the parting salute of the military, and was escorted to the City Hotel, where apartments had been prepared for him.

The landing of Lafayette at New York took place on Monday, and on that and the three following days the city was alive with testimonies of respect to him. The Common Council caused the freedom of the city to be presented him in a golden box. Trades, societies of all kinds, the professions, associations, private individuals, and public authorities, vied with each other in doing him honor.

On Friday, the 20th, he left New York for Boston, via Connecticut, in a carriage provided by the corporation of the city. He was also attended by a committee of the Common Council, appointed to accompany him. The whole journey was a continual triumphal progress. Everywhere he met "friends with hearts in them."

Lafayette was met on the Massachusetts line by the aids of the Governor of the State, and his progress to Boston was no less imposing than the route through Connecticut and Rhode Island. By day he found all other business deferred to the happy duty of welcoming him; and by night, bonfires, illuminations and rockets, announced his progress. From the mansion of Governor Eustis, in Roxbury, he was attended by a numerous cavalcade to the city line, where a truly imposing procession awaited him, and the assembled citizens greeted him with prolonged acclamations. Here he was welcomed by the Mayor, in behalf of the city. The procession then passed through several of the principal streets, everywhere lined with spectators, and frequently arched, to the Common. The entrance to this public ground was made between two lines of the children of the public schools—the girls in white, and the boys in white trousers and blue jackets, and all wearing badges. The number of these young welcomers was about three thousand; and the occasion was made more interesting by the springing forward of a little girl, who, on her request to speak to Lafayette, was handed into his carriage, and presented him with a wreath of flowers, and a simple but touching poetic tribute.

After some days spent in Boston and its immediate vicinity, Lafayette proceeded as far east as Portsmouth, New Hampshire. Everywhere the same scenes awaited him; the heartfelt tribute of all ages and conditions. In Salem, which he took on his way to Portsmouth, the orator and president of the day was Judge Story.

From Portsmouth he returned to Boston, and thence, through the interior of Massachusetts and Connecticut, to New York. The old battle grounds of Concord, Lexington and other famous places, were visited. In Connecticut he was more formally received than was possible on his first hurried passage through; and at New York the enthusiasm of the people appeared unabated. The closing fete was a ball at Castle Garden, unexcelled in the ingenuity and happy neatness of its arrangements. After a hurried but delightful visit to the cities and towns upon the Hudson, Lafayette proceeded through New York on his way to Philadelphia. Through the state of New Jersey the same triumphal progress was made as in other places. The descendants of those who fought upon the battle grounds of the Revolution, led by the survivors of the glorious bands of worthies in that State, crowded forward to do him honor. At Trenton and Princeton the proceedings were truly imposing; and one noticeable incident in this state was a visit of several hours with Joseph Bonaparte.

The Governor of New Jersey had the pleasure of presenting to him the Governor of Pennsylvania; and on Monday, the 28th of September, the nation's guest entered the Keystone State, resting for the night at Frankford. To this place distant about five miles from Philadelphia, it seemed as if the whole population of the city had repaired to meet him; and yet, as he approached, the crowd grew more and more dense. The progress from Frankford to the State House occupied over six hours. The head of the procession was composed of a cavalcade of citizens, after which came between two and three thousand infantry and cavalry, the whole number of soldiers in the procession being between five and six thousand. Then followed Lafayette in an open barouche, splendidly adorned and appointed, and followed by other carriages, in which rode the committees, public officers, and one hundred and twenty veterans of the Revolution. After these came the trades and other associations. This was a most imposing part of the pageant—the different artificers, led by the printers, at work upon an ode which they distributed, being engaged in their different avocations. The procession exceeded three miles in length.

The next remarkable and most imposing ceremonies took place upon the battle ground of Yorktown. The field was converted into a camp; and among the tents was that of Washington, and many others which saw service in the Revolutionary war. A triumphal arch, bearing the names of Lafayette, Hamilton and Laurens, was erected on the spot where once stood the redoubt stormed by Lafayette; and on the spot where stood that carried by the French an obelisk was erected bearing the names of illustrious Frenchmen. On this classic field no pageantry was attempted. As was happily remarked by General Taylor, who made the address, the associations of such a scene admitted no attempt at embellishments. On the very spot where the redoubt was stormed, General Taylor was prepared, at the end of his address, to place a blended civic and martial wreath; but the considerate veteran, while he gracefully acknowledged the high compliment, as gracefully averted its consummation; and taking the expressive coronal in his hand called forward Colonel Fish, the only other survivor of the attack upon the redoubt, and insisted that half the honor belonged to him.

The illustrious men of the "Old Dominion," vied with each other in honor and hospitality to the man who so gallantly defended their soil. After a week delightfully spent with Jefferson, and a visit to Mr. Madison at his seat, Lafayette was called to Washington, to meet the successors in Congress of those who welcomed and honored him forty years before. The Congress of 1824 paid him no less respect than did the Congress of 1784. He was introduced to the House and Senate in joint session by a committee of twenty-four members on the tenth of December; and the address of the speaker, and reply of Lafayette, eloquently contrasted the condition of the country at the two epochs marked by Lafayette's visits. He had previously been received by the Senate, the members rising as he entered. On Monday, December 21st, a bill passed the Senate, granting Lafayette two hundred thousand dollars and a township of land, for his services in the Revolution; and on the next day the bill passed the House.

On the 1st of March, 1825, Lafayette left Washington on his southern tour. He traveled from Washington to Charlestown and thence to New Orleans overland—to St. Louis, Cincinnati, Pittsburg, Buffalo, and Albany, which city he reached on the 16th of June. Through the whole of the long route of four thousand miles, he met the same cordial reception.

On the 17th of June Lafayette was present at the laying of the corner-stone of Bunker Hill Monument.

After the laying of the corner-stone of the Bunker Hill Monument, he spent several months in visits to various interesting points, as Brandywine, and the battlefields in Virginia, and in the exchange of courtesies with the personal friends of the, old, time and the new. He was accompanied to Virginia by Mr. Monroe, then president, in a visit to the two ex-presidents, Jefferson and Madison. Returning to Washington on the 8th of September, 1825, the president, in the name of the nation, took leave of him in an impressive and deeply affecting address; and he embarked on board the steamer which was to convey him, the Brandywine frigate, which was waiting for him in the Chesapeake.

The Brandywine, upon his embarkation on the 9th, immediately made sail for France. This frigate, which was upon the stocks when Lafayette arrived in the country, was finished and named, with a view to the honorable service of conveying home the nation's guest. He arrived at Havre on the 4th of October.

There is an excitement in building up houses and knocking them down again.

The "Salt Rub."

As a complexion beautifier the "salt rub" is pronounced excellent by those who ought to know. It is easily taken, and for weakly children or those growing too fast it is most strengthening. Many private hospitals are introducing it in their tonic treatment. Any coarse salt will answer, the sea-salt being preferred, however, and it is applied moist, but not in solution. Make, in an earthen jar, a sort of slush of salt and water, and taking it up in handfuls apply all over the person, rubbing on briskly. Afterwards spray or sponge with clear water and dry with bath-towel. Very young children should be sponged off with salt water, the strength of the solution being according to its effect upon the skin. Afterwards they should be wiped over with a soft cloth dipped in clear water. The effect of invigoration is prompt and the results soon apparent in the glow and smoothness of the complexion.

For Autumn Wear.

For autumn wear, beige and deep Tuscan yellow of rough straw braids, trimmed with green velvet and shaded velvet geranium or nasturtium blossoms, in all their glowing colorings, will be a favored combination. The Duchess of Devonshire hats still flood the market—these turned up at an acute angle on one side and in a downward curve on the other. While it is a becoming shape for many faces, it has not sold well, say the importers, because it was likely to become very common. But no one need refuse them on this account, if they really admire them, for the sailor hat has undeniably proved a hundred times more common, or, to use a better word, "universal," than these less familiar shapes. The popularity of some articles of dress is so great and so lasting that one ceases to judge them by a standard that rules in modes less universally adopted.

Lemon juice applied with a camel's hair brush, night and morning, will remove freckles; that is, if the freckles are not of too long standing.

THE WEATHER.

Sun rises—5:54; sets, 5:07.
Moon rises—2:46 p. m.
High tide—5:30 a. m.; 9 p. m.

The unsettled conditions that gave promise of extending to New England have changed their course, and excepting that there may be some cloudiness tonight or Wednesday morning, fair and generally clear weather seems most likely to continue. It now promises to be warmer during the next 24 or 36 hours, followed by cooler westerly winds Wednesday afternoon or night.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FLOWER POTS.

We have a lot of them and will sell them cheap All sizes from 3 cents up. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 63 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Dominion, Anchor, Allan, Red Star, French and German lines, calling from Boston and New York to Liverpool and Queenstown. Money sent to Ireland, England and all parts of the world. Canada bills bought at Murphy's Steamship Agency, 18 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

Buy a Jacob Doll high grade piano.

The Middlesex Coal Co. sell good coal.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central street.

Save interest and cost by paying your taxes at once.

City Clerk Dadman has returned from Montreal.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 430-4.

I can save you money if in need of a watch. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

Library trustees did not meet last night, owing to the inability of all the members to be present.

Do you burn coal? W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike St., will sell you some coal that will burn.

MASTER BARBERS.

The Master Barbers met in the Arlington hotel last night and elected five new members. The next meeting will be held next Monday night.

BICYCLE RACE.

The bicycle race which was to have come off between Keegan and Stafford on last Saturday was postponed on account of the rain. It will be run off Saturday at 2 p. m.

ANOTHER WORKINGMEN'S CLUB.

Another so-called "Workingmen's" club has been organized. It is called a "Labor" club and its labor will consist of working for the republican party in the municipal campaign.

TELL THE POST OFFICE.

Soldiers who change their residence will save confusion by notifying the post office. The state money due the various soldiers is addressed to the wives of the soldiers and in many cases the letter carriers have trouble in finding them.

AYER HOME MEETING.

A special meeting of the board of patrons of the Ayer Home was held Monday afternoon for the purpose of making arrangements for the Thanksgiving party to be held at the home in November for the benefit of the home.

BRITISH AMERICANS.

The British Americans' association held its regular meeting last night with a good attendance. After considerable discussion it was voted that in wards 1 and 4, an injustice was being done in wanting to name representatives to the general court in stead of wards 2 and Chelmsford.

BULL DOGS MEET.

Jim Gilligan, the wrestler, who claims Haverhill as his residence, went to Lawrence yesterday with several companions and a bull dog, says the Haverhill Gazette. They were doing the saloons at the lower end of Essex street when the bull dog got mixed up with another dog owned by Luke Collins, the grocer, which precipitated a general row in which Gilligan was the aggressor. The finish was Gilligan's arrest for drunkenness and disturbance by fighting.

Bystanders who witnessed the affair say that Gilligan's dog pitched into the one owned by Mr. Collins. The latter was attempting to separate them when he was assaulted by Gilligan. Marshal Murphy happened along, and arrested the Haverhill man. Gilligan has the reputation of being one of Haverhill's "bad men," but made no resistance when placed under arrest. Mr. Collins has been summoned as a witness.

FRIDAY NIGHT CLOSING.

James S. Hastings and Charles Storey continued their work in the movement yesterday and added quite a number of names to the list. They found that there was some feeling among the storekeepers because of the fact that some of those whose names appeared on the agreement, kept open last Friday night. This was readily explained by the statement that when the list was taken around, it was not expected that the stores were to close until Friday of this week.

The clerks of Lowell are invited to attend the meeting called for tonight. The impression that employers are opposed to such a meeting is incorrect. The employers are lending their support to the Friday night closing movement.

Alex. Abels has signed the document. Mr. Dickey of Middlesex street did so unsolicited. The men's furnishing stores it is understood, will be in line for Friday night.

MATRIMONIAL.

PARR—OXLEY.

A. Parr, shipping clerk with Pike's market and Bessie Oxley, waitress in Putnam's dining rooms, were married at 3.30 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the residence of Rev. E. T. Curnick, D. D., pastor of the Worthen Street M. E. church. At 5 o'clock the happy couple left for a week's trip to Worcester, Norwich, Conn., and New York City. On their return they will reside in Church street.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

ROYAL ARCANUM

SOME IMPORTANT EVENTS ARE PLANNED BY LOWELL COUNCIL.

The Royal Arcanum has the largest membership in Lowell of any of the fraternal beneficiary societies, having over 1,000 members; and has in its ranks many of the most prominent and influential men in the city.

All of the four local councils and the one at North Billerica are wide awake and a credit to the order.

The largest and oldest council in the city, Lowell Council, No. 8, with over 500 members, is especially progressive and its events are a feature of Lowell's fraternal society life.

At the next meeting of Lowell Council, to be held on Thursday evening, Oct. 20th, Mr. Geo. H. Taylor, president of the common council and a member of Lowell Council, will give a talk upon incidents of his recent trip abroad and all members of the order are invited to attend the meeting.

On the evening of Thursday, Nov. 17, Major J. W. Reilly, commandant of the Watertown Arsenal, Watertown, Mass., and a member of the Royal Arcanum, will deliver a lecture upon members and friends of Lowell Council, No. 8.

Another Royal Arcanum event of especial local prominence is now being arranged to take place in this city on the evening of Nov. 3d. On this date, there will be held at Odd Fellows' Temple, 84 Middlesex street, a reception and union public meeting of an elaborate nature. The affair will be held under the auspices of the Grand Council of Massachusetts, Lowell Council No. 8, Highland Council No. 970, North Billerica Council No. 1323, Centralville Council No. 1721, and Industry Council No. 1722.

Supreme officers and the full board of grand officers of Massachusetts will be present. The officers and members of councils in Andover, Lawrence, Haverhill and Methuen have been invited to attend, and it is expected that large delegations will come from these places.

The program will consist of a reception to supreme and grand officers and the other guests in the reception hall, opposite the lodge room from 7 to 7.30 p. m., concert by the Bradford Ladies' Home orchestra of Haverhill (favorites in Lowell) in the concert hall from 7.30 to 8. Exercises in the concert hall will commence at 8 o'clock. The Oxford Musical club of Salem, a popular organization, and the Bradford orchestra, will entertain. The speakers will be one of the supreme officers and the grand regent of the state, Mr. Alonzo G. Walsh of Lowell. Admission is by ticket and the affair will be confined to members of the order and their gentlemen friends. Tickets will be issued and further information given as soon as details are arranged.

Mayor James W. Bennett, a member of Lowell Council No. 8, and an enthusiastic Arcanumite, has consented to assume the chairmanship of a large reception committee for the occasion, which will soon be selected. The general committee in charge of the event is as follows: Regent A. H. Stanley and Secretary F. A. Wilcox of Lowell Council, No. 8, Regent G. A. Barnes and Secretary F. McKee of Highland Council No. 970, Regent J. W. Broadbent and Secretary John Hughes of North Billerica Council, No. 1323; Regent L. W. Bixby and Secretary H. L. Bishop of Centralville Council No 1721, Regent John J. Hogan and Secretary W. J. Reardon of Industry Council No. 1722, and A. W David

TO HIGHER AUTHORITY.

CASE OF HAVERHILL L. L. & H. EMPLOYES TO BE TAKEN TO SUPREME COURT.

Lawyer Goldwaite, the attorney for the Haverhill ex-employes of the L. L. & H. R. R. corporation, says that he has prepared a petition in the interest of his clients, which will be presented to the supreme court, praying this judicial body to take action relative to the legality of the railroad corporation compelling its employes to procure their bonds from a certain company.

The ex-employes believe that the corporation has no right to compel its employes to take such action, and feel that any reliable bond is sufficient to meet all requirements, and that their act of compulsion is simply an unjust imposition. The ex-employes will fight the issue to the end and have confidence in their ability to win a verdict favorable to their interests.

The ex-employes of the company, having organized permanently under the name of the Union for Protection, with the object of abolishing the system of bonding working men, introduced by the said street railway company, by organized effort they hope to stamp out that bond system by bringing the matter before the higher courts, seeking therein a decision compelling the abolition of the system. In addition they propose to bring it into the state legislature and aim to secure by all honorable means, the passage of a law preventing the unjust bonding of the working men by corporations.

CRISP GOSSIP.

Merrimack Square has again renewed its attractive appearance after one o'clock each day, when it is bedecked with rosy cheeked High school girls, awaiting their cars at the corner. And with the return of the girls, I am pleased to note, comes the Textile school Apollo who attends nearly all of them in turn, completing the picture of last year.

The sight of an American flag union down may indicate the state of affairs within the Prescott mill, from one of the windows of which it floats. But then Congressman Knox says: "Cheer up; we can't all be happy. Never mind if the textile industry is starving, the farmers out west and down south are prosperous. Starve away and be happy. Don't hang the flag union down.

HE CAN HUNT NOW.

The employes of the Tremont & Suffolk wood-shop pleasantly remembered Henry Ashton, a second-hand employed in the same shop and presented him with a double-barrelled gun. The presentation was made by Overseer James Christie in a few well chosen words and in the presence of the other workmen of the shop.

Mr. Ashton leaves for Vermont, where he intends to start in business for himself.

O. H. Green will succeed him as second-hand.

Does Your Back Ache?

In constant pain when on your feet?

Is that dragging, pulling sensation with you from morn till night?

Why not put the medicine exactly on the disease? Why not apply the cure right to the spot itself?

You can do it with

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster

Immediately after the Plaster is applied, you feel its warming, soothing influence. Its healing remedies quickly penetrate down deep into the inflamed tissues. Pain is quieted, soreness is relieved and strength imparted.

No plaster was ever made like it. No plaster ever acted so quickly and thoroughly. No plaster ever had such complete control over all kinds of pain.

Placed over the chest it is a powerful aid to Ayer's Cherry Pectoral; relieving congestion and drawing out all inflammation.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

FOOT BALL.

THE PALMERS LEAD AS RESULT OF ENCOUNTER WITH GLENMORES.

The result of Saturday's Glenmore-Palmer game will have a tendency to reduce the opinion the former team has, or really did have, of itself. Before they met the Palmers, it is understood, the Glenmores intended to play only college and leading out-of-town teams. It was a condescension in their belief to come down to the Palmers on Saturday and it is now possible that they are sorry for their "come down."

The North common may be the scene of the Atlantic-Tiger game, which it is announced, will take place next Saturday. Willis' inability to be present because of his name being prominent in the Glenmore cast, was likely the primary reason for the failure to call play last Saturday and the Northerners feel sore as a result.

The Donnelley project is meeting with but little encouragement, notwithstanding that it is a very creditable and generous one. The intended donor of the prize may retract his offer if the responses to the call do not come in more rapid.

The Fair Grounds would be the only fit place for the Palmers and Glenmores should they meet again. Saturday's game at Atherton did more to promote the game than a ward bag overloaded with talk.

Ex-Mayor Charles D. Palmer was one of the most interested spectators who witnessed the game at Atherton. He officiated as time keeper and although xae,otdlinaktotlasaidM, lamz -Abwaa the Palmers were so named in his honor both teams received an equal chance and all the players are of the opinion that he is a thorough sportsman.

Mike Keegan late of the Ledgers, has receive dhis "walking paers," from that organitlan.p

The Ledgers are gaining prominence by their brilliant playing of late. Thos. Maloney, the ex-African missionary, has been substituted for Mike Keegan and is doing more justice to the position to which he has been delegated.

The Atlantics are in a peculiar position, inasmuch as they cannot play when the Glenmores "come out," because of the fact that their personnell is practically the same as that of the latter team.

MUSIC HALL

It is over a quarter of a century since I first saw the play of "Kit, the Arkansas Traveler," and like old wine it improves with age. This romantic drama has always been a big drawing card and is full of interesting scenes. This play was for years presented by F. L. Chanfrau and it has been handed down from sire to son and the present Chanfrau is full as good as Kit as his father was in the leading role. The drama portrays the life of the backwoodsman and big-hearted and kind old Kit showed just how happy a person can be when away from the snares and temptations of city life. Mary Reding is person on whom the weight of the whole play rests. Manal Bond, a bad man, seems to be bent on hunting her down and destroying her future happiness. He appears at the ranch and abducts her and her child, and when Kit returns from a hunting trip he finds that his wife and child are gone and he sets fire to the place and gives up the rest of his life to hunting down the villain and cause of all his misery. The entire play is a very interesting tale and there is just comedy enough in it to counteract the sadness of the tale. The judge and the major are the gayest old topers that a person would want to see, and in fact, the whole company is strong in all the parts. The piece will be played tonight and tomorrow afternoon and evening.

FRED LOWE.

Fred Lowe, of 318 Central street, who has been reported missing from his home, has returned.

BOXING GOSSIP.

Bob Fitzsimmons, was refused a meal at the Gilsey House, New York, yesterday by James Breslin, the proprietor of the hotel. Fitzsimmons withdrew without making any scene, but he was very indignant. This action on the part of the proprietor is due to the recent encounter between McCoy and Corbett in the corridor of the hotel. Mr. Breslin has placed himself on record against pugilists making their headquarters in his hotel. A few weeks ago he ordered Tom O'Rourke from the hotel.

After being laid up for three weeks with a fractured ankle, received in his fight with Bonner, Dan Creedon, the erstwhile antipodean champion, middleweight, is once more about. He limps badly, and walks with a cane. He expects to be in good shape in two weeks and will ask for another chance against Bonner. There are many who think Creedon is Bonner's equal and he will have little trouble in securing backing if another match is arranged.

It is said on good authority that the dove of peace does not hover over the Daly-Fitzgerald training camp; that fighter and manager have been on the verge of a separation, and that the latter would like to manage Lavigne again. Daly will hardly ever be the lightweight champion.

It is more apparent than ever that all the "champions," are deliberately steering clear of Sharkey.

It is worthy of note that amid all the present noise, Fitzsimmons, like Bre'r Rabbit, is lying low.

Tommy Ryan, who has been the undoubted welterweight champion of the world for years, or as long as he chose, to retain that title. Is going into the middleweight division openly and avowedly.

Manager Teller, who is looking after the interest of Adali, the new "Terrible Turk," has received an acceptance of the Turk's challenge, from Jenkins, the Cleveland wrestler. Jenkins stood off Yousouf one hour and twenty minutes, and will be a formidable opponent for the "Sultan's favorite." The match will take place at Madison Square garden on November 5th.

Jim Corbett is now challenging any old fighter through the New York Journal as follows:

To the Editor of the Journal:

I hereby challenge any man in the world to meet me in a contest of limited rounds or to a finish, the fight to take place before the club offering the largest purse. I have now \$2500 in the hands of Al. Smith, and my manager, George F. Considine, will deposit \$2500 more with him tomorrow.

The public is aware that I did everything in my power to get Mr. McCoy into the ring, but failed utterly. I now regard him as worse than a forlorn hope. Why he should have backed out of a meeting with me when he had a chance to win \$20,000 and almost immediately sign to fight Maher for half that amount is something I would like to have explained by him. He will not do it because he would have to admit that he was a coward.

I have no matches in sight with anyone, so the first man who covers my money will be the first man accommodated. I am in excellent condition, and will be ready to step into the ring three weeks after the date of signing articles. Moreover, one fight will not satisfy me. I am after every man who thinks he can make it interesting for me, and bar non one. Just as soon as I finish with one opponent, I will be ready to sign with another. It is a case of "the more the merrier," with me now. I am tired of getting in with a lot of fakirs and indulging in talk. That kind of thing is tiresome to the public and to me, and I refuse to be a party to any more of it.

I hope Fitzsimmons, Sharkey, Jeffries and the rest of the ambitious ones will take notice that my money is up, and all they have to do is to cover it instead of breaking into print.

NASHUA STREET RAILROAD.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Nashua Street Railway company was held at the office of the company on Monday. Among those present were Percy Parker, August Fels, E. A. Smith and H. Holden of Lowell. President John A. Fisher presided and John P. Coggin acted as clerk. The following board of directors was elected for the ensuing year: John A. Fisher, August Fels, Percy Parker, E. M. Tucke, F. C. Anderson, E. A. Smith and Miles F Brennan; John P Coggin clerk and Percy Parker, treasurer. Following a dinner at the Tremont House, the party took carriages and rode over the different lines.

PERSONAL.

Albert E. Lunan and George Taylor are in New York.

James Henry Willey, cadet on the U. S. Enterprise, is visiting his grandfather, Prof. G. F. Willey at his country house.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. McOsker with Miss Mary McOsker and Miss Mary J. Keenon of this city have returned from a delightful trip to New York. They took in Saratoga and the Hudson scenery and visited the Iowa at Tompkinsville. Gunner George Charette took the Lowell party all over the battleship.

Miss Mamie Mulhearn of Fitchburg is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Brady of Adams street. Miss Mulhearn is a cousin of John Cuff's, of P. H. Savage's.

SERIOUS CHARGE.

AGAINST JAMES VALGARIS A GREEK NOW UNDER ARREST.

Jas. Valgaris, a Greek, was arrested by Inspector Laflamme and Allen yesterday on Market street, for alleged rape the complainant being Delina Pepin, 10-year-old daughter of Theodore Pepin of 344 Suffolk street.

It is alleged that Valgaris visited the home of the child last Thursday and in the absence of the parents, perpetrated the crime.

Complaint was made at the police station and the inspectors locating him at the Greek colony in Market street. Valgaris was in some time ago for assault and battery on Officer Lennox and is regarded as a bad man.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY,
FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1886.
{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

PLEASANT SURPRISE.

FOR TOM McLAUGHLIN AT HIS HOME IN NASHUA.

"Tom" McLaughlin had a pleasant surprise last Wednesday at his home in Little's Ferry, South Nashua. He has been under the weather ever since New Year's, but now seems to be improving. He has a beautiful farm and he should take comfort. As he sat on his broad veranda and gazed on the purple and green which mantled the woodlands of the Merrimack and followed its graceful windings until it was shut out from sight beyond the long bend at Tyngsboro, a little party walked up from the station and greeted him. It was "Little Rich," and his wife, and they have liked him for years, as hundreds of others have the brave brusque Irish lad, who was as true to his friends as the needle to its course. "Rich" had Tom's Irish horse, Agitator, a superb gray gelding with which he won cup and money and finally sold for a long price. He also had at one time Tom's sweet road mare which he sold to Mayor Clarke of Manchester. In fact these two men have been closely connected for years, and so the visit that summer afternoon was doubly pleasant. Tom's face lighted up often, and his old spirit was roused to new life. As we have said, his farm is beautiful and he has some excellent horses, among them Mackey Wilkes, and two colts out of Pansy Blossom by Glencoe Wilkes. Mackey Wilkes is a son of Red Wilkes, out of Lady Mackey, the dam of Oakland Baron, and Tom believes that he is as fast as anything outside Kentucky, which has not been developed.—L. G. Trott in "Trotter and Pacer."

BASE BALL.

Charles Dryden, the well known base ball writer in New York, sizes up the decline of base ball in that city as follows:

With the closing down of the present base ball season, the New York club occupies a position unique in the history of the national game, a game admired and supported by sport-loving people when the pastime is to their liking. Installed in the premier base ball city of the Union, this club, which is a legitimate business enterprise, conducted for revenue only, and representing at least a quarter of a million dollars, has lost heavily on the season. A majority of the twelve clubs depend upon New York. It is the financial keystone of the league, and with a pennant winning team here, silver would jingle in many an empty coffer around the circuit this winter.

But the club and its management rendered themselves unpopular and obnoxious as well, with the result that the public would not support the home team composed of young and old men who never lived here. As in the past, the season opened auspiciously. Nothing could stop the Giants. They would be heard of at every stage of the game. So they were. Before many weeks had gone the Giants bubbled and seethed, a belching vesuvius of riot, rowdyism, and rebellion, and they continued to bubble and seethe.

When not wrangling with umpires, the players rebelled against the management and against each other, and this state of disorder soon became apparent in the work on the field. Petty jealousies cropped out both at home and abroad and nearly every case of insurrection or riot ended in defeat for the team that should draw the clamorous multitudes to the Polo Grounds. Harmony of action is one of the essentials of a winning ball team. This the Giants lacked, and as a natural result the game suffered in quality and for want of support.

One of the chief causes of dissension is the presence of self-styled stars in the aggregation. There are a few of the older hands who are disposed to airs because of the alleged superior wisdom and attainments, and sometimes beauties of mind and persons. The youngsters, with reason, resented these assumptions, and ill-feeling was engendered, resulting in the formation of cliques that pulled one against the other. On the road, for instance, the star Giants demanded superior hotel accommodations. This meant an airy boudoir and a bath for the star, while the meek and lowly youngsters were stowed three in a room with naught but the keyhole for light and ventilation. All ball players are supposed to be equals in the pursuit of life, liberty and the pennant. The latter is difficult to attain under conditions that rend the team, as exemplified by the career of the Giants.

Base ball enthusiasts here are only too familiar with the many causes that chilled their interest and deadened the sport. These causes have been exploited more than enough during the season. As yet there is little prospect of reform. In another week base ball will be buried until spring, when the cranks awaken with renewed hope. Will the New York club repeat itself in 1899? The public has shown that it wants something different. More base ball and less rowdyism would be acceptable in a city that has supported the greatest of all open air sports in the past, and will do it again if given proper encouragement. Another season like the one dragging to a close and base ball in New York will be dead beyond the hope of resurrection.

MISS HARD'S
Shorthand School

Graduates recommended to business men. Thoroughly equipped typewriting department. Hildreth building. Call for Catalogue.

COMMUNICATION.

Editor of The Sun—The conventions of both parties have now been held, and we have for candidates excellent representatives of both parties, William S. Knox, lawyer, of Lawrence, and Joseph J. Flynn, workingman. As at least three-fourths of the voters are workingmen, it is only fair that they should have a candidate and they have one in this contest whom they may feel proud of. Contrast the two men for a moment and the workingmen can easily see the difference. When the 10 per cent. reduction of wages was made, the lawyer candidate said in effect: "That don't amount to much; only a small reduction anyway." But the workingman, Flynn, then a senator, asked for a committee to investigate this matter and see if the cut-down was necessary. This incident only shows the workingmen who their good friend is. The lawyer doesn't think such things amount to much, as they don't affect him at all; but the workingman knows far better than that. He knows too well that 90 cents will not buy as much coal or flour as a dollar and that is a matter of a great deal of importance to all workingmen. Now what do the thousands of workingmen in this district want—a lawyer or a workingman to look after workingmen's interests. Most certainly a workingman, and they have him in the person of Hon. Joseph J. Flynn. The lawyer has already been four years in congress. What has he done for the workingmen of his district? Nothing whatever. What does he care for them except for their votes? Nothing at all. See how he promised them prosperity "before the snow should fly," if they would vote for McKinley. See how those promises have been fulfilled. To be sure, this lawyer voted for the Dingley tariff bill which resulted in a very speedy reduction of 10 per cent. in our wages, which he does not think amounts to much. Happily we now have an opportunity to vote for one of our own, a real genuine workingman. We have given the lawyer four years and have seen what he has done. Now we will elect the workingman and see what he will do, for all workingmen know that no matter what his politics, all workingmen's interests are better looked after by a workingman than they would have been by a lawyer who doesn't think a 10 per cent. cut down amounts to much.

Workingman.

Hives are a terrible torment to the little folks and to some older ones. Easily cured. Doan's Ointment never fails. Instant relief, permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Cook, Taylor & Co.,
CENTRAL STREET.

DRESS GOODS.

Our immense stock of Plain Dress Materials is the largest and most complete we have ever shown, consisting of all the popular weaves of foreign and Domestic make, in all the newest fall shades. Low prices prevail on all of them. Our special offerings will be All-Wool Black Crepons, elegant goods, worth \$1, at 49c. a yard. Another lot worth \$1.75, at

\$1.19 a Yard

Black German Finished Henrietta, 48 inches wide, extra heavy, regular prices 75c., 89c., and \$1.00,

Now 49c. and 59c. a Yard

You are welcome to examine the display of Dress Fabrics, whether you are prepared to buy or not.

BLANKETS

AT ABOUT HALF PRICE. About 100 cases of Blankets at about half price. Bought at a low figure, we shall sell them at a very low price.

10x4 Grey or White Cotton Blankets, all perfect, worth 50c.,

At 35c. a Pair

Large size, extra quality Cotton Blankets, worth \$1.50,

At 75c. a Pair

4 cases more 11x4 Wool Blankets, the same kind that caused such a furore when we offered the last lot. They are bound with wide silk and double row of stitching, red, pink or blue borders, a genuine \$4 Blanket and the best bargain we or you ever saw, at

\$2.95 Per Pair

And hundreds of other lots at \$1.00, \$1.35 \$1.75, \$1.98, \$3.69, \$4.60, \$6.00 and up as high as \$12 per pair.

4—QUEENS OF PALMISTRY—4 32 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

10 CENTS. 10 CENTS.

These are the Palm Readers selected by Mr. O. H. P. Belmont for his Gray Craig Lawn Party Aug. 5, 1898. They read the palms of the 400. Are they good enough for you? ADMISSION FREE. Fortunes told by the world's best palmists for 10c. No humbug. A. L. MORRELL, Manager.

MILLINERY FACTS

That our efforts to present to the attention of the Ladies of Lowell a handsome line of Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, that are stylish and dressy, and at the same time reasonable in price, have met with their approval is evident by the large number we have sold the past week. For this week we shall offer the finest lines of BONNETS, TOQUES, TURBANS and LARGE HATS ever shown in Lowell for from \$5.00 to \$7.00 that will cost you from \$7 to \$12 in any other store in the city. Nice line of Walking Hats, Children's Dress Hats and Tams, Ostrich Wings, Ornaments and Fancy Feathers at the same small margin of profit. Best goods, small profits and quick sales is our motto. Come in when you want anything in Millinery. We can save you money.

HEAD & SHAW, THE MILLINERS.
169 MERRIMACK STREET.

P. F. Devine's Branch, 88 Merrimack Street.

BAGS, TRUNKS, DRESS SUIT CASES

In fact everything the well equipped traveler requires, at special "OPENING" prices. Our Middlesex street store is not abandoned. In both stores a full and complete line of latest style leather goods.

ROOFING.

For \$1.00 I send material, ready for use, to stop leak in any roof. For \$2.25 I ship 100 square feet of new roofing that anybody can apply. For \$4.00 I ship sufficient dark red roofing paint to cover 1000 square feet of tin or iron.

WRITE AT ONCE FOR CATALOGUE.

SAMPLES MAILED FREE IF YOU STATE SIZE AND CONDITION OF ROOF
Agents Wanted, G. E. GLINES, 131 West Broadway, New York

HARVARD
\$1000.00
PURE BEER

A Tip.

If you drink Beer, we want to call your attention to one fact. Cheap Beer needs little or no advertising. The dealer makes more money on each barrel by selling it to you, the profit is the inducement. Good, Pure Beer costs more money, the dealer makes less on it as you pay the same. You can get the best by going to the right dealer and insisting on having HARVARD. It comes in wood or glass, as you wish.

HARVARD BREWING CO.
LOWELL, MASS., U.S.A.

We Brew Pure Ale in Our Ale Brewery.

SECOND HAND PAPERS.

Other local papers which copy each edition of The Sun and come out with the same news several hours later are second hand papers. If you want to get the news while it is hot, you must buy the Lowell Sun.

THE LOWELL SUN

THEY ALL ADMIT IT.
The news agents, the newsboys, the merchants and the reading public promptly admit that THE SUN is
Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

22ND YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1898. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

SUN NIGHT EDITION

SIX O'CLOCK.

A FORCE OF TROOPS

Will be Maintained in Cuba by Spain

Until the Treaty of Peace With the United States Has Been Definitely Signed.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Madrid, Oct. 11.—The Spanish government announces its intention to maintian a strong force of troops in Cuba until the treaty of peace with the United States is definitely signed. Immediately after peace is signed the Cortes will be convened and measures dealing with the reorganization of all the state departments will be submitted to parliament.

SANTIAGO DECKED

In Honor of Declaration of Cuban Independence.

Cuban Leaders Say Cuba Will be Free in Two Years—American Flag Will Float Over Spanish Club House.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Santiago de Cuba, Oct. 10.—Delayed in transmission.—The festivities arranged by the Cubans to celebrate today the Thirtieth anniversary of their declaration of independence were postponed until October 17th, on account of the continuous rain. The city is gaily decorated with bunting and flowers are to be seen on all sides. Many persons visited the cemetery and placed flowers on the monuments erected to Marty and Cespedes.

A few speeches were made tonight at the San Carlos club, the principal speakers being Senor Trujillo and Dr. Frias. The latter was the agent of the Cuban government at San Domingo during the war. Both declared they were satisfied with the situation and are confident that within two years Cuba Libre will be an accomplished fact.

A letter signed by the leading Cubans bidding farewell to General Lawton, and expressing thanks for his invariable fairness, kindness and generosity, has been presented to the American commander by a committee headed by Senor Mendoza. The general was much affected.

General Lawton will probably leave here on Wednesday next on board the United States transport Michigan.

Lieut.-Col. Wiley, Lieut.-Gov. of the department of Santiago, accompanied by General Castillo, the Cuban leader, who was recently appointed to advise General Wood on Cuban matters, left here this evening by the steamer Los Angeles for Guantanamo, Baracoa and other points to look into the internal matters of the department, establish courts and set in motion the machinery necessary to run the civil government. The courts will be under the supervison of General Wood, in accordance with the president's proclamation.

The Spanish club has applied to the palace for an American flag to hoist over the club building.

TREASURY NOTES

Which Two Persons Claim Belong to Them

COLLECTED IN RAID ON GREEN GOODS MEN.

With Whom a Hungarian Was Dealing.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Oct. 11.—The property clerk of the police department has in charge $2080 in new United States Treasury notes for which two persons put in formal claims. The money is said to have belonged to alleged green goods men.

One of the claimants is Joseph Ungary, an Hungarian, of South Norwalk, Conn. About the middle of September he and his son came to this city to "beat a green goods game." Ungary brought $500. He met the alleged green goods men in Newton, where he said, arrangements were completed for the sale of $3000 of their money for his $500. He and his son met the sellers in a room. The men showed him $3000 and he turned over his $500. They were about to put up the money in a package for him, when he shouted, "No package for me," and seized the money. There was a disturbance during which the Hungarian and his son fired off revolvers and the other men escaped out of the window.

Ungary and his son were arrested and he was found to have $2080 of the green goods, the others escaping with his $500 and the balance of the $3000. The police took the money despite his protests. He and his son were discharged the next day in court.

GREEN NAMED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New Bedford, Mass., Oct. 11.—The 12th congressional district republican convention today nominated Congressman William S. Green of Fall River by acclamation.

NEW STEAMER LINE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 11—San Francisco is to have another direct steamer communication with South American markets on both the west and east coasts. The Chargeurs Reunis, one of the largest of the French steamship companies, is to establish a line of steamers between this port and Acapulco, Guayaquil, Callao, Valparaiso, Montevideo, Santos, Liverpool, Havre and possibly a Belgian port.

EPISCOPAL COUNCIL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 11.—At the opening of the session of the house of deputies of the Episcopal council today, Rev. William Prall of Michigan offered a resolution for the appointment of a joint committee of deputies and bishops to take into consideration the validity of the orders of the Reformed Episcopal church and whether re-confirmation of the members of the Reformed church who come into the Protestant Episcopal church is necessary.

STARS AND STRIPES

Were Hoisted in Manzanillo Yesterday.

The Spanish Prepare to Evacuate and the American Commander Pays Them a Final Visit.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Manzanillo, Cuba, Oct. 10 (Delayed in transmission)—The Spaniards leave at daybreak tomorrow on board the steamer Porto Rico, bound for Cienfuegos. She has a full passenger list and is loaded with provisions, baggage, etc.

Col. Ray, the American commander, paid a final visit to the Spanish commander, Col. Parron, this afternoon, and wished the Spaniard bon voyage.

The American troops then marched to the public square, hoisted the Stars and Stripes and proceeded to the Custom House where a similar ceremony was performed. Our soldiers then repaired to the post office and hoisted the American ensign there.

In the majority of instances, the present incumbents will hold office, pending the arrival here of General Wood.

Acting upon instructions received here from Havana, the civil government of Manzanilla was turned over to the Americans by the Spanish officials under protest.

Col. Ray has paid a visit to General Ross, the Cuban commander, whose camp is situated about three miles from this city. The Cubans seemed astonished that the civil government was not turned over to them.

THE DATE IS FIXED

When United States Will Control Cuba.

On December First We Will Take Full Charge of the Island Both Military and Governmental.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 11.—The American commissioners have notified the Spanish authorities in Havana that the United States will assume entire control, military and governmental of the island of Cuba December 1st. The same control will be exercised in Porto Rico October 18th.

KNIGHTS PARADE

Grand Turn-out in Pittsburg Today.

25,000 UNIFORMED KNIGHTS WERE IN LINE.

One Million People Saw the Parade.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 11.—What Jerusalem was to the Crusaders almost a thousand years ago this city today was to the Knights Templars. All night and early this morning, every railroad leading into the city, and every street car line entering from the surrounding suburbs brought thousands and thousands of people.

The hour of the parade was set for 10 a. m., and from early dawn everybody was astir at the various headquarters of the different commanderies preparing for the march. In the yards of the railroad depots and the hotels all was life and bustle and soon the first troops of plumed Knights, dressed in the full regalia of their various rank appeared on the street. At 8 o'clock all the down town streets were filled with different marching detachments. Seats had been erected all along the line of march to accommodate 200,000 people. All these seats were occupied and it is estimated that the parade proper was made up of upwards of 25,000 uniformed Knights and there were at least a million spectators lined along the route of the parade, which was seven miles long.

The head of the parade formed at the corner of Cedar and North avenues, Alleghany City and at half past nine o'clock Brigadier General J. P. S. Gobin, the grand marshal of the parade, with his staff of mounted lieutenants and aides, left his headquarters at the Monongahela, and accompanied by the strains of Sousa's band, "The Stars and Stripes Forever," made his way down Fifth avenue, Pittsburg, across the suspension bridge into Allegheny City.

Promptly at 10 o'clock, General Gobin gave the command and the great parade started.

GOVERNOR'S VISIT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Providence, R. I., Oct. 11.—Governor Dyer and his executive secretary, Col. Anthony H. Dyer, left for Camp Meade this morning at 10.10 o'clock. The governor is not making an official visit to the camp, the trip being simply in the nature of a leave taking of the men of this state before the order goes into effect for their departure for the south. Governor Dyer and his secretary are expected home Friday evening.

CHIEFS ARRESTED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Sierra Leone, West Coast of Africa, Oct. 11—Native chiefs to the number of 100 have been arrested and are awaiting trial at Freetown, capital of the British colony of Sierra Leone for the murder of American and other missionaries at Kwelln, in May last. A number of the chiefs implicated have already been convicted.

RUSSELL NOMINATED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Norwich, Conn., Oct. 11.—The republicans of the Third congressional district of Connecticut today unanimously renominated Hon. Charles A. Russell of Killingly.

James F. O'Donnell,
UNDERTAKER.
Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables
MARKET ST., COR. WORTHEN.

ALGER EXPLAINS

The Plan of Campaign and Changes Made.

GEN. MILES' ADVICE WAS NOT FOLLOWED.

He Wanted Porto Rico Attacked First.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 11.—The war investigating commission devoted its forenoon session today to the examination of Secretary Alger's statement, and the papers furnished by him in reply to the commission's inquiries. The accompanying papers include the reports from the various bureaus of the war department and also various letters and telegrams bearing upon the conduct of the war.

Secretary Alger in his report replies to the various questions propounded by the commission but gives especial prominence to the plan of campaign and to the changes that were made in the original plans. He states that Tampa was chosen as the base of operations because of its proximity to Havana, at which point it was originally intended the first attack should be made. The determination to make a change was due to the developments on the southern coast of Cuba and to Cervera's course in locating his fleet in the bay at Santiago. When it became quite certain that he was securely entrapped in the bay Admiral Sampson wired the fact to the secretary of the navy, asking that troops be sent immediately. The text of the message is given, as is the text of various other telegrams showing the cause of delay in getting the expedition off—the report that Spanish warships were lying in wait for the transports.

The reports show that General Miles advised in the beginning that the first move should be made against Porto Rico and after that island should be subjugated the American forces should be landed on the north coast of Cuba, at some point from which they could move conveniently to the east or the west.

The following is Secretary Alger's reply to the questions of the war investigating commission:

War Department,
Washington, Oct. 6, 1898.

Major General Greenville M. Dodge, President Commission Appointed by The President to Investigate the Conduct of the War Department in the War With Spain:

Sir—I have the honor herewith to hand you information desired from the secretary of war as referred to in your letter of September 27, 1898.

Very respectfully,
—R. A. Alger, Secy of War.

(1)—Plan of campaign proposed immediately after declaration of war; was it intended to move at once to Havana or that the campaign be postponed until the autumn?

Answer—Immediate blockade by the navy of the important ports of Cuba, as directed by the president's proclamation. The holding of troops at points nearest to Cuba to be available in any emergency which might arise, and especially to be ready for prompt assistance in case the operations of the navy should make the use of land forces desirable.

Early in May a plan was partially matured to land a force at Mariel, a point about 25 miles west of Havana, reports having been received that in its immediate vicinity were high grounds, well watered and suitable for camping troops preparatory for a movement upon Havana later if it was deemed advisable; the thought being that possibly an assault might be made upon the forces defending that city before the rainy season set in. Orders issued to that effect May 9; subsequently plans were changed on account of further information that there would be great danger to the health of the troops in that vicinity, and also on account of the uncertainty of the movements of the enemy's fleet. It was then determined to keep the forces in the United States at points as near Cuba as possible for immediate embarkation should an emergency demand it. The Santiago campaign proved to be that emergency.

It should be added further that it was believed, after consultation with medical authorities that troops camping in southern states during the summer would become somewhat acclimated for their service in Cuba.

(2) When was the Santiago campaign determined upon?

Answer:—The Santiago campaign was made necessary by the presence of Admiral Cervera's fleet in Santiago harbor; but had previously been contemplated as one point on the coast where a reconnoissance in force was to be made to ascertain the strength of the enemy in the different localities in eastern Cuba.

PEACE COMMISSION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 11.—The peace commissions each held a separate session this morning, preparatory to the fourth joint session, which began at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

GREETED PRESIDENT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Clinton, Iowa, Oct. 11.—The president's journey to the Mississippi river today was one constant ovation. Since he was elected, President McKinley has not until now travelled west of Chicago and the immense crowds gathered at the stations along the Northwestern road for the opportunity of greeting their chief magistrate.

ACTING QUARTERMASTER.

A letter from Utuado states that Lieut. Thomas Talbot of Company M, Sixth regiment, will act as quartermaster at Arecibo until the quartermaster recovers from his present illness.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Designated Depository of the U. S.
TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK
Of Lowell.
DEPOSITS:
July 1, 1892 ..... $ 80,768.48
Oct. 10, 1898 ..... 1,063,106.52
BANKING ROOMS:
Middlesex St., Cor. Post Office Avenue.
C. J. Gliddon Pres. Wm. F. Hills, Cashier

STANDARD OIL CO.

An Investigation Begun in New York Today

TO PROVE ITS CONTEMPT OF COURT.

A Statement Made by Lawyer Kinkead.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Oct. 11.—The investigation to attempt to prove to the supreme court of the state of Ohio that the Stanard Oil company is in contempt of that court, was begun this morning at the New Amsterdam hotel.

Those who are conducting it are Attorney General of the state of Ohio, Frank E. Monett, and Special Commissioner Allen T. Brinsmade, representing the supreme court of Ohio. They are assisted by Lawyer E. E. Kinkead of Columbus.

Mr. Kinkead said J. D. Rockefeller would be present today and testify be-testify before the committee. He explained the case this morning by saying:

"In the case of Attorney General Monett against the Standard Oil company, judgment was awarded by the supreme court of Ohio debarring the company from participating in or having connection with the trust. It was held that the famous Standard Oil company agreement was void. That was in 1892. Immediately afterwards, the Standard Oil trust called a meeting of the certificate holders, the meeting being held in New York city, March 21, 1892.

"At that meeting steps were taken to dissolve the trust and liquidating trustees appointed to wind up its affairs, so the trust maintained. It has been six years since that meeting and all of that time has been taken up in liquidating the trust."

Mr. Kinkead said that the state of Ohio had spent much time in trying to get at the intention of the trust. Mr. Rockefeller once consented to answer 25 questions but no more, and the commission is here trying to get those questions answered by him. Mr. Kinkead claims that Standard Oil certificates are selling today higher than they were six years ago, though the company was supposed to have dissolved. He says that the commission has powers to examine all the books and papers of the trust. He said he expects to have as witnesses, besides Mr. Rockefeller, George Rice, an Ohio oil refiner and Virgin Kline of Cleveland, a member of the company.

OTHER LATE TELEGRAPHIC NEWS ON PAGES 2 AND 5.

Putnam & Son

We Have a Definite Purpose,

Besides profit getting, in selling ROGERS, PEET & CO. suits for $12.00 and $15.00.

We want to induce men who have worn moderate priced ready-made to try the best ready-to-wear clothing in the world.

We know that a trial of this superior clothing will result in a greater general demand for it in the future, and for this reason we have virtually sacrificed the profits of a season to effect a wider introduction of these excellent goods.

200 Suits Made by Rogers, Peet & Co.,

Ten styles, the best fitting, the best tailored, the most stylish suits to be had ready-made. COLLARS, LAPELS, and BUTTON HOLES FINISHED BY HAND,

$12 and $15 a Suit.

The range of prices in winter suits is for all wool suits from $5.00 to $25.00.

PUTNAM & SON
166 Centra Street.

Box Overcoats NOW.

There'll be a sudden drop in temperature—bound to come soon. The man with a Fall Overcoat or Top Coat in readiness will be in ship-shape for the cool season.

Want the Handsomest $8 Coat In Town?

It's here in several shades and fabrics—at $10, $12 and $15. The productions of the most celebrated makers are fully represented here. Fine in every sense of the word. A choice of fabrics not surpasred in the best merchant tailoring stock. They are models of artistic tailoring. Fine in every sense of the word.

J. L. CHALIFOUX
49 TO 59 CENTRAL STREET.

FOUND—On Middlesex street, Lowell, Saturday, Oct. 8, a pocketbook containing a small sum of money. The owner can have by proving property. Address Box 18, Graniteville, Mass.

A COAL HOD Given away with one Pound of Tea at O'Brien Bros. Tea Dealers, 77 E. Merrimack street. Telephone connected. Free delivery.

THE SUN LATEST!

5 O'CLOCK

The Late SHERMAN HOAR, Whose Funeral Occurred Yesterday and Whose Remains were Cremated at Forest Hill Cemetery.

BODY CREMATED

Sherman Hoar's Remains Reduced to Ashes.

AFTER FUNERAL SERVICES AT CONCORD.

Gov. Wolcott Present at the Funeral.

Concord, Oct. 11—A short private service was held at the Hoar homestead by the family yesterday afternoon over the remains of the late Hon. Sherman Hoar, following which a public service took place in the Unitarian church. The Rev. Samuel Atkins Eliot of Cambridge presided assisted by the Rev Henry King, rector of the Trinity Church Concord. Woodson Hudson of Concord had charge of the arrangements and the ushers were Murray Ballou, R. R. Barrett, Capt. Gilmore, C. F. Heywood, G. S. Keyes, C. O. Prati, D. W. Prescott, and D. F. Smith, all of Concord. The coffin was covered with broadcloth and lay in front of the old fashioned pulpit. Two silver plates bore the inscription: "Sherman Hoar, died Oct. 7, 1898, aged 58."

Gov. Wolcott was present with a large number of state, legal and other dignitaries, including Senator Hoar, Hon. Richard Olney, the Hon. C. S. Hamlin and others. The Massachusetts Volunteer Aid association was represented by its officers. The Middlesex club sent a delegation; the Chamber of Commerce sent a committee; the American Unitarian association sent a number of its officers; the town officially by the selectmen and unofficially by all the business men. Representatives from all over this and neighboring states were present.

The flowers were piled over the casket and pulpit. There were wreaths from the Concord company, roses from Mr. and Mrs. Barrett, roses from Mr. and Mrs. Reife, a wreath of roses from Colonel Taylor; carnations and roses from Mr. and Miss Taylor and other floral tributes from prominent people and organizations. The walls of the church were hidden by a mass of palms, ferns and cut flowers and intertwined about the hall were long festoons of asparagus fern.

The following classmates of Mr. Hoar at Harvard in 1852 acted as honorary pall bearers: William L. Putnam, Everett Jansen Wendell, Joseph B. Worcester, Richard M. Bradlee, the Rev. Robert Codman, Henry D. Warren, John H. Stover, Frederick M. Stover, Godfrey L. Cabot, Thomas C. Thacher, Frederic Warren and William C. Waite.

The Rev. Samuel A. Eliot, a life-long friend, delivered the eulogy, saying in part:

"Devoted to his friends, generous to his enemies, he carried with him the atmosphere of optimism. He had the large manly common sense that we Americans demand in the leaders we trust and follow, and with it a warmth of emotion which stirred our hearts. His Christianity was broad and practical. He did not seek to penetrate into the dark places of theology, but whatever good he found to do, he did it with his might.

"In the fulness of his powers, his early career of usefulness is suddenly arrested. The supreme sacrifice to patriotism and to honor is bravely paid. He has left us the inspiration of that which the grave cannot inclose or death itself disintegrate—the solid substance of firm-knit character, the stimulus of high endeavor."

The body was left in the church after the services and remained there over night with a guard. In the morning the body, accompanied by members of the family will be taken to Boston and cremated at the Forest Hills cemetery, after which the ashes will be brought to Concord and deposited in the family lot at Sleepy Hollow cemetery.

TRIED TO LYNCH HIM

The 12th. New York Men on War Path.

Tried to Break Into a Jail to Lynch a Prisoner Who Shot One of Their Number.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 11.—When the 7.30 p. m. Louisville train started for town last night a crowd of 300 members of the 12th New York was at the depot to meet it. They were armed and coming to try to get Albie Kitchen from the jail and shoot him. Kitchen is the provost guard who shot and instantly killed Private Henry Nygren, Company B, 12th New York, Sunday night. The operator at the station wired to the division headquarters in the camp, and General Wiley wired back instructing the train to be held. He sent a battalion to the scene of the trouble under Captain Holbrook, adjutant general on General Wiley's staff. Captain Holbrook ordered all peaceful soldiers to return to the camp. A corporal spoke up and said: "All who do are cowards."

Captain Holbreck asked him to what regiment he belonged und he answered: "The Big Four."

Captain Holbrook told him that was no way to speak to an officer. The soldier made some reply and Holbrook grabbed him by the arm. The soldier tore away, leaving his coat sleeve in the captain's hands, and drawing a gun, shot at Holbrook. The bullet missed the captain. The corporal then crawled under a car. Lieutenant Langdon followed him and was shot at twice. The soldier escaped. Many the of 12th New York regiment had to be clubbed into submission.

The Eighth Massachusetts regiment was placed as special guard around Camp Hamilton.

Later a report reached town that a mob was forming in town. The entire 160th Indiana was sent to the town about 11 o'clock. A guard of fifty men was placed around the jail, and the jailer, sheriff and deputies, armed with Winchesters, are protecting the prison.

Kitchen is badly scared and fears yet that he will be lynched.

Colonel Gunsr of the 160th and his men patrolled the streets, going through every restaurant, saloon and open house in town, arresting every soldier, officers as well as privates. All were taken to London jerk. Over 200 have been arrested. There is not a soldier in town now except the provost guard.

Captain Gaynor, in charge of the provost guard, ordered his men not to shoot unless compelled to, but when they did, to take aim to kill.

Officers say Kitchen will unquestionably get the death sentence. When he shot Nygren he was under orders not even to have his gun loaded.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

POLITICAL NOTES

The Situation in the 26th Representative District.

A Democratic Victory is Assured—Cong. Knox Spoke About the War, While Senator Flynn Worked Among the Sick Soldiers—Other Political Sayings and Doings.

Some political talk.

"It is good politics to conciliate your enemies; but it is not good politics to be so anxious to conciliate your enemies that you forget your friends."

The above from the New York Journal should be pasted in the hats of all political candidates.

The 26th district democratic representative convention still hangs fire though it is believed that another call for a convention will be sent out in a very few days. The convention will undoubtedly be of a perfunctory nature except in the event of the withdrawal of Mr. McCarthy, which is by no means assured, when it will become necessary to select a third candidate.

It is thought by some of the district leaders that the fight will be between J. Joseph Hennessey, who missed the nominations by one vote, and Alderman Cosgrove, who wasn't in the fight at all as far as votes were concerned, Messrs. McDonald, Draper and Gordon showing more strength on the informal ballot and Mr. McDonald beating him out on the formal ballot.

However the contest goes, there is a great chance for democratic success this year in the 26th district, for of all the weak candidates that the republican party ever threw at a nomination, the 26th district this year will have three of the weakest.

Was there ever a more thoroughbred political Stoughton bottle than Representative Pattee? Good fellow? Certainly, a fine fellow, but as a representative we are considering him. A citizen of Lowell visiting the state house or following up the proceedings of the legislature would have to get a lantern to find him in the legislature or anything that he has done since he's been there. In his two years' service, he hasn't even moved to adjourn or to open the window or do anything. He simply said "Present" when the clerk called the roll and "Yea" or "Nay" when his name was called. Such representatives make the best kind of people to stay at home and they're easily beaten.

And did you ever run up against a more thoroughly coated political "frost" than Arthur Cluer in all your experience? Not much. The old liners are making bets on how much Arthur will be beaten. Cluer has the reputation of belonging to that portion of the republican party which gets a member nominated for appearance' sake, but never gets a candidate elected, one of those candidates who are good ones to cut when the party sees a democrat worth voting for.

Sharing the honors with Cluer as a "frost" is Dick Dobbins. Concerning Dobbins, let me quote the very decided language of a prominent republican when he heard that Dobbins was again seeking a nomination. He said: "What in H—— does that fellow want of a nomination? He' couldn't be elected if every man in the district was a republican."

Now the 26th district democrats, in the selection of Messrs. Mansfield and Garvey, for there is no doubt that they will be on the ticket on election day, places before the voters two men who will be of use to their district as members of the legislature. Of course, every one of intelligence is aware of the fact that in the legislature fights for good things are not always partisan, but often are sectional and it is to the advantage of a district to be well represented, regardless of party and here are two men who will hold up their end on any fight for sectional preferment. Both are intelligent, well educated and good talkers, not afraid to talk, for a starter. Then, if elected it will not take them a year to get acquainted with the workings of the house, as both have been valued members of the common council in years when a common council man needed to know his business all the time, namely during the famous deadlock. They could not be improved upon as candidates and nothing that the republicans of the district can or will put up will come within many degrees of equalling them in capability and hence desirability and running strength.

Senator Flynn "chaperoned" by the old warhorse, Thomas Sealig, has been visiting the country towns of the district. The country voters know him well and favorably from his admirable record in the legislature and senate, and have promised him a most gratifying vote. They want a man who thinks of them oftener than twice in two years and they have such a man in Senator Flynn.

Here are two sayings of Congressman Knox in this campaign:

"All we want is for this wave of prosperity to reach New England" and speaking of the war, "though it cost some sacrifices, there will be few willing to say that they regret the glorious pages of history it has made."

Those remarks were made by Congressman Knox at a rally of the Lincoln club in this city on the night of September 8. After the rally was all over and the refreshments were out, Congressman Knox, Mayor Bennett and the rest went down to the northern depot to meet the members of Companies F of Lawrence and M of Lowell who were returning home half dead, after making those glorious pages to die or recover among friends.

When the train rolled into the northern depot with its precious burden, one of the first men to step out on the platform of the car was Senator Joseph J. Flynn of Lawrence who had met the Ninth at New London and arranged for the comfort of the boys from Lawrence and Lowell, assisting in getting them their special car and attending them to their destination. Up to New London the Lowell and Lawrence boys with the rest of the Ninth were in the care of their best friend, Congressman John F. Fitzgerald, the only Massachusetts congressman who gave a thought to the soldiers from his state.

On September 8, Flynn was doing noble work; Knox ignoble talking.

"Gee whiz! She's running like a winner!" yelled Jim Walker of the Butler Veas, at Ayer, the other day, as the old machine threw the liquid almost to the world's record.

"Just like I'm going to run for overseer of the poor in ward five," added Jerry McGlinchey as he spat on his hands and went on pumping with good old Kerry vigor.

"All I want is one year," is one of Mayor Bennett's historical remarks made last nomination time, and that's just what Mayor Bennett will get.

The town of Dracut is desirous of having a representative in the legislature just to see how it seems and will put John H. Sparks there, having tried him as a selectman and found him satisfactory to all classes and parties.

POLICE COURT

JOHN VULGARIS HELD IN $800 FOR FELONIOUS ASSAULT.

John Vulgaris, the Greek, who, it is alleged feloniously assaulted a ten year old girl named Pepin, was found probably guilty and was held in $800 for the superior court.

10 drunks.

A soldier who claimed that he had just returned from Camp Thomas was arrested last night for drunkenness. He was released.

All the other drunks were fined.

Thomas Crowley was sentenced to three months in jail for assaulting J. B. Stillings.

Roderick Chisholm and Kittie Mayo were found guilty of fornication. Chisholm was fined $10 while the woman was sentenced to 15 months at the Sherburne women's reformatory. She appealed.

MEDFORD SOAP.

LARGE FACTORY BURNED THIS MORNING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Medford, Mass., Oct. 11.—The soap factory of John C. Dow & Co., of Boston, which was located here, was burned at 8.50 o'clock this morning. The loss was about $5000. The firemen were kept busy as several alarms were rung in for small fires in different parts of the city at the same time.

There will be a regular meeting of the aldermen this evening.

REGISTRATION YESTERDAY.

The following names were added to the voting lists yesterday afternoon:

Ward one, John H. Devine, 98 Middlesex; William L. Dabney, 66 Kirk. Ward two, Ovila Gregon, 20 Race. Ward four, Daniel F. Coughlin, 874 Central; John L. Shanks, 12 Hudson. Ward five, Benjamin Fletcher, 129 Church; William F. Boyle, 50 Church; Thomas F. Head, 703 Central. Ward six, Alfred T. Deane, 99 Orleans; Henry Dean, 99 Orleans; William H. Wood, 3 Myrtle. Ward seven, John J. Lee, 209 Salem. Ward eight, Albert E. Willy, 81 Washington.

DR. THOS. B. SMITH

Elected Member of Board of Health.

A NEW PLUMBING COMMISSION WAS ELECTED.

Financial Standing of the Department.

Dr. Thomas B. Smith, city physician, was elected bacteriologist by the board of health yesterday afternoon, to succeed the late Dr. Fox.

Dr. Smith has had experience in the office and that is one of the main reasons why he was chosen.

The board of examiners of plumbers was elected as follows: Dr. Packard, chairman; Supt. W. T. True, Stephen Garrity. By the election of Mr. Garrity in the place of Edward J. Carroll, the board of health makes another saving of $100. Mr. Carroll has received that amount for his work. Mr. Garrity, being in the employ of the department, will do the work as a part of his regular duties.

The question of contagious diseases was taken up and it was voted to send a card to Supt. A. K. Whitcomb whenever a pupil in the public schools is ill, with the request that other children of the family be kept from school until the board allows their return.

Supt. John F. Murphy presented the following yard report for September: Ashes and rubbish collected 2334 loads; swill, 431 loads; swill sold, 242 loads; swill cremated, 156 loads; cash paid to city treasurer from sale of swill, $201; for collection, $41; payrolls for five weeks, $2493.53.

The health department bills for September were $605.88 as against $372.61. The yard pay roll was $1994.23, as against $2191.10 last year and the office $367 as against $193. Salaries remaining the same, the total for the month was $3092.17 as against $3651.72 last year. The balance on hand is $6159.24. It was $3500.59 last October.

The mayor has accepted the chairmanship of the reception committee of one hundred for the big Royal Arcanum demonstration in Odd Fellows' hall Nov. 3.

City Messenger C. F. Going has received a letter from his son Corp. Russell Going in Porto Rico. The young man said that Capt. Alexander Greig's company was doing garrison duty in a fine, healthy town and that the captain had been quartered in the home of a rich planter. The captain, he added had told the men that they could write home for such necessities as they may need, to be sent in one large company box, and instead of asking for food or clothing, Corp. Going suggests for a starter that his father send him a camera.

TIGHE'S FUNERAL

HELD YESTERDAY FROM HIS BROTHER'S HOME.

The remains of Henry Tighe the victim of the terrible accident at Tewksbury Sunday morning, were interred in the Catholic cemetery yesterday afternoon. The funeral took place from the home of Fred Tighe, a brother of deceased on South street. It was well attended and the gathering was a most sorrowful one. All who had known Henry Tighe expressed their sincere sorrow for the manner of his death. At 2 o'clock the cortege moved from the residence to the grave, Rev. Fr. Ronan, pastor of St. Peter's church, conducting the committal service, at the close of which prayers were said for the repose of the soul of deceased.

NO BILL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 11.—The grand jury of the United States district court has reported that it does not find a true bill against Rev. Gabrielle Hostetter, a Baptist minister arrested some time ago in Canton. It was alleged that a complete counterfeiting outfit had been found upon his premises and bogus money found in his possession.

ON FULL TIME.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Northbridge, Mass., Oct. 11.—The Whitinsville Machine Works are on full time after a short schedule for two years. Many orders have been received of late, including the machinery for a cotton mill in Russia, which will be shipped this week.

PITCHER TAYLOR SOLD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 11.—Receiver Muckenfuss of the St. Louis Browns, has sold Pitcher Jack Taylor to the Cincinnati club for $1,000 and Pitcher Hill. It is further stated that John T. Brush is after Lafe Cross, the Browns' star third baseman.

TURKEY ACCEPTS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Constantinople, Oct. 11.—The reply of the Turkish government to the note of the powers on the evacuation of the island of Crete was handed to the ambassadors yesterday evening. Turkey accepts the terms proposed but expresses a wish for certain modification.

A BIG LOAN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Pekin, Oct. 11.—The loan contract for the extension of the Nin-Chang railroad signed by the Hong Kong and Shanghai bank, calls for £3,250,000 at five per cent. guaranteed on the security of the existing lines at Pekin, Shanghai and other places.

COUNTESS ARRIVES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 11.—The Countess Adeline Chimmelbanna of Copenhagen, accompanied by her two sons and seven interpreters, arrived here today on the private yacht Duen. The countess is doing missionary work among sailors, especially those of her own nationality and she expects to encircle the earth in her travels.

WANTED TO SHOOT

Desperate Italian Assaults No. Andover Officer.

WHILE THE LATTER WAS ARRESTING HIM.

Fight Occurred on M. T. Stevens' Land.

The town of North Andover furnished another sensation Saturday afternoon, says the Lawrence Sun, when an Italian named Michael Ravell of 29 Portland street, Lawrence, threatened to shoot Chief of Police Toohey.

After a desperate tussle the officer succeeded in placing the man under arrest and he will appear in the police court charged with assault with a dangerous weapon.

At noon Saturday, Chief Toohey found two Italians gunning near the Hatch, on land owned by Ex-Congressman Moses T. Stevens. The complaints of unlawful gunners have been many and so the police were called to investigate. Mr. Stevens' land is signed but gunners have no regard for them.

Chief Toohey attempted to place one of the Italians under arrest, when the other, Ravell, knocked the officer down felling him with the butt end of his double barrel shot gun. In the meantime, the Italian, whom Toohey was endeavoring to arrest, escaped and has not yet been located.

Chief Toohey recovered from the blow in a short space of time and put after the men when Ravell turned upon him and pointed the gun threateningly to shoot. The two men then escaped, the one who tried to shoot going up the railroad track near Marbleridge. The chief called for help and several men responded, but the would-be shooter was lost sight of.

Later in the afternoon, Chief Toohey returned to his home on Stevens street where a man called and informed him that an Italian with a gun was going towards Stevens' village. The chief ran towards the place and sent a man on a bicycle to head the Italian off. When Toohey was within 20 feet of the man, he recognized the chief. Again was Chief Toohey held at bay and for some minutes faced a double barel shot gun, the trigger all cocked in the hands of the supposed dangerous Italian. The Italian, who was Ravell, escaped a second time.

Chief Toohey then went to the parish and detailed Officers Harirs and Marvin to patrol the vicinity of the Shawsheen bridge and he went toward the air line road. In the meantime the Italian had been seen going towards Lawrence.

Chief Toohey ran through a field and at the home of John Glennie put on a heavy coat and another hat and started for the road when he saw the Italian. This time he did not recognize the chief.

Opposite the Glennie soap factory Toohey grappled with the Italian and a hard fight ensued. This time Ravell was unable to get the shot gun into play and with the assistance of a few men he was forced and taken to the lock-up.

The Italian who escaped works on the Andover water works. The Italian camp was visited but he was not found and it is believed he is in hiding. Ravell says he is 18 years old but he looks much older.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The print cloth market in Fall River is dull at 1 15-16 cents.

Albert Stanley and George H. Ritter were arrested in Springfield, Ill., charged with robbing Frederick Leka of $14,000. Leka, who is a wealthy farmer, had buried the money in a yard.

Robert Fitzsimmons has filed a suit against the Gilsey House of New York for $50,000 damages. J. H. Breslin, the proprietor, refused to serve the boxer with a meal a few days ago, and he takes exception to such treatment.

Comptroller of the Currency Dawes, who is treasurer of the fund to be raised by voluntary contributions of the school children to erect a monument in Paris to General Lafayette, is receiving encouraging reports from all sections.

PERMANENT RESERVE WANTED.

Portland, Oct. 11.—In his report to the navy department, Lieutenant Robert J. Beach, who was in command of the auxiliary naval forces in this district, urges the need of a permanent reserve, to consist of three batallions, located at Portland, Bath and Portsmouth. He recommends that each battalion be made up of four fighting divisions, an engineers' division, and a commissary division; that each battalion be furnished a torpedo boat, a converted yacht armed with modern batteries, and four small boats of cutter or whaleboat pattern. Line officers of the navy should, he says, be detailed to this district as instructors, for there are no ex-naval officers enlisted here. The line of instruction should consist of a thorough knowledge of the coast and the handling of boats and torpedoes, especially at night.

KILLED A NEGRO.

St. Louis, Oct. 11.—Charles Kemm, a private in company E, Second Missouri volunteers, who is here on a furlough, shot and killed Leslie Wesley, a negro, with whom he found his wife living. Kemm was arrested.

SHARKEY ACCEPTS THE OFFER.

New York, Oct. 11.—Tom O'Rourke, in behalf of Sharkey, has posted $2,500 as an acceptance of Corbett's challenge to fight anybody. It has been agreed that articles shall be drawn today.

NEW SHOE STORE JUST OPENED.

Call and examine my goods and prices. I can save you money.
M. V. Simms, 555 Middlesex street.

Hood's Pills
Stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure biliousness, headache, dizziness, sour stomach, constipation, etc. Price 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

BASE BALL.

Washington, Oct. 11.—The Bostons made their bid for the pennant strongest Monday by defeating the senators. Nichols pitched well. Smith at first base made a record, having only one putout. Attendance, 1,100. Score:

Washington.	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
Mercer, c f	2	0	1	1	0	0
Selbach, l f	4	0	0	2	0	2
Casey, 3 b	3	2	1	0	1	1
Freeman, r f	4	0	3	5	1	0
Smith, 1 b	4	0	0	1	0	1
McGuire, c	4	0	2	9	0	0
Reitz, 2 b	4	0	0	4	1	1
Gatins, s s	3	0	0	1	0	1
Dineen, p	3	0	0	0	0	0
Gettman, c f	3	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	31	2	7	24	3	6

Boston.	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
Hamilton, c f	3	3	1	2	0	0
Tenney, 1 b	6	2	2	12	1	0
Long, s s	5	1	1	3	5	1
Lowe, 2 b	5	0	2	2	2	0
Collins, 3 b	5	0	1	3	3	0
Stahl, r f	4	0	3	1	0	0
Bergen, c	4	0	0	2	1	0
Duffy, l f	4	2	1	1	0	0
Nichols, p	4	0	0	1	3	0
Totals	39	8	11	27	15	1

Washington	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—2
Boston	3	1	0	0	0	2	0	2		—8

Earned runs—Washington, 1; Boston, 3. Two-base hits—Freeman, Tenney. Three-base hits—Long, Lowe. Home run—Duffy. Stolen bases—Casey, Freeman, Hamilton (2), Tenney, Bergen. Double plays—Collins to Lowe to Tenney; Freeman to McGuire. First base on balls—Off Dineen, 2; off Nichols, 1. Struck out—By Dineen, 8; by Nichols, 2. Passed balls—McGuire, 2. Left on bases—Washington, 5; Boston, 7. Time—2 hours. Umpires—Connolly and Heydler.

The ex-champions presented a good exhibition of fielding yesterday, but in the ninth inning they woke up and tied the score with the New Yorks.

The Brooklyns won the first game with the Philadelphias. Howell of the Meriden, Conn., team kept the Quakers guessing, while the Brooklyns hit Donohue constantly. In the second game Hoppler, a Ridgewood, N. J., youngster came near preventing the Phillies from scoring. The Brooklyns were shut out by Platt's effective pitching and good support.

The Pittsburg-Cleveland game was full of fine pitching and splendid fielding on both sides. Not a Cleveland player reached third base.

Hill was very effective until the seventh inning, when the Louisvilles, on four singles and a triple, netted four runs.

EXPERIMENTS NOT MADE.

Boston, Oct. 11.—President Ryan of the Electrolytic Marine Salt company says that the statement relative to the tests, that had been made by Philadelphia men at the plant in Lubec were incorrect. Mr. Ryan has been at the plant for the major part of the time during the last six or eight weeks, and he says that he knows positively that the men referred to have never been near the plant, or at least were never able to get an opportunity to work it. In fact he does not know who the men are.

Mr. Ryan refused to talk about the results of his experiments at the plant as he believes his first report should be made to the stockholders or to the committee representing them. However he would not admit that the tests were failures, and he intimated that he is still satisfied that good results may be obtained if the stockholders are inclined to show further patience.

A FEARFUL THUMPING.

Rochester, N. Y., Oct. 11.—Goulette hooked his right to Joe Hopkins' jaw in the middle of the ninth round of what was to have been a 25-round bout and put the colored whirlwind to sleep. The knockout, the first ever administered to Hopkins in his career of eight years in the ring, was delivered before a wildly enthusiastic audience of 1,000 persons.

Hopkins did most of the aggressive work, but Goulette countered beautifully, his defense was good and he seldom failed to land when he led. In the third round Hopkins drew blood from Goulette's nose and later swelled up his left eye. Goulette gave Hopkins a fearful thumping in the body.

AN IMPOSING DISPLAY.

New York, Oct. 11.—The articles found at Burglar Travis' home in Brooklyn and at the house of his mother in this city were spread out on tables at police headquarters Monday and made an imposing display. There were all sorts of silver articles in the collection, valuable bric-a-brac and women's garments and purses. The articles are worth from $1600 to $2000.

Juliet Sumner of Hartford called on Captain McCluskey and identified part of the stolen property. It consisted of spoons, knives and forks, all of solid silver and gold plated, and had been stolen from Miss Sumner's residence last Thursday night.

PREJUDICE OF THE REFEREE.

New York, Oct. 11.—After fighting 25 rounds at 138 pounds before the Greater New York Athletic club last night, Jack Daly of Wilmington, Del., was given a decision over Owen Zeigler of Philadelphia. This decision was unlooked and uncalled for, as, if anything, Zeigler had the better of the fistic argument. He did a lot of good work towards the close of the bout, but probably injured his standing with Referee Brown when he told the latter at the end of the 23rd that he wanted no draw for his. The spectators hooted and groaned when Brown's fiat was announced. Daly left the ring without being recognized, while Zeigler was loudly cheered.

PRESS PEOPLE IN BOSTON.

Boston, Oct. 11.—Twenty-five members of the Massachusetts Press association dined here yesterday, and later held a business meeting. Six applications for membership were accepted after some discussion as to the advisability of receiving as members those who are neither editors nor owners of papers in the state.

At the American House last evening the Maine and Connecticut roller polo league delegates held a conference regarding a plan for mutual protection. Committees from each league were appointed to consider the matter at greater length.

HIT BY A LOCOMOTIVE.

Bangor, Oct. 11.—Michael O'Connor of Milford, who is very deaf, was struck by a train about half a mile south of Old Town while walking on the track. One leg was badly broken and he received other injuries. It is doubtful if he recovers. His age is 65 years and he has a family.

JAMES R. KEENE, the Rich Wall Street Broker Who Has Just Made a Fortune on Tobacco Stocks Without Investing a Cent.

GALLANT SIXTH

Is Highly Complimented by General Garrettson.

FOR ITS EFFICEIENCY UNDER FIRE.

The Popular Regiment Will Soon Return.

The charges made against the Sixth regiment are being gradually dissipated as will appear from General Garretson's compliment:

Adjt. Gen. Dalton has received the following:

"Headquarters First Brigade, Prov. Div., Ponce, Porto Rico, Sept. 1, General Order No. 19:

Pursuant to orders received from headquarters of the army, Brig. Gen. George A. Garretson, United States volunteers, hereby relinquishes command of this brigade. In so doing he desires to place on record his appreciation of the good service rendered by the troops of the command and his appreciation of their soldierly qualities. He congratulates officers and men of the Sixth Massachusetts volunteer infantry that, having had to a greater extent than others of his command an opportunity to show their efficiency under fire, they have not failed under the test.

By command of General Garretson,
L. G. Berry, A. A. G.

Official copy, L. G. Berry A. A. G

Official copy from regimental files, Clarence W Coolidge, First Lieutenant and Acting Adjutant."

Gov. Wolcott has received a letter from Col. Edward Rice, commanding the Sixth regiment, now at Utuado, Porto Rico, in which he says that the health of the regiment has been good since he took command. The condition of the regiment had been better than that of the regiments about it, and though there have been times when there was a lack of food, the commissary stores are now abundant.

He incloses a report from E. A. Washburn, Jr., assistant surgeon, who says the encouraging cases in the hospital were typhoid now are mostly malaria. A very large number of cases reported in the hospital are convalescents from typhoid fever. They are men who may now return in safety but who were considered too sick to be moved when the Bay State was last there.

The Volunteer Aid association will make an effort to have the Sixth regiment come direct to Boston from Porto Rico, instead of via New York.

WILL GO TO HOSPITAL.

William Haigh of Co. M will probably go to St. John's hospital today, as he is not improving as rapidly as he wishes. He returned from Camp Wikoff five weeks ago with Sergeant Ayers and Privates Thomas and Joseph McShane. He lost 37 pounds while in Cuba and has regained only two pounds and as many ounces since his return. He believes that by going to the hospital he will be dieted in such a manner as to enable him to become himself once more more rapidly than he would otherwise.

PRIVATE EVERETT HOME.

Private George E. Everett, one of Company M's sick soldiers, is at home again. He was for a time an inmate of the St. Francis hospital in New York, but has almost completely recovered. Like the other members of the company, he is anxiously awaiting information of the expected mustering out.

SOLDIERS' LETTERS.

Officer J. E. Crowley has received a letter from Sergeant Robert J. Crowley of the famous 69th New York volunteers "Bob's" letters home are always interesting and this is no exception. "Bob" is a candidate for the position of sergeant-major and his many friends here hope to hear of his promotion in the near future.

He wrote in part as follows:

"We have been in Huntsville about six weeks and it is time for us to move, for the flies are getting very thick. That is the signal, in camp. We have been situated in a very beautiful section of the city; in fact, one of the most perfect campgrounds that I have ever seen.

"There is plenty of good air and water and when we first came it was free from flies and mosquitoes. After the siege we had with the latter this summer we think we are blessed to be in any place where they are not.

"Huntville is a manufacturing town and it would certainly grieve you to go through its mills and see the poor girls and children who work so many hours for so little money. Spinners receive from 65 to 85 cents a day and some receive from 45 to 60 cents a day. The machinery is run night and day. The day workers start at 5 a. m. and finish at 5 p. m. The night workers then begin and finish at 5 a. m.

"The overseer received $1.25 a day and children, from 7 to 10 years of age, work 12 hours and receive 25 cents. It is really frightful to see those little chaps, hardly as large as a pint of cider, working all night and next morning coming to our camp to sell eggs and chickens.

"You can see for yourself that if cotton manufacturing proves a success in the south, how hard it will be for northern people to compete with them. The people here seem to be more refined and educated than any we previously met in the south. They do everything they can to make life pleasant to us. The result is that there is very little disturbance in the city. When I say that it is putting it in a mild way, for you know soldiers are not angels.

"I believe we have the finest body of men in the volunteer service; at least that is the verdict given by all the generals who have reviewed us. When General Alger reviewed us, he took off his hat and acknowledged the corn.

"We have a number of deaths and a number of men very sick, but the percentage of men fit for duty is ahead of any other regiment. We are all desirous of being mustered out at once, but it seems to me that we will be sent to Cuba for the winter. If the regiment goes, of course I will go. My health is good, but it needs constant care to keep a fellow in good condition. When I see some of the other poor fellows who will always be physical wrecks, I think I am fortunate in being well.

"I will say goodby as I am due for guard duty. It is a battle royal for the position I am anxiously seeking. If I can down the New York political influence which has entered into it, I will receive it. If not, I will be defeated. I can say one thing. I am making them keep the wires warm between here and New York to defeat me Remember me to all my friends."

SICK SOLDIERS.

Lowell's sick soldiers are reported as follows:

Musician Hutton, 186 London street, has had a relapse, typhoid fever; Dr. Trueworthy in attendance; Private Morrison, bilious fever, Dr. Porter; Leslie Grant, relapse, going back to St. John's hospital; William Haigh, no sign of improvement, going to St. John's hospital today; Private Hildreth, Puffer street, malarial fever, Dr. Holbrook; Howard T. Caldwell, 411 Stevens street, malarial fever, Dr. Chadbourne; Lieutenant McNulty, progressing finely; Lieutenant Gillow, also improving.

Harry Poole who has been at the Lowell General hospital for a week or more, took French leave yesterday. Although for from being a well man, he had grown tired of hospital life. Private Fife of a New Hampshire regiment, was discharged from St. John's hospital yesterday and he left for his home. Corporal Barnes and Private Waugh were discharged from the Lowell General hospital on Saturday.

SOLDIERS, ATTENTION!

All soldiers who are able are requested to meet at the armory at 1 o'clock tomorrow afternoon to attend the funeral of Patrick Patrick Donohue.

the ghastly terror of consumption stares a man in the face who neglects a cold.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

It's so simple to get rid of a cough or throat trouble by Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Acts like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

THE MANILA PRESS

Attack American Rule in That City.

And Claim That it is Responsible for Starvation and Diverse Other Evils—The Spanish Censor is Out of a Job.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Manila, Sept. 1.—via San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 11.—The Spanish newspapers in Manila are reveling in an unprecedented atmosphere of freedom and criticize the American authorities in a way they never would have dared to criticize their own government, for the Spanish censor has now joined the great army of unemployed and the United States censor confines his attention to cablegrams going abroad. He will not, he says, permit a word to be said in any way derogatory to the United States army or authorities, but he takes no notice of violent inflammatory diatribes daily exciting the people of the Philippines against the Americans.

The Oceania Espanola of August 31st contains a fierce attack entitled "Chaos," pointing out that no other word can describe the condition of Manila under its new rulers. The article complains that the American authorities have removed public officials and have failed to appoint their successors, thereby creating great confusion and hardship to the population of the Philippines. The editorial says:

"Thousands of poor trades people, laborers, contractors and others, have been doing business for the municipal authorities of the different wards, and now everything is stopped and the poor people cannot even get the money due them for work done prior to the surrender. To thousands in this city, one small silver dollar makes all the difference between starvation and contentment, yet all the dollars in the treasury have been seized by the Americans. Perhaps some day, all debts shall be paid, but the artisan, the street sweeper, the small store keeper, who does not know where tomorrow's meal will come from cannot feed his family on the song of 'Some Day.' The government pawnshop and savings bank is an American volunteer headquarters. How many thousands of people therefore curse the American people, who have been ready to bless them and welcome them as liberators until they find themselves at liberty to starve 'pending negotiations.' There is no blame to the Americans for not being able in a minute to run a complicated organization entirely strange to them, but in the name of reason and humanity there is severe blame for stopping one machine before the other is ready. It has caused and is causing an indescribable amount of misery among the many thousands of poor people in Manila.

"General Merritt was quick enough to grab the customs and get his staff working there, because the customs can be milked as richly as a good Swiss cow. But attending to the public wants of a poor populace is not remunerative, and he not only neglects it himself but prevents an Otis from going on with it as of old."

FROM THE YUKON

Many Gold Seekers Return Homeward

FROM THE VARIOUS ALASKAN MINING DISTRICTS.

Supplies Very Short in Some Places.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Port Townsend, Wash., Oct. 11.—The steamer Topeka has arrived from Alaska bringing about 210 passengers from the various mining districts. Many of the passengers are from Dawson. They bring but little money with them. They left Dawson September 23, and came up the river on the steamer Flora.

L. S. Ailes brings glowing reports of the Forty-mile district.

A Rock Island company has a complete hydraulic plant at the mouth of the creek which will be transported to the boundary, 20 miles from the mouth of the creek on the ice this winter, and placed in operation early in the spring. This company has 120 acres of placer ground on which men with rockers have been making from $5 to $10 a day.

A San Jose company which went to the Kani peninsula last spring, made a stake on Cooper Creek which indicates well. The company placed a hydraulic plant but owing to the scarcity of supplies, were compelled to abandon work for the season.

G. W. Towle, manager of the company, reports the discovery of an extensive copper deposit between Homer City and Resurrection Bay.

FUNERALS.

WHOLEY—The funeral of Mary Wholey will take place tomorrow from her late home on White street. Services will be held at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock in the morning.

McNAMARA—The funeral of Edward McNamara was held this morning. At 8.30 the cortege started from the residence and a requiem mass was celebrated at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock, by Rev. Richard S. Burke. The choir, under the direction of E. F. Faulkner, rendered Schmidt's requiem mass. The solos were sustained by Miss Josephine Fin who sang the hymn "Passing Out of the Shadow," at the offertory and at the close of the mass, assisted by the choir, rendered "Nearer, My God, to Thee." Interment was in the Catholic cemetery and services were conducted at the grave by Rev. Richard S. Burke. Deceased was well known and popular in the vicinity where he lived and among the floral tributes to his memory were: Pillow, inscribed, "Our Ned," family; spray of pinks, Annie Buston; bouquet, Lillie Reagan; 36 pinks representing the age of deceased, Miss Katie Morrissey; bouquet of roses and lilies, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Hogan; pillow, Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Reagan. The bearers were Patrick and John Cotter of Boston, Robert Donohue, Cornelius and Thomas Callahan and Patrick Coughlin.

FURY—The funeral of Dora, infant daughter of William and Mary Fury, took place this afternoon from the home of her parents, 65 Jefferson street. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

LARCOM—The funeral of Mrs. Harriet O. Larcom took place from her late home on South street Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. Granville Pierce, pastor of the Unitarian church, Chelmsford, officiating. Albert P. Perham was funeral director and the bearers were Otis Adams, George O. Hyam, E. W. Marshall and William R. Fowle. Burial was in the Centre cemetery.

A PEACE JUBILEE

International Arbitration on the Program.

PROMINENT MEN ARRANGE FOR MEETING.

Jubilee Week to Have Many Attractions.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Oct. 11.—Agitation for international arbitration will be a part of the peace jubilee program in this city next week. After joining with members of a sub committee appointed at the recent Saratoga conference, held in behalf of settling international questions without resort to arms, promoters of the celebration have decided to hold an agitation meeting next Monday afternoon.

John Ela, Ralph M. Easley, Edwin Berritt Smith and W. A. Giles have conferred with the Thanksgiving service committee and urged upon that organization the importance of bringing the arbitration idea before the people more fully. The committee heartily approved the suggestion to hold a meeting during jubilee week and to make it as pretentious as time and resources will permit.

A sub committee consisting of Bishop Samuel Fallows, the Rev. J. P. Brushingham, the Rev. C. A. Lippincott, the Rev. J. H. O. Smith, Rev. J. O. Sovernhause, and Rabbi Joseph Stolz, was chosen to co-operate with the men appointed at the conference, and complete arrangements for the meeting.

DEATHS.

HART—Patrick Hart, aged 69 years, died at his home, 147 Congress street, yesterday. He leaves a wife, four daughters and two sons.

FURY—Dora Fury, infant daughter of William and Margaret Fury, died last evening at the home of her parents, 65 Jefferson street.

Cramps, Colic, Colds, Croup, Coughs, Toothache,

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is

Pain Killer.

(PERRY DAVIS')

Used Internally and Externally.

Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

Has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle

FASHODA BOOK

Causes Trouble Among the Powers.

SALISBURY SPEAKS IN ANGRY MOOD.

What the French Papers Say of It.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 11.—The Gaulois, today, referring to the publication of the Fashoda Blue Book by the British Foreign office, expresses confidence in a satisfactory settlement of the matter.

On the other hand the Journal says the situation appears most serious. It adds: "The language of the Marquis of Salisbury, Lord Cromer and the Sirdar removes the last illusion of the most optimistic."

The Journal de Paris affirms that the documents made public in the Blue Book do not establish the right of Great Britain to the region which France occupies.

The Justice expresses an opinion that negotiations, it evidently aims at forcing the situation.

The Libre Parole says: "Great Britain has suddenly unmasked her batteries doubtless after an understanding with her friends, the Dreyfusards. She evidently believes the moment has come to strike what she supposed to be a decisive blow. The precipitate publication of the documents was an act of rudeness and menace."

L'Eclair remarks: "We have always protested against Great Britain's idea that the whole basin of the Nile was included in Egyptian or British influence, and we persist in our theory, which is confirmed by the treaty of Berlin, that effective occupation alone confers the right of possession. Great Britain now seeks to change the international rules, but the right is on our side and we hope our diplomats will compel respect for it."

LURED TO DEATH

A Massachusetts Man Went West

IN RESPONSE TO MATRIMONIAL AD. OF RICH WIDOW

Lost His Money and Died Forsaken.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 11.—Alex. S. Sampson of West Duxbury, Mass., is dead at the city hospital after having been lured to this city by the advertisement of a matrimonial agency. He was 65 years of age and is said to have come here to marry an alleged "rich widow." He met a woman who has recently figured in a somewhat similar case but when his money was gone, she is said to have refused to recognize him. Just before his death, which is attributed to worry and disappointment, a letter for him containing funds reached the post office here from East Pembroke, Mass.

The Printers' Label.

The success attained in introducing the printing trades label, says The Typographical Journal, is truly remarkable when the money expended for that purpose and the opposition met with in certain quarters is considered. It seems to thrive on abuse and denunciation, as the demand is constantly increasing, notwithstanding the efforts of unfair employers to convince their customers that it is an instrument of oppression and specially designed to drive them out of business. The label stands for fair wages and conditions and can be obtained by any employing printer who is willing to recognize that his employees are entitled to just consideration.—Chicago Times-Herald.

The Label Is All Right.

Judge Holmes of the United States circuit court at Omaha, in deciding a case involving the label of a trade union, recently used the following language in concluding his opinion:

"The label is a part of the well known machinery of trades unions, and the use of it is found, if a finding be necessary, to be of value to the union and its members. It would not be traveling too far from the record perhaps if we should assume that the use of the label is, in fact, as it certainly might be, of far more economic importance to the union than are most of the trademarks, strictly so called, which are protected by the courts."

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

Nerve tonic—Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere. 50 cents per box—six for $2.50.

Dr. Williams' Mfg. Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

CONVENIENT CURE.

"Dows' Menthol Cream" cures cold in the head, rose cold, hay fever, catarrhal affections. It does it quickly, because you have it on your person, and it reaches the spot quickly. It's put up with that in view. Vest pocket tubes 10cts.; slip pocket boxes 25cts. Ladies carry it in their bags. It's convenient. No dosing. Place a little in the nostrils—it does the rest—cures.

All Druggists.

A. W. DOWS & CO., Props., Lowell, Mass. (5.)

TOD SLOANE'S CAREER

INCIDENTS IN THE CRACK AMERICAN JOCKEY'S LIFE.

His Peculiar Style of Riding and Worldwide Fame—How He Dressed and Lived In London—Noted as a "High Roller."

The average of winning mounts recently scored in England by Tod Sloane, the American jockey, is said to have never been beaten there. His successes, according to one sporting paper, create a strong feeling of jealousy among the other jockeys, some of whom, it is hinted, tried to treat him unfairly at Manchester, and when Sloane won their bitterness increased.

Sloane has upset all traditions, and his merit is unquestionable. It has been said that the American methods of riding must be wrong, yet Sloane wins with horses which the English jockeys handle unsuccessfully.

No jockey since the palmy days of Archer, Wood and Fordham abroad and of Fitzpatrick, McLaughlin and Garrison in the United States has ever appealed so strongly to public favoritism as Tod Sloane. He has achieved what not one of his noted predecessors attempted, and in that respect stands in a class by himself. Not satisfied with national prestige, like the others named, he has tried for international honors, with the result that his fame as a successful horseman is on the tip of every tongue not only in his native country and England, but in every other section of the globe where racing has found a foothold.

When Sloane went to England late last fall, his temerity was a surprise to his associates here and was openly laughed at by his rivals abroad. He made the trip then chiefly to ride James R. Keene's candidates in the two big British "back end" handicaps, the Cesarewitch and the Cambridgeshire. His peculiar style of riding at once became a general subject of ridicule among the Britishers, who had previously made fun of the Dwyer-Croker jockey, Sims. Sloane rides with a very short stirrup and rein and hunches himself forward on his horse's neck when nursing home a good thing.

The English cracks favor a lengthy stirrup and a long rein and sit down like cavalrymen in the final drive. No wonder the contrast aroused comment, and as long as Sloane was unsuccessful he was "roasted" freely. Still he managed to steer St. Cloud II into second place in the Cambridgeshire shortly after making his British debut and might have won the coveted event if he had not been deceived by the angle of the course. As it was there were many who thought he won out, but the English critics were still skeptical as to his merits.

Through the kindly offices of Trainer John Huggins Sloane received a timely chance to redeem himself in British eyes, and the result was a revelation to the conservative believers in long stirrups and long reins. The little American played skittles with his English rivals and wound up his foreign campaign in a blaze of glory with four firsts and a second on the closing day of the 1897 season at Manchester. By this time the Englishmen had become enthusiastic converts, and Sloane was feted and entertained by titled horsemen, who rarely condescend to recognize a jockey outside the paddock.

The American boy held up his end in style. His headquarters were at the Hotel Cecil, London, where he occupied an expensive suit of rooms, kept a valet and dressed in a style on a par with the most fastidious London clubmen. Strong inducements were held out to Sloane to remain on the other side, but he was under contract to the Fleischmanns here and reluctantly turned his face homeward last spring, with the fixed intention of going back to complete the work he had so well begun on the first favorable opportunity.

That opportunity came a few weeks ago, and he again started for England, with the results that now furnish the chief topic in the racing world. After a phenomenal run of success on the eastern tracks here during the spring and early summer he was temporarily knocked out by illness, but rallied in time to cut a wide swath at Saratoga. There the Fleischmanns released him on the plea that they had nothing good enough in their string to justify his retention, and he was promptly annexed by Sydney Paget.

The latter owner let Sloane go when he found that Tod's mind was set on another invasion of England, and he sailed away, to the great discomfiture of system players, who had been following him throughout the season. On 3-year-olds down the Eclipse and Futurity courses Tod was a terror except to his backers, and his success was so uniform that puzzled form students gradually accepted the theory, "When in doubt back Sloane."

Altogether, apart from his pre-eminence in the pigskin, Sloane has made a unique place for himself in the sporting world. As a "high roller" he is known in festive circles from the city Tenderloin to San Francisco and from Saratoga to the London Strand. In the afternoons between races he was generally one of the most conspicuous and best dressed individuals on the lawns of eastern tracks, and after dinner he was generally to be seen in the most select centers of amusement attired in immaculate evening dress and "blowing in" money by the handful.

Sloane was born at Bunker Hill, Ind., on Aug. 10, 1873. It is an open question whether the significant name of his birthplace had anything to do with his decisive conquest of the Englishmen. He was christened James, but long before he became prominent in his present vocation he was nicknamed Tod. He received a liberal education up to the time he was 16, when he was induced by his older brother to utilize his small stature and weight as a rider of race horses. After a promising novitiate he was intrusted with his first mount at New Orleans in 1888. While yet a minor he rode with considerable success, but it was within the last three seasons that he flashed to the front as the leading lightweight of the country. He scored on 30 per cent of his mounts in 1896 and in 1897 improved this record to a remarkable degree. This year, up to the time of his departure for England, he was practically at the head of the winning jockeys' list, as, although Maher had a nominal lead, Sloane's percentage was much the best.

Sloane is a midget in stature and scales, according to his condition, from 90 to 98 pounds. As a "jollier" of sulky horses he has few equals, and as a gentle handler of free running horses he is probably without a peer.—New York Sun.

Nature helps every person who helps himself by using Dow's Menthol Cream. It's the rational way to cure head affections.

ALLAN LINE

NEW YORK and GLASGOW
Via Londonderry.

From company's Pier, West 21st St., New York.

State of Nebraska, Friday, Sept. 30, at 11 a.m.
Mongolian, Friday, Oct. 14, at 8 p. m.
State of Nebraska, Friday, Oct. 28, at 8 p. m.
Mongolian, Friday, November 11, at 1 p. m.
First Cabin, $17.25 to $60 single, $30.75 to $114 return. Second Cabin, $32.50; round trip, $57.75. Steerage, $23.50; prepaid, $24.00.

Glasgow and Boston, Via Londonderry and Galway; Second Cabin, $31.25; Steerage, $24.00.

For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to H. & A. Allan, 77 State street, Boston, or

Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton St.

And Still the Pace Keeps Up.

Victory Paves the Way to the

"SUNLIGHT"

Ask any lady or gentleman wearing SUNLIGHT SHOES what they think of them.

Their duplicate can't be found in Lowell. They are made of excellent material. Direct from factory to foot. Sold only at the

Sunlight Shoe Store

100 CENTRAL STREET.

High Grade Repairing and Makers of Custom Boots.

SOMETHING INTERESTING.

If you are in need of a SMALL range for a SMALL amount of money, we have one, and it only costs

$12.00.

IRON BED, with Brass Trimmings, and All-Iron Spring, only

$6.00.

These goods are worth more money, but $6.00 will buy them.

REMEMBER

The Grand Prize Range is the range to buy. It has more practical improvements than any other range made. Sold only by

GAYNOR & CO.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month.

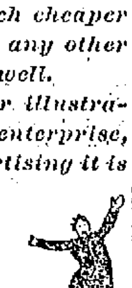
A FACT

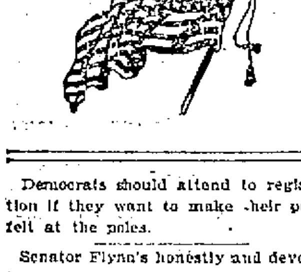
The Sun has a larger circulation than any two papers printed in Lowell, morning or evening. It has double the circulation of all the other evening papers in Lowell combined.

On the basis of circulation, its advertising rates are much cheaper than those of any other paper in Lowell.

For news, for illustrations, for enterprise, and for advertising it is

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.





Democrats should attend to registration if they want to make their power felt at the poles.

Senator Flynn's honestly and devotion to the people will stand to him in his contest with Mr. Knox.

Lower Rogers streets is one of the worst in the city, but the street department does not seem to be aware of the fact.

Democrats who wish to bring victory to their party will look after registration and at least see that their own names are on the list.

Too much meat was the cause of starvation of our soldiers and flies the cause of typhoid—so much light from the investigating commission.

The death of the late Truant Commissioner Williams will cause deep regret among the teachers who knew his kindness and obliging disposition.

Occasionally tragic events crowd upon one another, as if epidemic, another proof of Shakespeare's saying that "Troubles come not as single spies, but in battalions."

The republicans are looking for a complete whitewashing of the war department from the investigation, and as far as the commission has gone, that is all that can be looked for.

Cavalryman Patrick Donahue who died at St. John's hospital gave up his life for his country as truly as if he had fallen on the field of battle. He was a brave soldier whose devotion to duty brought upon him the illness from which he died.

Ensign Bennett of this city says that Sampson deserves the credit for destroying Cervera's fleet. It is very natural that young Bennett should stand by his commanding officer but his word will not change the opinion of the country on the subject.

The death of William H. Parker removes from the activities of life one of our most successful and enterprising business men. He may be said to have grown up with the city, his wealth accumulating as rapidly as the city's population increased.

That Indian fight, like most other outbreaks of a similar kind, would never have occurred had the Indians been fairly dealt with. There are bad Indians and many of them have good reason to be bad, owing to the ill-treatment by the United States authorities.

That is the right stand that Governor Tanner has taken in his refusal to protect imported labor at the Illinois mine trouble. The time has gone by when the troops of the state should be used to defend men imported to aid in depriving honest labor of just compensation.

THE WHITEWASHING REPORT

The report of the commission now investigating the war department can be easily anticipated thus:—"The hardships and privations endured by our soldiers in the war with Spain and the fire of the enemy, we find to as well as the suffering from disease have been inseparable from such a conflict; and in view of such conditions we cannot but commend the able and competent secretary of the department, together with the surgeon general and the chief of the commissary department for their prodigious labors in maintaining in efficient condition such a large army mustered at such short notice. Mistakes have been inadvertently made but these fade to insignificance in view of the magnificent showing made by the department in face of the vast obstacles which stood in the way. The mortality in the ranks is not to be considered while computing the inestimable value of services such as were rendered by Gen. Alger and his assistants, aided in no small degree by the wise counsel of our chief executive, William McKinley.

Such a report will of course belie all the war correspondents who wrote from the ranks, but such men are not expected to know so much of how they themselves fared as the generals in the rear or the men who were thousands of miles distant and got their ideas of the war from the press.

The weavers in the Barnaby mills of Fall River are standing together against a cut down. The Fall River mills first reduced wages, then tried curtailment and are now reverting to the reduction of wages. One might suppose that after trying so many expedients, the mills would decide either to pay fair wages or go out of business.

Of course it is understood that a large portion of the sewer work needed, together with the rebuilding of Huntington hall, will be laid over till municipal politics get very much hotter. Then the men who have been growling at the enforced idleness can be put to work with the understanding that they will vote and work for the republican ticket.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

General rules have been placed in each room by Prictpal Irish, who insists that the pupils shall be acquainted with strict discipline.

Kearns should be given a prominent position in the base ball team because he has already shown more interest in the practice than the other pupils by his going to the Boston and Baltimore game last Monday.

Thursday, Capt. Garrity instructed the battalion in the hall.

Mis Amy Bertrand, while taking a pleasure trip on her bicycle Thursday, met with a severe accident by falling in Merrimack street.

Gilligan attended the last bowling game to see the Jewell five defeated.

The reports will soon be out, probably sometime next week.

Miss McAloon was the only young lady in the rhetoric class who would change her recitation hours.

Two first year pupils who are much taller than the average scholar are Miss Quinn and Master Crowley.

Murphy has his team ready and base ball practice will begin immediately.

Tuttle is an usher at the Anne street doors and visitors are cordially received.

Friday examinations were taken by lieutenants for the coloneley.

There will be a foot ball game Wednesday.

After the examination Friday for an officer's position, many of the pupils came out of the room with their faces very much enlarged.

When the reports come out, pupils had better bring them home and have them signed or some forgers will be made an example of by the principal.

BOWLING NEWS.

The Belmonts defeated the Highlands again last night, this time by 67 pins. In the first and third strings, the Belmonts led while the Highlands made a gain of eight in the second. Wilson and Hartwell were the only ones who saw 500. With Adams performing in his usual form, it is probable that the distance between the teams at the close would have been much greater. The score:

BELMONTS.

Adams	181	137	152	470
E. Murphy	[illegible]	163	163	470
Runels	175	138	160	473
Fels	137	110	174	[illegible]
Wilson	152	180	170	502
Totals	784	767	824	2375

HIGHLANDS

*Church	110	120	126	295
J. Murphy	190	160	130	483
Hartwell	167	171	173	511
Pearson	167	181	157	505
Kittredge	100	143	171	417
Totals	761	775	779	2318

The Young Fellows and Pastimes play on the Wamesit alleys tonight.

FEAST OF SUCCOTH.

At sundown Sunday evening the feast of Succoth ended. The day was spent by Hebrews of Lowell in greeting friends and having a jolly good time. The day, the 5th, is the most important of the period, and is known as Shim Choth Torah. It means rejoicing of law and the completion of reading the five books of Moses.

It is customary among Hebrews to divide the five books of Moses into 52 parts, and one part is read every Sabbathday of the year. The last part was read in synagogues this morning.

The rejoicing is as peculiar as many other orthodox customs. The Toro, or ten commandments, is held by worshippers and they dance, or jump up and down in a gleeful way. Greetings are exchanged and wishes extended to each other that they may live another year to do the same thing. Homes were decorated with wild flowers, evergreens and plants, and happiness reigned Sunday as it does on no other day of the year. Friendship was shown without distinction to rich or poor.

KILLED HIS BROTHER,

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Valparaiso, Ind., Oct. 11—Albert Aigner, a prominent young business man residing ten miles south of this city, has been murdered by his brother, Henry Aigner. The murder was the culmination of a family quarrel. The fratricide has not been arrested.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

DECIDEDLY HUMOROUS.

The National Woolgrowers Are Going Into Politics.

The National Woolgrowers' association is blossoming out in humor. The members of this body held a convention at Columbus, O., recently, and the address of Judge Lawrence, president of the association, advised that they should go actively into politics.

There never was a time when the Woolgrowers' association was out of active politics. It has been an annex to the tariff party ever since it was formed. There is nothing in politics from a ward caucus to the election of president, nothing from the choice of village trustees to the election of a speaker of the house and the appointment of the committee on ways and means in which the professional woolgrowers have failed to mix year after year. For them to talk now about "going into politics" is like talking about Boss Platt's "going into politics."

Judge Lawrence tells the woolgrowers that they must go into politics in order in the state and nation to obtain amendments to the local dog laws and to the Dingley tariff giving a higher protection to wool. The tariff is so high now that it amounts to about three-fourths of the price of wool. Does he want more than that?

But this is not a case for argument. It is the humor of the thing—that the Woolgrowers' association really thinks of "going into politics!"—Chicago Chronicle.

FUN IN POLITICS.

Very Little Humor to Be Extracted From Present Conditions.

There isn't any—not to us.

Sixteen suicides last week on account of poverty and distress. Any fun in that?

Forty-two divorces on account of families not being able to hang together and find means of subsistence. Any fun in that?

Wheat down, corn down, hogs down. A revenue stamp on your dinner, a revenue stamp on your supper, $400,000,000 of bonds to greet the babies as they usher from the womb, follow them, haunt them, distress them all their lives and send them to paupers' graves when they die. Any fun in that?

Not to us.

We love humanity too well to grin over the ghastly spectacle of the plutocratic ghoul thus feeding on the ruins of what Christ did for us—of what our Revolutionary forefathers did for us—to secure an equal freedom in the pursuit of life, liberty and happiness.

We cannot be tickled over the condition of 400 rich men owning over half of the United States and the other millions of us groaning under the distress, privations and sorrow. No, we can't. And we hope you will pardon us for not looking at these in a lightsome manner. God won't let us. We don't want to. We leave this gloating to Republicans.—White Banner.

Republican Hypocrisy.

The Republican press of the country is making great ado over the Anglo-Russian trouble in the east. They hypocritically take up the cudgels for John Bull on the "open door" plea. They want England given a free hand to open up China to manufactured goods for the whole world, to be marketed by England. Now, every sane person knows that the labor of the world cannot enter into competition with the coolies of China. There a man can work and support his family on 3 cents a day. This is the kind of an individual that the Republican party would put into competition with American labor by the "open door" process. There is your great party of protection to American labor and industries. Give it sufficient rope, and it will sell both at the very first opportunity.

The Price of Wheat.

The price of wheat is now about as low as it has been at any time since silver was delivered the final blow in 1893. Yet the price of bread is no lower. The city consumer pays as much for his loaf as he did last year. The farmer who had hoped for higher prices for his big crop is sorely disappointed. There is no famine in India to create an abnormal demand, and in the absence of such a famine the Republican party can do nothing for the farmer.

Spanish and American Blunders.

"The mistakes made in Cuba," said a speaker reported in the daily papers, "are not to be blamed on the army, but on the politicians at the head of the government." The remark sounds as if it might have been made in Washington, but it was not. It was part of General Weyler's speech in the senate at Madrid. It merely goes to show that the mistakes in the Cuban campaign were not all on one side.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Commissions Badly Distributed.

If the government had made the officers of the regular army the arbiters of the distribution of commissions, as they did in the case of the navy, the glaring incompetence which is now throwing shame on our entire military establishment would never have had the power to work evil. The officers of the regular army would have seen to it that only men properly qualified had commissions. —New York Times.

Bonds and War Taxes.

The $200,000,000 in gold held cornered in the treasury would have paid all the expenses of the war without bonds or war taxes, but we have both bonds and war taxes to prevent this hoarded gold from circulating.

Gold Up, Wheat Down.

The war is over, but President McKinley is still holding $200,000,000 in gold in the treasury, and the distribution of bonds goes on. Whatever puts up the price of gold puts down the price of wheat.

CHARLES J. GILLIS.

FORMERLY OF THIS CITY DIED RECENTLY IN NEW YORK.

Charles J. Gillis, died of heart failure at his home No. 128 East Twenty-fourth street, New York, on Friday, September 30th. He was born in Wilmington 76 years ago. He was graduated from the Lowell High school and received an appointment to West Point, but remained there only one year leaving the academy to go into business. Mr. Gillis went to New York in 1844, and was associated for some time with Appleton & Co. He then established the publishing firm of Walker & Gillis in Philadelphia, but returned to New York in 1850 and formed a partnership with James O. Morse for the purpose of manufacturing steam heating appliances. At the time of his death, Mr. Gillis was a member of the firm of Gillis & Geoghegan, No. 537 Broadway, which was established in 1859. He was a member of the Merchants' Central club, the New York Historical and American Geographical societies, the American Museum of Natural History, Metropolitan Museum of Art, and the Sons of the American Revolution. He was married in 1847 to Miss Frances Ellen Goodenough, who died several years ago. A son, Frederick S. Gillis, survives him. The funeral took place Tuesday at 10 o'clock, at the church of the Ascension, Tenth street and Fifth avenue. Rev. Percy S. Grant officiated.

Mr. Gillis as a boy and young man was a contemporary of Gustavus V. Fox, Benjamin F. Butler, J. C. Ayer, William P. Brazer and William Worthen and survived most of them. He occasionally visited his old friend, Mr. Brazer. While at West Point, he was a room mate of General Grant and they were friends through life. Mr. F. P. Marble of this city is a nephew of Mr. Gillis.

GOING TO CAMBRIDGE.

At a meeting of the General Butler Veteran Firemen's association held on Sunday afternoon, final arrangements were made for the Cambridge muster next Wednesday. The association and friends will leave on a special train at 9 o'clock. A special rate has been secured of $1 for the round trip. The tub has been repaired since the accident at Ayer.

It was voted to participate in the muster at Nashua October 20th, and a committee was appointed to take charge of the arrangements for the annual ball at Associate hall on Thanksgiving eve.

ROGERS STREET MACADAMIZED.

At last some other street beside the 10-footers near the Highland club, is being put in proper shape, for part of Rogers street is being macadamized.

ZYNO—Cut this Coupon out.
GOOD FOR A SAMPLE OF
ZYNO
The Great Mexican Blood Tonic.
Goodale's Drug Store.

SCHOEFFLER'S
DYSPEPSIA CURE
CURES
DYSPEPSIA.
50c. a bottle. Trial bottle free at all druggists or Schoeffler Pharmacal Co., Newark, N. J.

N. Y., N. H. and Hartford R. R.
EASTERN DISTRICT—On and after July 1st, 1898 all trains will leave Lowell (Middlesex street depot) as follows:
For Taunton, New Bedford, Newport, Providence, Pawtucket, Marlboro, South Framingham and way stations, at 7.15, 11.27 a. m., 5.25 p. m. All trains connect at South Framingham with Boston and Albany R. R. for Worcester, Springfield, Albany and the west; also at Concord Junction with the Fitchburg R. R.
The 5.25 p. m. train connects with Stonington line and at Newport, R. I. with Fall River line for New York city, the south and west.
SUNDAYS—For South Framingham, Mansfield, Pawtucket, Providence and way-stations, 7.15 a. m. Return at 5.25 p. m., connecting for Worcester and return.
C. PETER CLARK, G. S.
A. C. KENDALL, G. P. A.
I. N. MARSHALL, S. N. D.
GEO. W. MILLER, L. Agt.
Ticket office at Middlesex St. Station.

Boston and Maine Railroad
Corrected to Oct. 3, 1898. Trains leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, 5.45, 6.25, ¶6.42, *7.45, *8.50, ¶9.15, *9.40, 11 a m; 1.10, ¶3.00, 4.25, ¶5.44 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m.
Trains leave Middlesex Street Station Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, 5.19, 6.23, ¶6.45, w6.50, 7.04, *7.20, *7.29, 7.34, *7.19, w*8.15, *8.57, ¶9.19, w9.25, *9.50, w10.50, 11.03, *11.12 a m; w12.05, 12.16, w12.45, 1.48, w2.30, w*3.00, 3.10, *3.17, w4.05, 4.25, w5.10, 6.22, ¶5.42, w*6.15, *6.22, 7.00, *7.49, w9.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 7.20, 7.28, w8.15, 8.18, 9.19, a m, w12.05, w4.00, 4.25, w5.20, 5.58, w7.25 p m.
For Lawrence, 6.25, w6.50, z7.33, w8.30, w9.25, 10.05, w10.50 a m; w12.05, w2.30, w3.10, w4.05, 4.15, w5.10, w6.15, w7.00, w9.25, w¶11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, w8.15 a m, w12.05, w5.20, w7.25 p m.
For Salem, Mass, w6.58, 7.34 a m; w12.05, 1.28, w5.10, 6.58 p m.
For Haverhill, 6.23, 6.50, z7.33, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a m; 12.05, 2.30, 3.10, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.25, ¶11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p m.
For Newburyport, Amesbury, and Portsmouth, 6.24 a m; 12.05, 2.39, 4.05, 6.15 p m.
For Exeter and Dover, 6.23, 6.50, z7.33, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 3.10, 4.05, 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05 p m.
For Somersworth, N H, Saco, Old Orchard, and Portland, 6.23, 6.50, z7.33, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Lewiston, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p m.
For Bangor, Belfast Skowhegan and Rockland 8.30 a m; 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For St John's, N B, Halifax, N S, Montreal and Quebec, 5.10 p m (5.10 does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Eastport and St John, (via steamer from Portland) on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 12.05 p m.
For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport, (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland), Tuesdays and Fridays at 5.10 p m.

For Woburn, 6.25, 7.04, 7.23, *7.42, 11.03 a m; 1.43 4.28 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.44 a m; 4.25, 5.53 p m.
For Ayer Junction and Way-Stations—7.10 a m; 12.00, 5.01 and 5.42 p m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p m.
For Amherst, Milford and Wilton—9.12a m; 1.00, 3.41, 5.20 p m. SUNDAYS, 2 p m.
For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene—9.12 a m and 3.41 p m. SUNDAYS to Hillsboro, 2 p m.
For Nashua, Manchester and Concord—7.40, 9.12, *9.40 a m; *12.12, 1.00, *1.40, 3.41, *5.40, 6.27, *8.10, *8.40 p m. SUNDAYS, 1.00 a m (to Nashua only), 3.05 a m; 2.00, 6.02, 8.10, 8.40 p m.
For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction—9.12, *9.40 a m; *12.12, *1.40, (to Franklin only) 5.40, ¶*8.10 p m.
For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N H) Greenfield and Claremont Junction—7.40, 3.40 p m.
For St Johnsbury, and Lyndonville, via Wells River—*9.40 a m, *1.40, ¶*8.40 p m.
For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St Albans, St Johns and Montreal via the Central Vermont Line, *9.40 a m; *12.12, *¶8.10 p m.
For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—*9.40 a m; ¶*8.40 p m.
QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrook—9.40 a m., ¶*8.40 p m.
References: *Express; ¶Daily. w Via Western Division. †Wednesdays and Saturdays only. § Via Bedford. z Via Wilmington Junction.
D. J. FLANDERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent. H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

SAFE SURE SPEEDY
MME. LE CLAIR'S
FAMOUS FRENCH REMEDY
Never Fails.
ENDORSED BY THOUSANDS
Of ladies as a periodical regulator without an equal, successful when Cotton Root, Pennyroyal, Ergot, etc., have proven worthless. 25 two-cent stamps brings trial package, and convinces the most skeptical of their wonderful properties. Send 4 cents in stamps for pamphlet, containing valuable information for ladies. Address LeClair Pill Co., U. S. Agents, Boston, Mass. N. B.—All correspondence confidential and returned with trial package.
Goodale's Drug Store, Fiske's Block, 217 Central street, Lowell.

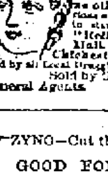
ZYNO—Cut this Coupon out.
GOOD FOR A SAMPLE OF
ZYNO
The Great Mexican Blood Tonic.
Goodale's Drug Store.

Our New Hoop Bracelets, Puff Combs, Long watch Chains, Stone Rings are Perfect Beauties,
LEGAULT & CO.
Jewellers and Opticians,
70 Central, Cor. Prescott St.

ZYNO—Cut this Coupon out.
GOOD FOR A SAMPLE OF
ZYNO
The Great Mexican Blood Tonic.
Goodale's Drug Stroe.

MUSIC HALL
W. H. BOODY, Manager.
Three Nights Commencing Monday, October 10, Matinee Wednesday.
Henry Chanfrau.
Presents the many season's success,
"KIT," the Arkansas Traveller.
SEE 20 Buck and Wing Dancers—20. The Mississippi Levee Scene. The Steamboat Explosion.
Seats on sale at box office.
October 13, 14 and 15, Matinee Saturday with Special Matinee Thursday and Friday,
May Howard's Extravaganza Co.
Everything new from start to finish. New Co., new ideas, new wardrobe, new scenery; 3 new burlesques written by Fred Solomon and Edgar Smith; Ladies' Alimony Club and Secret Servers, sparkling dialogue; entrancing music; gorgeous costumes; magnificent scenery; an elaborate creation of elegance. Introducing the peerless and dashing queen of burlesque, Miss May Howard and twenty pretty girls.
Seats on sale at box office.

N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,
Runels Building, Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.,
is the ONLY FIRST-CLASS BUSINESS and SHORTHAND TRAINING SCHOOL in this part of New England, nearer than Boston and we challenge ANYONE to dispute it publicly. OPEN DAY AND EVENING.
W. J. Sanders, Prin. C. E. Williams, Mgr.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. Ladies ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILADA., PA.
Sold by all Local Druggists.
Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., General Agents. Boston, Mass.

ZYNO—Cut this Coupon out.
GOOD FOR A SAMPLE OF
ZYNO
The Great Mexican Blood Tonic.
Goodale's Drug Store.

DR. WALKER DENTISTS

BAY STATE
Dye House
Poverty is no crime, but to be a penny wise and a pound foolish is what most of the people are and if they were not they would not throw their old clothes away when they are not half worn out, and this applies to the ladies as well as gents.
Now what we wish to say is that we know just where you can save dimes and often dollars by bringing your old winter clothing to the
BAY STATE DYE WORKS,
54 Prescott Street.
and when we get done with them they will look almost as good as new. Just give them a trial order and you will feel like thanking us for our advice.

SUFFOLK LOAN CO.
(CORPORATION.)
345 Washington Street, Boston, up one flight. (Near entrance to Boston Tavern.)
MONEY TO LOAN
At legal rates of interest on diamonds, watches, jewelry, life insurance policies, legacies, shares, bonds or any other good security.

TAXES

Collector's Notice.

The assessors have committed to the Collector of Taxes, the

TAX LIST FOR 1898,

With instructions to collect in the manner prescribed by the Statutes of the Commonwealth and the Ordinances of the City of Lowell the sums assessed by them to the persons named therein and he is now ready to receive payment of said taxes at his office in City Hall.

When a Poll Tax only is assessed, the Tax is due, and if not paid forthwith, the Collector will proceed to collect the Tax as directed by the General Statutes.

WARRANTS will be promptly issued for the collection of Poll Taxes.

SUMMONS, bearing costs, will be issued against delinquent Poll and Personal Tax Payers on or about November 1st.

INTEREST at the rate of seven per cent. per annum will be charged upon all Taxes which remain unpaid October 20, 1898, until the same shall be paid; and such interest shall be added to and considered a part of said Taxes. Poll Taxes are assessed upon every male inhabitant above the age of 20 years. On undivided real estate each heir is liable for the whole tax. An error in the name of the person taxed does not defeat the collection of the tax. Each partner is liable for the whole tax assessed under the partnership name.

The assessors are now distributing Tax Bills. If any ratable inhabitant by removing his residence since the first day of May or from any cause, should not receive his Tax Bill, he must consider the tax demanded by this notice and a new bill will be made out on application at the office of the City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes if a tax has been assessed.

All who preserve their Tax Bills and bring them when they come to pay will save the time of making a new bill and facilitate the business of the office.

THE RATE OF TAXATION FOR 1898 IS $18.00 ON $1000.

Office Hours: From 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 P. M. For the convenience of the Tax Paying public the office of the Collector will be open in the evening as follows: Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, from October 3 to October 15, inclusive, 7 to 8 o'clock P. M. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, from October 17 to 20, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock P. M.

Look for your Tax Bill at your place of residence May 1st, 1898, and bring it with you.

CHARLES F. COBURN,
City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes for the City of Lowell.

You Won't Need Bellows
To induce your coal to burn if you buy it of us. Our coal burns when you ask it to—and it all burns, too. It will save heat, time, temper and money for you. This is a good time to lay in your next season's stock.
D. W. HORNE & SON,
15 Central Street.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED.)
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Golden Cream
India Pale Ale
And Porter.
OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE
JOHN LENNON & CO., AND PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.
Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.
The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:
JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM GUINEY & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
NOEL TRAVERSY.
J. H. McCAFFREY & CO.
PATRICK TEAGUE.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
JOHN M. PEVEY.
F. BRADY & CO.
ROCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHOE & CO.
It can also be found at the following places:
FRANK BARNARD.
JNO. H. BURKE.
JOS. H. CLARK & CO.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
P. KEYES, Jr.
JNO. DONOHOE & CO.
T. F. GARVEY & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
A. F. ROACH & CO.
JNO. J. BARROWS & CO.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
WM. H. MERRITT & CO.
P. H. BROSNAHAN & CO.
W. H. BOODY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
SMITH & DUNN.
F. H. CALLAHAN & CO.
EDWARD F. FAULKNER & CO.
JNO. F. KINSELLA & CO.
GARVEY & MEADE.
FRANK BRADY & CO.
JAMES CALNIN.
D. T. FINNEGAN.
FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED.)

FLOWER STANDS
All Kinds.
APPLE PARERS
Corers and Slicers.
MEAT CUTTERS
All Kinds.
FRUIT PRESSES
For Small Fruits.
FRUIT PICKER
With Long Handle.
FIBRE PAILS and TUBS
BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.

Notice. For the next 15 days A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $20 Suits for $15; his $28 Suits for $20; his $30 Suits for $22. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.
A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central St.

THE WONDERFUL NEW DRINK:
"GLORIA"
ASK FOR GLORIA.
Gives the vigor and pleasure of youth. Half a day of new and vigorous life in every drink. Try it. 5 CENTS A GLASS.
S. BARTLETT, Agt., 160 and 162 Middlesex St.

THE LOWELL
Gas Light Company
Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.
SEWELL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.
DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tuck, James Francis.
Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is
$1.00 One Thousand Feet.
First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

EMERY LAND
Office Removed to
3 HILDRETH BUILDING
House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 0.25 foot from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 200 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy.
Wm. H. Emery
A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock
And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.
GEORGE W. ENRIGHT'S
Corner Willie and Broadway.

JOHN W. McEVOY,
117 Central St., opp. American House,
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY,
Mansur Block.
COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM,
182 Merrimack Street.
PHOTOGRAPHERS.
Crayons, Pastels, and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

W. A. LEW,
49 John street.
CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

CHARLES H. COSGROVE,
Room 16 Hildreth Building.
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

J. M. KINGSBURY,
No. 373 Bridge Street.
MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

LOWELL RENDERING COMPANY
Wholesale Dealers in
Tallow, Bones, Grease, Neats-foot Oil,
SOAP AND SOAP POWDER,
Hides, Calfskins and Pelts.
Dead Animals Removed Promptly Upon Notification.
532-4—Telephone—322-3.

DRAWING AND PAINTING
MISS HELEN WRIGHT
Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 5th, at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing flat copy, and Models, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

GATELY & PEARSON.
SOLICITORS OF PATENTS
Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty.
44 HILDRETH BUILDING.

THE SUN EXTRA! 6 O'CLOCK

THE PHILIPPINES

Are Causing Peace Commissioners Much Trouble.

Madrid Reports That Peace Negotiations are Not Progressing Satisfactorily.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Oct. 11.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from Paris says that the United States and Spanish peace commissioners are at entire variance regarding the question of the disposition of the Philippine Islands and that they have referred the matter to their respective governments.

NOT SATISFACTORY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Madrid, Oct. 11.—The semi-official Correspondencia today, touching upon the negotiations now in progress at Paris says:

"Well informed circles assert that the peace negotiations are not proceeding satisfactorily. Senor Montero Rios has written asking for new instructions to enable him to come to an agreement with the American commissioners. His letters have been read at a meeting of the cabinet and the ministers have agreed upon the terms of new instructions which will be sent before tomorrow's meeting of the commissioners. A minister has expressed the opinion that probably the Philippines question will not be discussed, as the Americans are also waiting for instructions.

"Senor Montero Rios writes daily to Senor Sagasta and the foreign office regarding the work of the commission."

The minister of war, General Correa, has received a despatch from General Rios, the Spanish commander in the Philippine Islands, announcing victory in the Vizatas Islands over the insurgents from the Island of Luzon, who are said to have lost 122 men killed and many wounded besides losing all their guns, several cannon and a quantity of ammunition.

General Rios adds that he considers the rebellion in the Vizatas Islands to be ended and he asserts that the natives do not respond to the appeals of the insurgents.

YELLOW FEVER

Another Case on the Steamer Banan

THE CASE DEVELOPED DURING THE NIGHT.

Passenger Now in Quarantine Station.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Philadelphia, Pa., Oct. 11.—The Norwegian steamer Banan, which put to sea yesterday from Reedy Island to Delaware Bay to bury a yellow fever victim, returned to the United States quarantine station at the Delaware Breakwater this morning with another suspicious case of sickness on board. The case developed during the night and the sick passenger was placed in the quarantine station at the Breakwater. The Banan will undergo a thorough disinfection and will probably be held at the Reedy Island quarantine station for several days.

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Oct. 11.—Forecast for Boston and vicinity: Generally cloudy weather with showers late tonight and Wednesday; cooler Wednesday night; southerly winds, becoming variable.

LIABILITIES $70,000.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Dover, N. H., Oct. 11.—The Dover Clothing company of this city, one of the largest establishments of its kind in the state, has made an assignment to A. G. Whittemore, receiver of the Dover National bank. It is understood the assignment was the result of the embarrassment of the Sawyer Woolen mills of Dover which failed earlier in the month for over a million, carrying with them the Plymouth Woolen mills and Somersworth Machine company. W. S. Bradley, the head of the clothing company, is a brother-in-law of ex-Governor Charles Sawyer of the Sawyer mills. It is thought the liabilities will reach to $70,000. The amount of the assets is not known.

Part of the force of mechanics of the Somersworth Machine company have been paid off, owing to the assignment of the concern.

The assignees of the Sawyer Woolen company expect to make a statement for the benefit of the creditors Wednesday or Thursday.

A NURSE'S LUCK.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Oct. 11.—Miss Annie M. Fowler, who served as a Red Cross nurse in Cuba, is to be married today to Albert Van Shelle, a Belgian nobleman, delegate general of the Red Cross society on the staff of Leopold II. Miss Fowler is the daughter of Dr. E. S. Fowler of Springfield, Ill.

TREASURER RESIGNS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Fall River, Mass., Oct. 11.—Treasurer Abbott Slade of the Laurel Lake mills, has resigned and Edward L. Anthony of the Border City mills, has been elected in his place. The mill is heavily in debt and the change was made, it is said at the instigation of certain banks, which did not care to renew the paper. It is another move in the direction of consolidating the management of local mills.

GENERAL BACON

Issues Orders for Troops to Get Ready

FOR IMMEDIATE SERVICE IN INDIAN TROUBLE.

Fourth and Seventeenth Infantry Under Orders.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Oct. 11.—Orders have been received at division headquarters here from General Bacon, in command of the Department of the Lakes, and the Dakotas, to have the Fourth Infantry at Fort Sheridan and the Seventeenth Infantry at Columbus Barracks, O., held in readiness for immediate service at the scene of the Indian trouble in Minnesota.

TROOPS FOR MANILA.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 11.—General Merriam will send to Manila upon the transports Valencia and Ohio, the First Washington regiment and Battery A of the California Heavy Artillery. Col. Whitley of the Washington regiment has been instructed to make all necessary preparations for embarking his command on or about Tuesday, October 18.

The Senator will carry the 23rd battalion, the Oregon recruits and Battery D of the California Heavy Artillery. Men going on this expedition will not be compelled to subsist on the regular rations but considerable variety of food will be allowed on the voyage.

A CURTAILMENT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Fall River, Mass., Oct. 11.—It is understood among the mill men today that the agreement they have been working on for some time has been signed freely enough to insure its success. Under the terms of it, the selling of strictly printing cloths will be placed in the hands two men and they will act from instructions given by five others. A curtailment of production of at least four and probably eight weeks, will be made before the first of February.

GEN. MIX DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Niles, Mich., Oct. 11.—Gen. Elisha Mix is dead at his home in Allegan, where he had lived 50 years. He was made a brevet brigadier general in the civil war. He was 80 years of age.

Last evening Protection lodge, No. 43, American Benefit society, held a very interesting meeting. There were three new applications for membership, and two members were re-instated. The matter of holding two meetings each month was discussed and finally adopted. Visiting Brother Jackson and Lady Twiss of Lodge No. 28 of Lawrence made some very fitting remarks on the good of the order. Remarks were made by President J. A. Jameson, Past President George F. Bowers, Vice President Mr. C. W. Mountford, Treasurer Mr. M. Meade, Collector J. B. Trueworthy, Secretary A. J. Howe, Prelate Mrs. A. J. Howe. The outlook for the fall and winter campaign in the interest of the society is very promising.

Pay your taxes now.

JOHN F. WILLIAMS

The Well Known Truant Commissioner is Dead.

PASSED AWAY AT HIS HOME LAST NIGHT.

He was a Well Known Citizen.

John F. Williams, truant commissioner, died last night at his home, 21 South Canton street.

Mr. Williams had been ailing for some time but was not confined to his home until about two weeks ago. He was attacked with congestion of the lungs and was obliged to take to his bed. Toward the latter part of last week, it was reported that he was feeling much better and would be able to resume his duties in a short time. Last night he sat up in his chair and was enjoying conversation with the members of his family. About 10.10, he became restless and a change in his condition was noticed and word was sent to Dr. Sanders, who lives nearby. He came as quickly as possible, and when he arrived at 10.45, Mr. Williams was dead.

John F. Williams was 48 years old. He was born in Bethel, Conn., and came to Lowell about twenty years ago. On his arrival here he entered the employ of the firm of Cluff & Sweatt, masons, remaining with them until he became a fireman. In the fire of the Harris mill early in the eighties he had his leg broken and his skull crushed. In 1885 he was assigned to the position of truant officer, a position which he has since held.

His work in the school department has been thorough. This was recognized by the members of the school board, by the teachers, and in fact, by every one associated in any way with the city's educational institutions. Always courteous, thoroughly conscientious in his work, and a man who understood perfectly the duties of his position he made himself almost indispensable.

Mr. Williams was for 10 years superintendent of the Worthen Street Baptist Sunday school resigning this position about two years ago. He has for some time held the position of secretary of the church society, also a similar position in the Merrimack Valley association. He always took an active interest in church work and was much appreciated by the Worthen Street Baptist congregation.

He was a member of several fraternal organizations, being especially prominent in Masonic circles. He was secretary of the veteran firemen.

Besides his wife he leaves two daughters, Alice B., a graduate of the High school class of '97 and Florence E., a graduate of the class of '98, and two sons, Henry L., and Wallace N. Other relatives are living in Connecticut.

SLOAN WINS EASILY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Oct. 11.—At the first day's racing of the New Market second October meeting today, the two year old course nursery plate (handicap) of 200 sovereigns, was won by Mr. Pio Tortorolos La Murugura. The Lorillard-Beresford stables bay gelding Manatee, ridden by Tod Sloan, finished second.

The New Market Oaks of not less than 500 sovereigns was won by Sir J. Miller's bay filly Santhia, with Tod Sloan up.

The Clearwell stakes of 30 sovereigns was won easily by the Lorillard-Beresford stables Calman, ridden by Tod Sloan.

STRIKE SPREADS

No Trouble Between Police and Strikers.

THERE IS GREAT EXCITEMENT IN PARIS.

Situation Not so War-like Since 1870.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 11.—In spite of the optimistic predictions of the end of the strike being near, the strike continues to spread. The bricklayers and wood carvers today decided to join the strikers. The city is perfectly quiet but the enormous increase in the strength of the garrison points to the fact that the government fears political rather than labor troubles.

The strikers' committee is a political and revolutionary organization and it is engineering the dispute as if it were a strike of the Proletariat. No conflict between the soldiers and the strikers has occurred. Not since 1870 has Paris looked so war like.

A number of young men of Lilly made a demonstration in front of the house of Duchess D'Uzes, on the Champs Elysees on Sunday. They were led by Prince Henry of Chartres and Count Sabran de Ponteves and cheered a passing squadron of cuirassiers with cries of "Vive l'Armee." Thence they proceeded to an anti-revisonist meeting, presided over by M. Millvoye, where they shouted "Vive le Roi." They afterwards dispersed.

IT IS INCREASING

Yellow Fever is Spreading in the South.

THE TOTAL NUMBER OF CASES IS 470

And There Have Been 36 Deaths.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 11.—The reports to the Marine hospital service today show the yellow fever in the south is steadily increasing. The officials state the increase in the fever district is likely to be continued until cold weather sets in and this is thought to be at least three weeks off in the region most affected. The despatches received here report the total number of cases to be 470 with 36 deaths since the epidemic broke out. Yellow fever was reported to have occurred at Lake Charles, La., in a despatch from Dr. Edmund Sushan of New Orleans. At Franklin, La., there are 28 new cases and no deaths. Following are the Mississippi reports of new cases for today:

Jackson, 3 white cases; 1 negro; total 3.

Canton 4; Krystal Spring, 4; Madison, 5 white, 10 negroes, total, 15; Harrison, 14; making 55 in all, now under treatment; Ridgeland 1; Norwood 6, one death; Oxford, one case.

THREE HOTELS

SAID TO HAVE BEEN CAUGHT BY POLICE OR SPOTTERS.

It was rumored yesterday afternoon that the Merrimac, Parragut, and Washington Houses would be complained of to the commissioners at their meeting tonight for alleged violations of the law by selling liquor on Sunday. At the police station yesterday morning, nobody seemed to know anything about the affair, or at least not when The Sun reporter made inquiries.

The alleged cases were worked out by two supernumerary officers recently appointed and consequently not well known, whose names are Robinson and Atwood, and it is said Officer Noye, the Portuguese police officer, who has been in the department some time, but who would not be known but to few, in citizen's clothing. These men in citizen's dress visited certain hotels and their superiors claim that they got "good cases" at each of the places mentioned. Just what their tactics were is not known. On their second visit to one place, Capt. Kaw and Lieut. Brosnan accompanied them, all in citizen's clothes. They were refused and the spotters claimed that they had procured a drink there earlier in the evening. The proprietor stated that he had been away all day that he had left strict orders to his clerks not to sell unless to guests.

It is rumored on the street that the move is made in the interest of Mayor Bennett's fight, for a re-nomination by bringing three new licensees into the field before the caucuses.

It is also rumored that the affair will simply amount to a transfer of the hotel licenses to the rum syndicate who now control nearly all the other hotels and who have thus far been exempt from police or spotter espionage, although they are known to sell rum openly every Sunday. It will be interesting to note if the syndicate wins.

VIRGINIA'S HONOR.

ALL HER TROOPS KEPT IN FEDERAL SERVICE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Wheeling, West Va., Oct. 11.—West Virginia is alone among all the states of the union in enjoying the distinction of having all her troops kept in the Federal service. The First and Second regiments will be sent to Cuba and Porto Rico shortly and today the Fourth U.S.V. (Immunes) are to sail for Manzanillo, Cuba from Fernandina, Fla. The latter regiment was recruited in West Virginia, District of Columbia and Maryland.

OFFICERS CHOSEN.

The following are the names of the commissioned officers and sergeants for the '98 battalion:

Commissioned officers: Colonel, John Hagens; lieut.-colonel, Dana B. Whipple; majors, Harold Varnum, Charles Kelley, Robert Faulkner, William D. Bagley, R. B. Walsh, J. Douglass Rivet, Royal Hope, Richard M. Lawton, Warren W. Fox, Charles Stevens, Walter B. Tyrrell, Walter E. H. Wilson.

Sergeants, Tennyson Simpson, Harry E. Clay, Arthur W. Wells, Winfred C. McBrayne, Percy J. Wilson, F. W. Cates, Lester A. Russell, Arthur E. French, Charles E. Cooke, J. M. O'Donoghue, F. E. Atkinson, Percy Perkins, Oliver Stevens, James E. Gilligan, E. Cahill, John Scannell, Luther E. Gilmore, H. E. Thompson, John Perry, A. W. Cashin, Herbert W. Goddard, Fred N. Russell, John N. Drury, O. H. Cilley, H. S. Woodman, Jackson Palmer, A. W. Staples, Frank O'Sullivan, James Craig, Frank Scannell, David T. Mackey, Walter E. Hadley, John Sullivan, Paul Ladd, Herbert Webster.

Tomorrow an exciting game of foot ball will be played by the Lowell High and the Mitchell's Boys' school.

The High school eleven are as follows: Cronin, f. b.; Captain McLaughlin, h. b.; White, h. b.; Morrison q. b.; Foster, ends; Gallaghers, ends; Jewett, r. t.; Woods, l. t.; Davis, r. g.; Haden, c; Cashen, l.

SCHOOL BOARD MEETING.

A special meeting of the school board will be held at 7.30 this evening to take action on the death of Truant Commissioner John F. Williams.

A STRIKE ORDERED

The Lasters of Rockland are Called Out.

FAILED TO AGREE ON PRICE LIST.

Secretary Ordered Out the Men.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Rockland, Mass., Oct. 11.—Secretary Higgins of the local lasters' union called out 40 members of the organization from Rice & Hutchin's factory here today. When the price list was presented to the firm two weeks ago, the committee saw Mr. Rice and agreement was reached pending the arrival of Mr. Hutchins who was away on his vacation. The latter returned yesterday and a conference was held last night which resulted in the secretary ordering a strike this morning. The men are feeling rather indignant with the firm as they claim the agreement made by Mr. Rice was a ruse to get the men to work until certain orders were completed. The strikers declare that the cutters were told early yesterday morning to "clear up," which some of them did last night and the remainder will have finished by tonight.

DEATHS.

GINTY—Mary C. Ginty, aged 20 years, died yesterday at her home, 10 Walnut street after a long and severe illness. Deceased was one of the well known and estimable young ladies of St. Peter's parish and previous to her last illness, was in the employ of Knox & Charlton as clerk. With the church societies and their members she was particularly well known and always bore an enviable name for generosity, cheerfulness and piety. Through her untiring efforts many religious entertainments were rendered very successful. She was born in Lowell and always resided here. Her father is Philip Ginty, the well known slater. Besides her parents, she is survived by several younger brothers, one of whom is Joseph Ginty of the Lowell Cadet band.

LOGUE—Mary Ann Logue, aged 24 years, died this morning at her home in Collinsville. Besides her parents, James and Bridget Logue, she leaves one brother, Michael, and a sister, Bridget. Funeral will be held Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

MAHAN—Leo, infant son of Patrick and Mary Mahan, died this morning at his parents' home, 26 Manchester street.

ANNUAL MEETING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Concord, N. H., Oct. 11.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Concord & Montreal railroad, was held in this city this morning. The proceedings are without incident.

The following directors received 17,031 votes each, and were elected for the ensuing year:

Frederick S. Smith of Manchester; Benjamin A. Kimball of Concord; John H. Pearson of Concord; Walter M. Parker of Manchester; John A. White of Concord; Alpha J. Pillsbury of Tilton, Charles E. Tilton of Tilton; Samuel S. Kimball of Concord; Chares E. Morrison of Boston, Lewis C. Pattee of Lebanon; Frank Jones of Portsmouth; Noah S. Clarke of Manchester; Hiram N. Turner of St. Johnsbury, Vt.

FUNERALS.

OAKES—The funeral of Earle Oakes took place this afternoon from the home of his parents on Common street. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

SIGNAL SERVICE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 11.—A complete history of the operations of the United States Coast Signal Service is presented in the report of Capt. John R. Bartlett, who was the superintendent of that service. This institution was born of the emergency created by the war and Capt. Bartlett shows how, within one week after the orders had gone out by telegraph, the entire coast was under observation from a chain of stations extending from Maine to Texas.

EXTRADITION PAPERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 11.—Edward Cronin the agent for the state of Connecticut, charged to procure the necessary papers from the state department for the extradition of Dr. Nancy Guilford, today presented to Acting Solicitor Van Dyne, the formal application from the governor of the state, together with the necessary affidavits. The imperfections noted in the first application have been corrected and the warrant will be issued this afternoon.

FREE OF DUTY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 11.—The war department today received the following:

Havana, Oct. 10.

Geo. D. Meiklejohn, Assistant Secretary of War:

The United States can land free of duty supplies for destitute at ports of Bahia, Honda, Caibarion and Matanzas.

(Signed) Wade, Major General.

STARTED FOR HOME.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Salem, Mass., Oct. 11.—Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain and Mrs. Chamberlain, left Danvers where they have been visiting Mrs. Chamberlain's family, Hon. and Mrs. Wm. C. Endicott, for several weeks, enroute to their home in England today.

They took the train at 10.30 for Boston where they will proceed at once to New York to take the steamer.

LAST MAKERS MEET.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Oct. 11.—The sixth annual convention of the Last Makers' union of America opened at the United States hotel today. Delegates were in attendance from every last manufacturing city and town in this country.

FLIES AND DISEASE

One of the Causes of Typhoid at Camp Thomas.

Spoiled Supplies Were Thrown Away—Too Much Meat for a Tropical Climate—Testimony of Major Gallagher—Yellow Fever Stamped Out in Santiago.

Washington, Oct. 11.—Three witnesses were before the war investigation commission Monday—Captain Culver of the Grigsby rough riders, Dr. Hysell, chief surgeon of the Second division at Camp Thomas, and Major Gallagher, who was in charge of various commissary depots in the Santiago campaign. Dr. Hysell's testimony dealt with the sanitary and hospital conditions at Camp Thomas. He said that there was less typhoid fever in the troops of the Second division than in the other divisions. Dr. Hysell thought typhoid had been brought into the camp from the outside, and that the increase had been due to the failure to properly cover the sinks and to the prevalence of flies. He did not think it possible effectually to isolate typhoid fever cases, as typhoid was so difficult to detect in its early stages. All reasonable precautions had been taken in locating the camp to prevent the development of disease. He admitted that in the case of another war more effective means could be provided.

At the afternoon session the committee examined Major Hugh J. Gallagher. He had served as depot commissary at Siboney, San Juan and Santiago, and recently occupied this position at Montauk Point, having been made chief commissary of General Shafter's corps. The rations, he said, were forwarded almost as rapidly as they were landed. Only very small quantities could be accumulated, yet the commissary, during his stay at Siboney, had been able to meet all requisitions made for rations by the troops. He heard no complaint of lack of rations at the front. At first they were able to forward about 30,000 rations per day. From Siboney the depot was moved to El Poso, seven miles distant, and at this point there were never enough rations on hand for even a day ahead, and it was impossible to fill all the requisitions. There was a shortage in coffee and sugar, which continued for two or three days. It was due to the difficulty in landing supplies because of the high surf at Siboney. All the rations were good, but in some cases the hard bread would be injured by sudden showers. When this happened the bread was thrown aside and not issued. After El Poso was reached the officers were supplied with the same rations that were given the men. This was against the law, as rations are not supplied to officers, but the emergency made the distribution to them necessary.

Major Gallagher said there was one instance when the canned roast beef spoiled, and it was destroyed. Some potatoes, onions and tomatoes were also thrown away at Santiago for the same reason.

There was a shortage of lighters, but the major was not able to say why this was so. Speaking of the facilities for landing the men in Cuba, he expressed the opinion that if the war were to be fought over again a large supply of lighters should be furnished. In addition to the American army the refugees were also fed. No effort was made to give the full ration, but articles were sent to them as could be spared from our own troops. He thought enough was given to supply 2000 men. After his depot was located at Santiago there was no shortage. While at this point the Spanish prisoners were also supplied from the general depot, as were some of the citizens of the place. Giving his opinion as to the ration, Major Gallagher said it had too much meat in it for a tropical climate. The men seemed to demand more tomatoes and rice than they received. On one occasion it had been necessary to issue green coffee to men on the firing lines, but the issue had only been for a day, and the emergency was unavoidable. He thought the ration should contain more dried and canned fruits, and also rice and syrup, and there should be more tea and coffee.

Colonel Denby pressed for information as to the shortage of coffee and sugar, and Major Gallagher stated that there were probably two days when the men were without these articles. He said the storm was the immediate cause of this deficiency, but that if there had been a sufficiency of lighters this difficulty would not have occurred. The major said there was not to his knowledge a shortage in any any other article of food during the campaign.

Mr. Denby told him there was a complaint of deficiency covering a month's time, but Major Gallagher said he knew nothing of it.

"Suppose," said General McCook, "this shortage of rations had lasted for seven days instead of two, what would have been the result?"

"We would probably have had to fall back," replied Major Gallagher. "Men cannot fight on short rations." It was General Shafter's orders that no formal requisitions for rations should be required and that food should be given to those needing it. Gallagher had applied for extra stores aboard the Grand Duchess, lying in Santiago harbor, but the application had not been favorably considered, for the reason that the vessel was needed for transporting troops to Camp Wikoff.

General Beaver received a letter from Mrs. Hugh Lange of Brooklyn, who participated in the relief work at Montauk Point, relating to her interview with President McKinley when he visited Camp Wikoff. She was reported to have said to the president that some of the men are "carried out in a dying condition in order to get rid of them." This, she says, she did not say, but she asked it, in passing through the wards, the president noticed the number of empty cots. He replied that he had noticed them, and then she requested him to ask why the men were without care in the detention and in some of the regimental hospitals. The letter continues: "I will also ask you to go back of the conditions at the time General Wheeler arrived, and investigate why no preparation was made to receive and care for our sick and suffering soldiers. I never saw more devoted or more self-sacrificing work under the most trying conditions, or greater patience and perseverance than was always exhibited by the executive officers of Camp Wikoff, particularly Major Heileman, Major Brown and Major Thomasson. The sanitary condition at the general hospital was appalling until the general police work was taken up by Lieutenant Durfee of the Second engineers."

IN SANTIAGO.

Santiago, Oct. 11.—The health of the United States troops now in the province of Santiago has considerably improved, not more than 10 percent being on the sick list. Most of the cases of indisposition are merely light malarial fevers. Yellow fever has been practically stamped out of the city by the systematic cleaning process put into operation.

For several weeks Major Barber, who is at the head of the street cleaning department, has had 600 men engaged in carting away the filth of generations, which is burned at one or the other of the crematories. General Wood has shown wonderful ability in bringing order out of the chaos that ensued upon the departure of the Spaniards. He is without question one of the most popular officials in this part of the island. In making appointments he places no personal favorite, but takes the verdict of 60 of the most prominent Cubans, who are answerable for the honesty and efficiency of the candidates they propose.

General Lawton is well satisfied with the soldierly qualities displayed by his men since they have been here, and all reports from other places in the province as to the behavior of the American troops are equally satisfactory. There has been very little drunkenness, which, when one remembers that, as a soldier tersely put it, "Drink is cheap and you are always thirsty," is really remarkable.

Officers of all grades and enlisted men are receiving by every mail letters from people in the United States asking information as to the possibilities of investment in this part of Cuba. In the early future there ought to be numerous openings, but at present General Wood advises investors not to come if they intend their investments to take the form of land purchase, as the records and archives have been left in a shocking state by the Spanish authorities, presumably with the intention of making additional difficulties for their successors. A man with a little capital would do well here with a steam laundry, an American bakery, or a small store with good groceries. Such enterprises could be made to pay at the very outset. October is the last of the rainy season here, but from all accounts it must be the worst of the lot. There is a Cuban proverb which runs thus: "A thousand showers in April fill a bucket, but one in October is an ocean." With November, however, comes fine weather, with cool winds and good health.

MOVEMENTS OF GENERALS.

Washington, Oct. 11.—Major General Joseph C. Breckenridge will return to duty Nov. 30 as inspector general of the army. It is understood that there will be other changes in the commands of army corps stationed in the south. General Wheeler, who will command the Fourth corps, stated before leaving Washington that he expected to resume his seat in the house soon after the beginning of the session. General Graham, who is to command the Second corps, has retired as a brigadier general, and the question has arisen whether he shall be continued longer in the volunteer service. The attorney general has rendered an opinion that there is no reason why he should not, but there is a feeling among army officers that it is not altogether fair to the younger men, who should have an opportunity to secure higher commands. It is altogether likely that Generals Bates and Chaffee later on will succeed to the command of the Second and Fourth corps, and General Wilson will continue to command the First corps.

EVACUATION OF PORTO RICO.

San Juan, Oct. 11.—Wild rumors of depredations in the western part of the island continue, but there is little foundation for them, though a certain disorderly element is still seeking the opportunity of personal vengeance. Inquiry here as to these stories, which are of Spanish origin, show that they are greatly exaggerated.

The American evacuation commissioners received an important communication from Washington Sunday, and a special meeting was at once called to consider it and formulate a course of action. At the joint session yesterday the Americans told the Spaniards it would be necessary to complete the evacuation by Oct. 18, undertaking to supply transportation for the remainder of the Spanish troops at that date if it should be necessary.

Interest on taxes begins October 20th.

THE INDIAN TROUBLE

Gen. Bacon Reports on the Situation.

A Conference Without Result—Recalcitrant Element is Practically Surrounded—Other Matters.

Minneapolis, Oct. 11.—The federal and state authorities are working in harmony toward the quelling of the Indian revolt. Governor Clough received the following message from General Bacon: "Situation bad; conference resulted in nothing. None of the Indian chiefs were there. The lumber men are all coming in to Walker. Troops needed at Cass lake." Nevertheless the governor believes that the situation is well in hand and that the recalcitrants are practically surrounded by soldiers.

The construction crews on the northwestern extension of the Brainerd & Northern to Bemidji and northward to Cass lake have joined the refugees at Walker, and it may be necessary to send them back to work under guard, as these two extensions, in the event of a prolongation of the trouble, would be of strategic value. Troops may yet be placed at three more points in addition to the present forces at Forston line points. These are where the line crosses the Mississippi, the Indian portage train three miles west of Ball Club lake. With these avenues of escape cut off it would be practically impossible for the hostiles to escape northward.

The governor has received a personal statement signed by Chief Ned-Gay-Bug-Emonoway-Rush: "We, the Chippewa Indians at Pine Point, beg to state to the public that we are perfectly friendly to the whites and have no ill-feeling, nor are in any way hostile. We have decided at the council not to take any part whatever in the Leach lake trouble."

A telegram from Barker says: "Woman just in at McGregor from Portage lake reports two dozen Indians in war paint drove her from her home. She thinks her husband and father are killed."

HOME RULE CAUSE

No Change in Attitude of Redmond.

THE OLD SLOGAN SOUNDED ANEW.

Scheme to Bring About United Action.

Dublin, Oct. 11.—At a convention of Parnellites Monday John Redmond said that it was incredible that a statesman with Mr. Chamberlain's experience and astuteness should declare that the passing of the Irish local government bill satisfied the aspirations of Irishmen. The Parnellites, he added, would not be satisfied until they secured home rule.

JOHN E. REDMOND.

Resolutions were passed in favor of home rule, approving the local government act, denouncing the project of an Anglo-American alliance and urging the release of political prisoners. The following is the text of the resolution on the alliance: "This convention denounces the project of an alliance between Great Britain and the United States as a selfish attempt on the part of England to drag the American people to its aid in its struggles with the powers of Europe, among whom it now stands, by reason of its bad faith, absolutely isolated. Consequently, as friends of America, we, the members of this convention, hope that the republic will not allow itself to be embroiled in European squabbles, from which, however these may result, there cannot be any corresponding advantage for American interests."

BID FOR A REUNION.

Glasgow, Oct. 11.—John Dillon, anti-Parnellite member of parliament for East Mayo, at a banquet given here last evening in his honor, made a practical bid for the reunion of the sections of the Irish party. He said he wished that a conference of 10 representative Irishmen, half nominated by John Redmond and the other half by himself, could meet and draft a scheme to reconcile the difference among the Irish nationalists, the scheme then to be submitted to the leading Irishmen of the country at a convention.

Mr. Dillon said he would be willing to enter such a conference on the basis of absolute independence of all the English parties, and declared himself convinced that there were no real, substantial differences to prevent the co-operation of all nationalist members of parliament in support of the Gladstonian policy of home rule.

WILLIAM AND THE VATICAN.

Berlin, Oct. 11.—There is no truth in the rumor that Germany contemplates not filling the post of minister at the vatican. It is added that Baron Von Buelow's successor has already been chosen and that his name will shortly be announced.

Von Buelow's recall is regarded here as due to the annoyance of Emperor William and the government at the pope's recent declaration in favor of France's traditional protectorate over Catholics in the east. Germany insists on protecting her own subjects, and the pope's attitude on the eve of Emperor William's eastern tour is resented.

Though there is no breach with the vatican, something will probably elapse before Von Buelow's successor takes up his post; but there is no doubt that he will be instructed to acquaint the vatican with the German feeling on the subject.

A WAR NOT LIKELY.

London, Oct. 11.—The morning papers all renew their comments upon the Fashoda situation, but on neither side of the channel is any idea given expression that the affair is likely to lead to war. The worst that can happen is the resignation of Mr. Delcasse, the French foreign minister, or perhaps the whole ministry; but were it not for the delicate internal situation in France arising out of the Dreyfus affair and the strike, the Fashoda question would involve no danger whatever.

The general attitude of responsible journals in Paris is to wait for the arrival of the text of the blue book despatches before committing themselves to a decided opinion. The view of official circles is that there will be no difficulty if a way can be found to give French commerce access to the Nile.

MURDER OF A GIRL.

Selins Grove, Pa., Oct. 11.—Daisy Smith, aged 16 years, a daughter of Henry Smith, a wealthy farmer of Bolle's Run, near here, was found murdered in a field near her home. Her body was riddled with shot and there was a gaping knife wound in her throat. The affair is mysterious.

William Krissinger, an ex-convict, was arrested tonight on suspicion of being the assassin. It is thought the murderer attempted to assault the girl and meeting with resistance killed her.

FOR UMPIRE AND REFEREE.

New Haven, Oct. 11.—At a conference of the athletic authorities of Yale, Princeton and Harvard to arrange the appointments of officials for the Yale-Princeton and Yale-Harvard football games, it was agreed that Paul A. Dashiel of Lehigh university shall be the umpire for both games. Ex-Captain McClung of Lehigh has also been agreed upon by Yale and Harvard for referee of their game, and it is very probable that he will act in a like capacity at the Yale-Princeton game.

ALLEGED INCENDIARY HELD.

Fitchburg, Mass., Oct. 11.—The case of Max Kulwinski, charged with setting fire to a block in which lived eight families, who barely escaped with their lives, and in a part of which he kept a store, came up in the police court Monday. The examination of witnesses consumed nearly the entire day. The principal testimony was offered by Fire Marshal Shaw and his agents, and on the strength of it Kulwinski was held in $5,000 for the superior court.

VICTIM OF STRONG DRINK.

Hartford, Oct. 11.—George K. Wilcox, assistant judge of the East Hartford town court and a reporter on the Times, was found dead in a meadow yesterday afternoon. He had taken carbolic acid. He leaves a widow and four boys. Wilcox was in debt and a victim of strong drink. He wrote his own obituary, which contained the principal facts about his life.

WANTED A SWIM.

New York, Oct. 11.—While the Berlin was off Robbins' reef, Steward John McKenna jumped overboard. He said just before he went over the side that he was "going to take a swim." Offer Dominick of the transport jumped into the water to save McKenna, who had evidently been taken with cramps, but before he could render assistance McKenna was drowned.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

PENSION CLAIMS

Evans Denies a Widely Spread Story

CONCERNING CERTAIN POLICY ON PENSION CLAIMS.

Marriage and Divorce Canon of Episcopal Church.

Washington, Oct. 11.—Wide circulation has been given to the story originating at the annual encampment of the G. A. R. in Cincinnati that "the commissioner of pensions had called his chiefs together and instructed them to disregard totally every application based on deafness and rheumatism in the adjudication of claims for pensions."

The commissioner authorizes the following statement: "First—No such instructions were given. Second—As to deafness, the present medical referee the bureau, Dr. J. F. Raub, a prominent G. A. R. man, says there has been no change in the adjudication of claims for deafness since the present schedule of ratings, which was approved Dec. 4, 1894, in accordance with the act of Aug. 27, 1888.

"Third—As to rheumatism, the present chief of the board of review, Colonel F. D. Stephenson, also a prominent G. A. R. man, says there has been no change in adjudication of claims for rheumatism since he came to the bureau in 1893.

"Fourth—There has probably not been a single working day passed since April 1, 1897, that there have not been certificates issued for both deafness and rheumatism. There has been no change in the laws, and therefore no change in the practice during the present administration."

MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE.

Washington, Oct. 11.—The marriage and divorce canon under consideration by the Episcopalian bishops yesterday was as follows:

Section 1—No minister shall solemnize a marriage the parties to which are within the degrees of consanguinity and affinity defined in the 18th chapter of the book, Leviticus.

Sec. 2—It shall be the duty of the minister to admonish the people from time to time that the church discountenances clandestine marriage. No minister shall solemnize the marriage of any person who is a minor under the law of the place of marriage, unless the parent or guardian of such minor is present, or shall have given written consent to the marriage, or is permanently resident in a foreign country. No minister shall solemnize a marriage except in the presence of at least two witnesses, himself or the witnesses being personally acquainted with the parties. Every minister of the church shall at the time of the marriage record in the register of the parish in which the marriage takes place the name, birthplace, age and residence of each party, and such record shall be signed by the minister who performs the ceremony and by at least two witnesses of the marriage.

Sec. 3—No minister of the church shall solemnize the marriage of either party to a divorce during the lifetime of the other party.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR GATHER.

Pittsburg, Oct. 11.—With a brilliancy of incandescence emanating from nearly half a million electric lights, the conclave of the Knights Templar has now fairly started. Except a few stragglers, every commandery which was expected to be represented has a delegation on the ground.

The sights on the streets have never been equalled in this city, as far as the crowds are concerned. Car traffic is at a standstill and vehicles of all descriptions are banished from many thoroughfares, while every inch of ground is monopolized by tens of thousands of pedestrians. The brilliancy of the city's street decorations marks an epoch in the history of electric illumination. Within a radius of four blocks from the heart of the city 400,000 incandescent lamps burn every night. Huge crosses and other emblems of Templarism are suspended on the sides and fronts of the city's tallest buildings, and from nearly every store or shop in the down-town district.

An interesting feature in the informal parade of the knights was furnished by the Boston commanderies, which marched up Fifth avenue, accompanied by the ladies. The way in which the latter kept step to the music evoked great enthusiasm.

MURDERED BY ROBBERS.

Paris, Oct. 11.—At Saint Patrice, near Chinon, while the parish priest, Father Fleural, was conducting service, burglars entered the presbytery and murdered his aged housekeeper. They then awaited the abbe's return and beat him also to death, afterward ransacking the house.

EVERY MAN HAD MONEY.

Quincy, Oct. 11.—Antonio Sprucht, a laborer, lost a pocketbook containing $400 while at work in a trench for a sewer. He reported his loss to the foreman, who sent for an officer, and the 24 laborers were searched. The money was not found, but the search brought to light a most interesting condition of affairs. Every laborer had a roll of money about his person amounting anywhere from $10 to $500, and there were over $1,000 in gold and greenbacks among the men. Some had it sewed in different parts of their clothing, others in belts around their waists, and some had it carefully laid away in pocketbooks.

LOWELL TEXTILE SCHOOL.

Evening Classes Begin Oct. 17.

Special entrance examination in Arithmetic and English on Friday, Oct. 14, at 7 p. m.

Art Students Now Received.

Prof. George will continue his classes as usual both day and evening. Apply immediately.

WANTED.

WANTED—Two temperate men want work as teamsters. Address 11 Shaw street.

WANTED—Art model, young female, for light work. State experience, if any, and wages expected. Herb. Hecart, this office.

WANTED—By a young American Woman, strong and willing, situation as nurse to invalid, companion to elderly lady, governess for child, or housekeeper to take entire charge; country no objection. Terms reasonable. References. Address "E," Sun office.

WANTED—Ladies to know they can get their old felt hats dyed and blocked in the latest shapes at the Hat Bleachery, 161 Merrimack street, up stairs.

WANTED—At all times lady chorus singers. Apply by mail. Address Ivory, 30 Merrill street, Lowell.

WANTED—Saleswoman to assist in the introduction of an article of merit; salary. References required. Call or address A. P. T. Hicks, Room 34, Boi Marche building, Lowell, Mass.

WANTED—Summer boarders; $4.50 a week. 61 River street, West Lynn.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Low's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

WANT BLUSH OF YOUTH, soft, delicate skin? Use Nuonen's Roman Secret. At all drug stores. A. W. Dow, A. E. Moor, agent for Lowell, corner of Gorham and Appleton streets.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—On Monday a pair of eye glasses. Finder will be rewarded at 251 Merrimack street.

TO LET.

TO LET—Very pleasant small tenements Belvidere; rent low. Apply to F. A. Pennington, 285 High street.

TO LET—Choice low-priced tenements, ranging in price from $5 to $10 per month. T. H. Elliott, 61 Central street.

TO LET—Half a house of ten rooms at 9 Everett street; rent $10 a month. Apply at 316 High street.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 262 Fayette street.

STORE TO LET—31 Middle street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

Weak Men Made Vigorous

What PEFFER'S NERVIGOR Did!

It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men regain lost manhood; old men recover youthful vigor. Absolutely Guaranteed to Cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Don't let druggist impose a worthless substitute on you because it yields a greater profit. Insist on having PEFFER'S NERVIGOR, or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper, $1 per box, or 6 for $5, with A Written Guarantee to Cure or Refund Money. Pamphlet free. PEFFER MEDICAL ASSN. Cleveland, O. Sold by Ellingwood & Co., corner Central and Merrimack streets.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE

Henry W. Garrity, Prop.

CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.

The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the profession.

M. H. Carey } Clerks } H. Gerrish.

LANTERNS

FOR

House, Mill, Stable Carriage

And out-of-door use. Lantern Globes in white, red and blue. Parts of Lanterns lost or destroyed, furnished.

C. B. COBURN & CO.

63 TO 67 MARKET STREET.

IF

PETER WATSON

Was anywhere near the army camps the people of the country would not be asking for an investigation as to the feeding of the starving soldiers. He supplies enough of people in Lowell to make an army with the choicest line of bread, cake and pastry to be had in this city. There is nothing better than the best and Peter Watson's bakery is the best.

Ask for Peter Watson's celebrated Bread and take no other. Bakery from

52 to 60 Charles St.
465 Lawrence St.

Weddings and parties supplied at short notice and orders delivered to all parts of the city.

Our Stand

is at 400 Merrimack St.

We can fit your feet with Boots, Shoes and Rubbers. Reliable goods, lowest prices. That's the economy.

F. E. LABARCE, Prop.

CITY HALL SHOE STORE

400 Merrimack St.

Sewing Machines

For $24.00

You can buy the same machine that others sell as $60. We have no canvassers; you get his commission by buying at our store.

Ring's Big Store

221-223 DUTTON ST.

FOR SALE.

WAGONS—My remaining stock of high grade democrats, Concords, square wagons, panel side wagons, together with a variety of 2nd hand wagons, buggies, etc., will be offered at very low figures to close. J. F. Libby, 69 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—11 acre farm, 7 miles from Lowell, not far from electrics. Easy terms; price only $850. T. H. Elliott, 61 Central street.

CALL at 869 Market street to buy or sell second-hand Furniture.

FOR SALE—Near Chelmsford and Washington streets good cottage house of 7 rooms, large lot of land, lots of fruit. Price only $1400. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—In Billerica small farm of 10 acres, fair building, near cars. This is a bargain; price $900. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Furniture and carpets at a sacrifice; nearly new. 178 Chapel street. 1st bell.

FOR SALE—Ten R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

ANYTHING and everything in the line of RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices. The best linen marker in use only 25c. J. M. Fellows, 154 Merrimack street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Pawtucketville, a nice 8-room cottage house, with all modern improvements, 6000 feet of land, lots of fruit, near bridge. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

OWNER IN NEED OF MONEY—A lot of land containing 1900 feet, 50x90, on a 50 foot street, 15 minutes from Centralville bridge. Price $100, also two second-hand furnaces. Inquire at 1128 Bridge street.

FOR SALE—Near Broadway and School streets good house and large lot of land for a little money. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 50c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—Good corporation boarding house, lots of boarders. Must be sold on account of sickness. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 5 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 170 Tremont street, Boston.

FOR SALE—Good farm for the money, 16 acres of land, good buildings, 3 miles from Lowell on main road. Price $850. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CONSULT MADAM CLENDENING, scientific palmist. Advice on love, business marriage, tells past and future, also locates diseases, etc. 138 Appleton street.

James Walsh,

Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardener. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.

CONCRETE paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 155 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

If You Are Short

And want a loan we can help you out. Security taken, real estate and personal property.

DONOVAN & MANSUR

Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

If You Want Clean, Bright

COAL

Free from impurities, coal that ignites quickly and has good lasting qualities. Order of the

Middlesex Coal Co.

6 FLETCHER STREET,

And order now.

H. P. Hassey, President. J. J. Smith, Manager.

Telephone 571-2.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER

448 GORHAM STREET.

Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

PETER H. SAVAGE.

Undertaker and Funeral Director

189 WORTHEN ST.

Telephone connection 461-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

FootPower

Is the inheritance of all, which means that walking should be a pleasure, not a misery. Yet how few enjoy this birthright? High priced shoes do not insure it. Right made shoes do. The kind we sell. Our prices are moderate, too.

J. J. LONERGAN.

YES

When you wish the repairs on your carriage well done it will be to your advantage to take it to

SAWYER'S.

They live up to their reputation that "Sawyer work is good work."

Worthen St., Lowell.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

Remnants of

CLOAKING

Important Announcement

We have bought the entire accumulation of mill remnants made during the year from a large woolen mill making a specialty of heavy woolens such as

ALL WOOL KERSEYS, BEAVERS, VENETIANS, ROUGH CLOAKINGS, AND BROADCLOTHS AND HEAVY COVERTS

a purchase of over 6000 yards, all in lengths suitable for jackets, cloaks and overcoats, qualities of cloth that are worth from $1.25, $1.50 to $2.50 per yard, all at one price,

79c. Per Yard.

We display all these stylish goods in our Merrimack street window till **Thursday, 13th inst.**, when they will be put on sale in our spacious basement. One of the best bargains we have offered for a long time.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

You Do Not Need to Have a New House to Have a

Fire Place

We can put one into your old house. We are headquarters for Mantels, Tiling, Gas Grates, Gas Logs, Coal Grates, and Irons, fire set, etc.

Everything for the Fire Place.

THE THOMPSON HARDWARE CO. 524-6 Merr'k St.

DEWEY HAVE GOOD BUTTER

Well! Well!

Have just received a large lot of June Vermont Dairy and Creamery Butter in 5, 10 and 20-lb packages at prices that will keep our competitors guessing, and the quality that will please everybody. Give us a trial and we will convince you that we have no competitors in the city.

Bargains in All Departments This Week.

Banner Market

Prescott Street.

TEETH

No Charge For Extracting

$5 to $10 a Set

Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Fillings and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth without plates, also Rootless Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Not open evenings. DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists Rooms 24, 25, 32, Runels' Bld'g, cor. Mer'k & Bridge

STRONG AGAIN!

WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY Sexine Pills

They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Hourigan's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 313 CENTRAL STREET.

LAFAYETTE AND YORKTOWN.

American Schools Will Celebrate the Anniversary of Yorktown's Surrender By Raising a Fund For the Great Lafayette Monument.

New York—This year we are to have a day in which to pay tribute to Marie Paul Joseph Roch Yoes Albert Motier, Citoyen Motier, as the revolutionists of Paris called him.

He is dear to Americans as Marquis de Lafayette.

And the day we have set apart for him is that eventful one of the surrender of Yorktown, the anniversary of which will occur on October 19. Historic exercises will be held in every school in the country, at which a nominal admission fee will be charged. Millions of pennies and dimes thus received from the rising generation of American patriots will be applied to a Lafayette monument fund. With 100,000 schools and a great army of patriots, it is believed that more than enough will be realized to erect a monument that will be the pride of the two continents.

The monument which is to cost $200,000, is to be unveiled in Paris in 1899, and to be a gift of the young of one republic to a sister nation.

On the committee in charge of the affair are William B. Allison, Edward Everett Hale, Dr. W. T. Harris, Archbishop Ireland, John W. Mackay, Ferdinand W. Peck, Melville E. Stone, Alexander Revell and Charles G. Dawes. The governors of all the states are honorary vice presidents and many of the municipal executives are on the honorary advisory board.

Its secretary is Robert J. Hampson, of Chicago, and his appeal to the schools of the country is as follows:

"The commission has decided upon October 19th, the anniversary of the surrender of Cornwallis at Yorktown, as the day which the schools of the United States are asked to recognize as 'Lafayette Day.' On this date, it is hoped, by concerted effort ample funds will be secured to build a monument on a scale commensurate with the occasion.

"In the universities and colleges of the land, the heads of the institutions are asked to appoint committees from their students to arrange and carry out public exercises suited to the idea, embracing perhaps historic drama, patriotic orations, etc., charging an admission fee or collecting voluntary contributions as local conditions may suggest, and turning the proceeds over to the president of the college, who shall forward it to the treasurer of the memorial commission.

"In the higher grades of the public and parochial schools the same general plan so far as possible should prevail as in the universities and colleges.

"In the primary grades and district schools the children may be asked to solicit from their parents or acquaintances small contributions of from one cent to ten cents, to be given to their teacher and thence forwarded to the treasurer of the commission.

Lafayette's claim upon the gratitude of Americans does not rest in the carefully measured service rendered in the country's hour of need so much as in the noble spirit of sacrifice shown and in his generous adoption of what he thought a rightful but probably unsuccessful cause.

Washington, Jefferson and Fox were devotedly attached to Lafayette. Napoleon, Charles X., and other rulers admired the qualities which held him aloof from bribery and kept him within the bounds of loyalty, no matter what threatening clouds o'erhung his political destiny.

When his death was announced, in May, 1834, the church bells of France, Belgium, Poland, Switzerland and Great Britain tolled in mournful requiem. In the United States the news of his passing was received with pride and sorrow. Congress formulated resolutions expressive of the nation's grief and of its lasting gratitude, and both houses wore badges of mourning for thirty days. By order of President Jackson the United States army and navy paid the same honors to Lafayette that were shown in memory of Washington.

YORKTOWN SURRENDER.

Dr. James Thacher, an eye-witness, gives in his journal an interesting account of the manner in which the surrender of Yorktown was conducted. The American and French troops were drawn up in two lines, one on each side of the road, and between these the British army marched out. There was also an immense concourse of spectators from the surrounding country to witness this spectacle—most interesting to Americans, though humiliating in the last degree to the royal army. The French troops made a splendid and martial appearance, in complete uniform; the Americans were not all in martial costume, nor could their dress be said to be very neat; but their bearing was erect and manly, and their countenances wore the "uniform" of satisfaction and joy. General Washington, with his aides, took his station at the head of the American column, and Count Rochambeau at the head of the French. It is a circumstance highly creditable to the American character, that the utmost silence and order prevailed during the marching out of the British army.

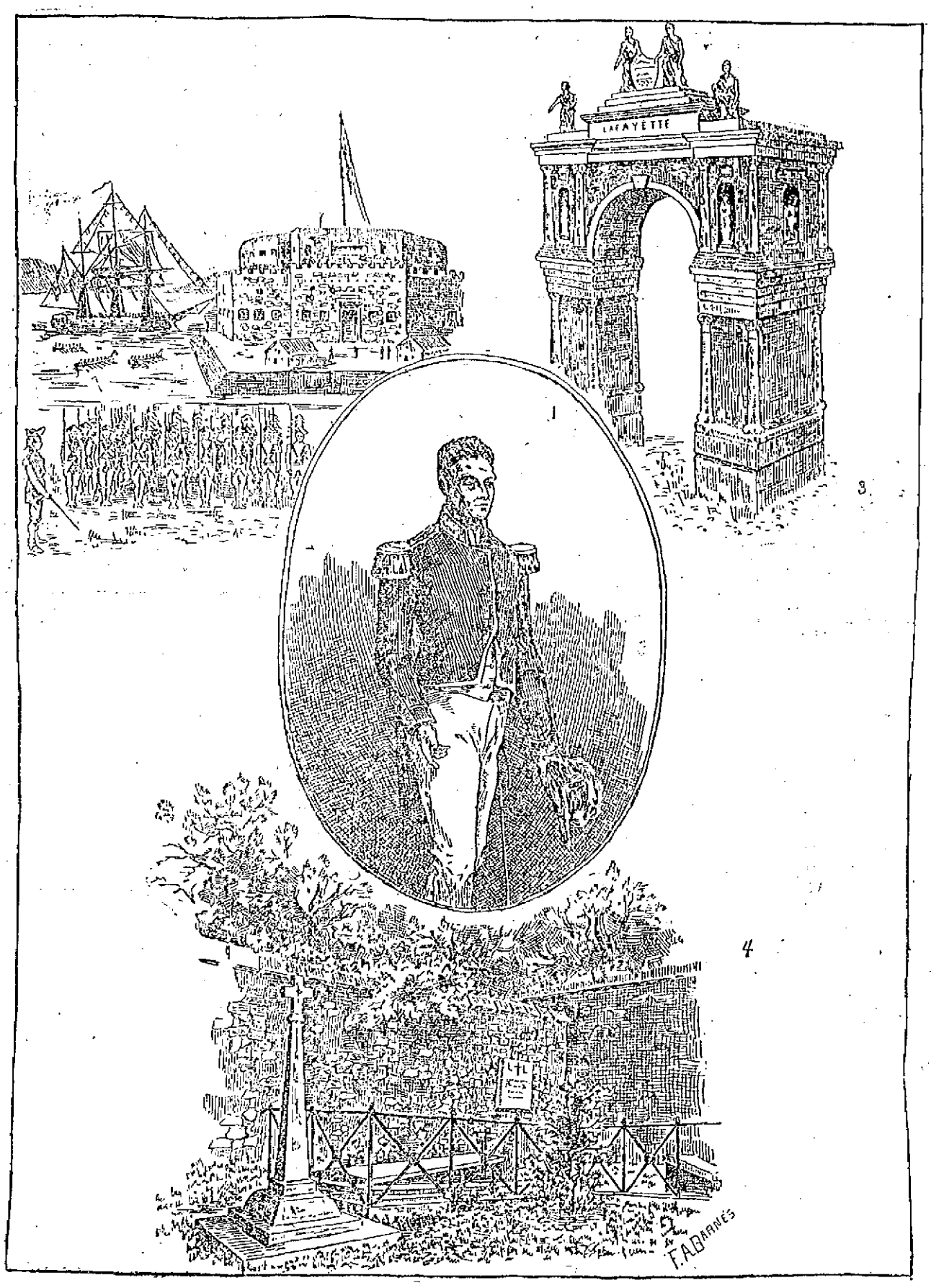
At length, about two o'clock, the captive army advanced; but Lord Cornwallis, whom all expected to see at the head of the column, was not there. He deputed the office of leader on this occasion to General O'Harra. The troops followed with shouldered arms, colors cased, and drums beating a slow British march. In arms and clothing their appearance was neat and soldier-like, but in their line of march their step was irregular, and their ranks were frequently broken. Arrived at the head of the American column, Gen. O'Harra gracefully apologized to Gen. Washington for the non-appearance of Lord Cornwallis, on the plea of indisposition, and was courteously referred to Gen. Lincoln for directions. Gen. Lincoln conducted the conquered army into a large field, where it was arranged that they should ground their arms.

Dr. Thacher gives the following account of this part of the ceremony. "It was in the field, when they came to the last act of the drama, that the spirit and pride of the British soldiers was put to the severest test; here their mortification could not be concealed. Some of the platoon officers appeared to be exceedingly chagrined when giving the word 'ground arms;' and I am witness that they performed this duty in an exceedingly unofficer-like manner, and that many of the soldiers manifested a sullen temper, throwing their arms on the pile with violence, as if determined to render them useless. This irregularity, however, was checked by the authority of General Lincoln. After having grounded their arms, and divested themselves of their accoutrements, the captive troops were conducted back to Yorktown, and guarded by our troops, till they could be removed to the place of their destination."

Among the other incidents relative to this siege, Dr. Thacher relates some circumstances which account for the much greater slaughter of the French army than of the American, on the night when Lafayette and Baron Viomenel each took a redoubt. The Americans pulled away the palisades with their hands and jumped over, entering the works at once. The French waited for the sappers and miners to remove the defenses, according to the rules of the art, and were all this time exposed to a galling fire. After the American party had taken their redoubt, Lafayette sent his aide, Major Barbour, to the other redoubt, to inform Baron Viomenel that "he was in his redoubt, and to ask the Baron where he was." The Major found Baron Viomenel waiting the clearing away of the palisades, and he sent back the answer: "Tell the Marquis I am not in mine yet, but I will be in five minutes." And so he was.

A curious circumstance occurred in the capture of Cornwallis. Mr. Henry Laurens, United States Ambassador to Holland, was captured by the British on his passage out, and confined in the Tower of London, of which Lord Cornwallis was constable or governor. Col. John Laurens was one of the officers who arranged the terms of surrender. Thus the son took custody of his father's jailor. Lord Cornwallis was afterwards exchanged for Mr. Laurens. Congress had offered Gen. Burgoyne before, but the British refused to make the exchange.

In the general orders issued the day after the capitulation, Lafayette was among the officers particularly mentioned. Indeed, his services in the capture of Cornwallis commenced, from the moment in which the British general arrived in Virginia. His skillful and patient manoeuvres, the consummate skill of a veteran, united to the ready and chivalric courage of youth, conducted Cornwallis into the toils which led to his surrender, and to the close of the British rule in the states of the Union. Great and enthusiastic were the rejoicings in every part of the United States upon the intelligence of this victory. Its consequences were at once perceived, and the whole people were filled with the most cheering anticipations.



1. Lafayette as commander of the National Guard of France. 2. His welcome to New York at Castle Garden as represented in an old print of the time. 3. The arch through which Lafayette passed on his tour through Philadelphia. 4. The grave of Lafayette.

LAFAYETTE'S TRIUMPH.

Lafayette having expressed his intention of revisiting the United States, Congress unanimously passed, in February, 1824, a resolution directing the President to assure him of the grateful recollection of the American people, and tendering him a national ship for his passage hither. But with his consistent love of true republicanism, he preferred to take his passage in a private ship; and on the 16th of August, 1824, arrived at New York in the Cadmus, Capt. Allyn. He was accompanied by his son, George Washington Lafayette, M. Auguste de Vasseur, and one servant. His arrival opened a series of grateful pageants, which in splendor surpassed anything exhibited before in America; and in sincerity, heartiness, and spontaneous movement displayed a spectacle of the moral sublime, which the world has seldom witnessed.

Lafayette landed on Staten Island on the 15th of August, where he passed the night. On the day following a fleet of steamboats went down to the Island, to convey and escort him to the city, including the war steamer Robert Fulton; and on board of these were over six thousand persons, besides the committee of the corporation, members of the Society of the Cincinnati, revolutionary officers and soldiers, a deputation from West Point, and many other distinguished guests and official personages. New York bay never presented a more magnificent spectacle than on this occasion. The shipping was all liberally decorated with flags and signals. The day was delightful, and the surface of the water was dotted with every imaginable description of craft in holiday array. Continual salutes of artillery rolled out their deep base notes above the shouts of welcome and congratulation, and it seemed as if the great city of New York, conscious of its honor in speaking the first welcome to the nation's guest, was determined to do itself credit by enthusiasm and heartiness. On shore hundreds of bells were ringing, and the very air seemed vocal with the music of welcome. As the fleet arrived off the Battery, at two o'clock, p. m., the scene was most impressive. The military formed in line were over three thousand in number; and as the national guest landed, he was received with a salute of twenty-one guns, and the acclamations of between thirty and forty thousand people, who filled the Battery, and the adjacent streets and avenues.

After a review of the troops, which must have awakened deep emotions in the mind of him who could recollect the condition of the American army nearly half a century before, Lafayette proceeded to the City Hall in a barouche drawn by four horses. He was escorted by a troop of horse, and followed by the long line of citizen soldiery. Such was the crowd, that the march was very much impeded.

After the mayor of the city had spoken his welcome, in behalf of the municipality and the nation, to which Lafayette feelingly and gratefully responded, the many citizens and strangers were introduced, including not a few old friends in the "times that tried men's souls." Lafayette received the parting salute of the military, and was escorted to the City Hotel, where apartments had been prepared for him.

The landing of Lafayette at New York took place on Monday, and on that and the three following days the city was alive with testimonies of respect to him. The Common Council caused the freedom of the city to be presented him in a golden box. Trades, societies of all kinds, the professions, associations, private individuals, and public authorities, vied with each other in doing him honor.

On Friday, the 20th, he left New York for Boston, via Connecticut, in a carriage provided by the corporation of the city. He was also attended by a committee of the Common Council, appointed to accompany him. The whole journey was a continual triumphal progress. Everywhere he met "hands with hearts in them."

Lafayette was met on the Massachusetts line by the aids of the Governor of the State, and his progress to Boston was no less imposing than the route through Connecticut and Rhode Island. By day he found all other business deferred to the happy duty of welcoming him; and by night, bonfires, illuminations and rockets, announced his progress. From the mansion of Governor Eustis, in Roxbury, he was attended by a numerous cavalcade to the city line, where a truly imposing procession awaited him, and the assembled citizens greeted him with prolonged acclamations. Here he was welcomed by the Mayor, in behalf of the city. The procession then passed through several of the principal streets, everywhere lined with spectators, and frequently arched, to the Common. The entrance to this public ground was made between two lines of the children of the public schools—the girls in white, and the boys in white trousers and blue jackets, and all wearing badges. The number of these young welcomers was about three thousand; and the occasion was made more interesting by the springing forward of a little girl, who, on her request to speak to Lafayette, was handed into his carriage, and presented him with a wreath of flowers, and a simple but touching poetic tribute.

After some days spent in Boston and its immediate vicinity, Lafayette proceeded as far east as Portsmouth, New Hampshire. Everywhere the same scenes awaited him; the heartfelt tribute of all ages and conditions. In Salem, which he took on his way to Portsmouth, the orator and president of the day was Judge Story.

From Portsmouth he returned to Boston, and thence, through the interior of Massachusetts and Connecticut, to New York. The old battle grounds of Concord, Lexington and other famous places, were visited. In Connecticut he was more formally received, than was possible on his first hurried passage through; and at New York the enthusiasm of the people appeared unabated. The closing fete was a ball at Castle Garden, unexcelled in the ingenuity and happy, neatness of arrangements. After a hurried but delightful visit to the cities and towns upon the Hudson, Lafayette proceeded through New York on his way to Philadelphia. Through the state of New Jersey the same triumphal progress was made as in other places. The descendants of those who fought upon the battle grounds of the Revolution, led by the survivors of the glorious bands of worthies in that State, crowded forward to do him honor. At Trenton and Princeton the proceedings were truly imposing; and one noticeable incident in this state was a visit of several hours with Joseph Bonaparte.

The Governor of New Jersey had the pleasure of presenting to him the Governor of Pennsylvania; and on Monday, the 28th of September, the nation's guest entered the Keystone State, resting for the night at Frankford. To this place distant about five miles from Philadelphia, it seemed as if the whole population of the city had repaired to meet him; and yet, as he approached, the crowd grew more and more dense. The progress from Frankford to the State House occupied over six hours. The head of the procession was composed of a cavalcade of citizens, after which came between two and three thousand infantry and cavalry, the whole number of soldiers in the procession being between five and six thousand. Then followed Lafayette in an open barouche, splendidly adorned and appointed, and followed by other carriages, in which rode the committees, public officers, and one hundred and twenty veterans of the Revolution. After these came the trades and other associations. This was a most imposing part of the pageant—the different artificers, led by the printers, at work upon an ode which they distributed, being engaged in their different avocations. The procession exceeded three miles in length.

The next remarkable and most imposing ceremonies took place upon the battle ground of Yorktown. The field was converted into a camp; and among the tents was that of Washington, and many others which saw service in the Revolutionary war. A triumphal arch, bearing the names of Lafayette, Hamilton and Laurens, was erected on the spot where once stood the redoubt stormed by Lafayette; and on the spot where stood that carried by the French an obelisk was erected bearing the names of illustrious Frenchmen. On this classic field no pageantry was attempted. As was happily remarked by General Taylor, who made the address, the associations of such a scene admitted no attempt at embellishments. On the very spot where the redoubt was stormed, General Taylor was prepared, at the end of his address, to place a blended civic and martial wreath; but the considerate veteran, while he gracefully acknowledged the high compliment, as gracefully averted its consummation; and taking the expressive coronal in his hand called forward Colonel Fish, the only other survivor of the attack upon the redoubt, and insisted that half the honor belonged to him.

The illustrious men of the "Old Dominion," vied with each other in honor and hospitality to the man who so gallantly defended their soil. After a week delightfully spent with Jefferson, and a visit to Mr. Madison at his seat, Lafayette was called to Washington, to meet the successors in Congress of those who welcomed and honored him forty years before. The Congress of 1824 paid him no less respect than did the Congress of 1784. He was introduced to the House and Senate in joint session by a committee of twenty-four members on the tenth of December; and the address of the speaker, and reply of Lafayette, eloquently contrasted the condition of the country at the two epochs marked by Lafayette's visits. He had previously been received by the Senate, the members rising as he entered. On Monday, December 21st, a bill passed the Senate, granting Lafayette two hundred thousand dollars and a township of land, for his services in the Revolution; and on the next day the bill passed the House.

On the 1st of March, 1825, Lafayette left Washington on his southern tour. He traveled from Washington to Charlestown and thence to New Orleans overland—to St. Louis, Cincinnati, Pittsburg, Buffalo, and Albany, which city he reached on the 16th of June. Through the whole of the long route of four thousand miles, he met the same cordial reception.

On the 17th of June Lafayette was present at the laying of the corner-stone of Bunker Hill Monument.

After the laying of the corner-stone of the Bunker Hill Monument, he spent several months in visits to various interesting points, as Brandywine, and the battlefields in Virginia, and in the exchange of courtesies with the personal friends of the old time and the new. He was accompanied to Virginia by Mr. Monroe, then president, in a visit to the two ex-presidents, Jefferson and Madison. Returning to Washington on the 8th of September, 1825, the president, in the name of the nation, took leave of him in an impressive and deeply affecting address; and he embarked on board the steamer which was to convey him, the Brandywine frigate, which was waiting for him in the Chesapeake.

The Brandywine, upon his embarkation on the 9th, immediately made sail for France. This frigate, which was upon the stocks when Lafayette arrived in the country, was finished and named, with a view to the honorable service of conveying home the nation's guest. He arrived at Havre on the 4th of October.

There is an excitement in building up houses and knocking them down again.

The "Salt Rub."

As a complexion beautifier the "salt rub" is pronounced excellent by those who ought to know. It is easily taken, and for weakly children or those growing too fast it is most strengthening. Many private hospitals are introducing it in their tonic treatment. Any coarse salt will answer, the sea-salt being preferred, however, and it is applied moist, but not in solution. Make, in an earthen jar, a sort of slush of salt and water, and taking it up in handfuls apply all over the person, rubbing on briskly. Afterwards spray or sponge with clear water and dry with bath-towel. Very young children should be sponged off with salt water, the strength of the solution being according to its effect upon the skin. Afterwards they should be wiped over with a soft cloth dipped in clear water. The effect of invigoration is prompt and the results soon apparent in the glow and smoothness of the complexion.

For Autumn Wear.

For autumn wear, beige and deep Tuscan yellow of rough straw braids, trimmed with green velvet and shaded velvet geranium or nasturtium blossoms, in all their glowing colorings, will be a favored combination. The Duchess of Devonshire hats still flood the market—these turned up at an acute angle on one side and in a downward curve on the other. While it is a becoming shape for many faces, it has not sold well, say the importers, because it was likely to become very common. But no one need refuse them on this account, if they really admire them, for the sailor hat has undeniably proved a hundred times more common, or, to use a better word, "universal," than these less familiar shapes. The popularity of some articles of dress is so great and so lasting that one ceases to judge them by a standard that rules in modes less universally adopted.

Lemon juice applied with a camel's hair brush, night and morning, will remove freckles; that is, if the freckles are not of too long standing.

THE WEATHER.

Sun rises—6:54; sets, 5:07.
Moon rises—1:46 p. m.
High tide—1:30 a. m.; 2 p. m.

The unsettled conditions that gave promise of extending to New England have changed their course, and excepting that there may be some cloudiness tonight or Wednesday morning, fair and generally clear weather seems most likely to continue. It now promises to be warmer during the next 24 or 36 hours, followed by cooler westerly winds Wednesday afternoon or night.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FLOWER POTS.

We have a lot of them and will sell them cheap. All sizes from 3 cents up. Hickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 68 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Dominion, Anchor, Allan, Red Star, French and German lines, sailing from Boston and New York to Liverpool and Queenstown. Money sent to Ireland, England and all parts of the world. Canada bills bought at Murphy's Steamship Agency, 18 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

Buy a Jacob Doll high grade piano.

The Middlesex Coal Co. sell good coal.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 225 Central street.

Save interest and cost by paying your taxes at once.

City Clerk Dadman has returned from Montreal.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 439-4.

I can save you money if in need of a watch. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

Library trustees did not meet last night, owing to the inability of all the members to be present.

Do you burn coal? W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike St., will sell you some coal that will burn.

MASTER BARBERS.

The Master Barbers met in the Arlington hotel last night and elected five new members. The next meeting will be held next Monday night.

BICYCLE RACE.

The bicycle race which was to have come off between Keegan and Stafford on last Saturday was postponed on account of the rain. It will be run off Saturday at 2 p. m.

ANOTHER WORKINGMEN'S CLUB.

Another so-called "Workingmen's" club has been organized. It is called a "Labor" club and its labor will consist of working for the republican party in the municipal campaign.

TELL THE POST OFFICE.

Soldiers who change their residence will save confusion by notifying the post office. The state money due the various soldiers is addressed to the wives of the soldiers and in many cases the letter carriers have trouble in finding them.

AYER HOME MEETING.

A special meeting of the board of patrons of the Ayer Home was held Monday afternoon for the purpose of making arrangements for the Thanksgiving party to be held at the home in November for the benefit of the home.

BRITISH AMERICANS.

The British Americans' association held its regular meeting last night with a good attendance. After considerable discussion it was voted that in wards 1 and 4, an injustice was being done in wanting to name representatives to the general court in stead of wards 2 and Chelmsford.

BULL DOGS MEET.

Jim Gilligan, the wrestler, who claims Haverhill as his residence, went to Lawrence yesterday with several companions and a bull dog, says the Haverhill Gazette. They were doing the saloons at the lower end of Essex street when the bull dog got mixed up with another dog owned by Luke Collins, the grocer, which precipitated a general row in which Gilligan was the aggressor. The finish was Gilligan's arrest for drunkenness and disturbance by fighting.

Bystanders who witnessed the affair say that Gilligan's dog pitched into the one owned by Mr. Collins. The latter was attempting to separate them when he was assaulted by Gilligan. Marshal Murphy happened along, and arrested the Haverhill man. Gilligan has the reputation of being one of Haverhill's "bad men," but made no resistance when placed under arrest. Mr. Collins has been summoned as a witness.

FRIDAY NIGHT CLOSING.

James S. Hastings and Charles Storey continued their work in the movement yesterday and added quite a number of names to the list. They found that there was some feeling among the storekeepers because of the fact that some of those whose names appeared on the agreement, kept open last Friday night. This was readily explained by the statement that when the list was taken around, it was not expected that the stores were to close until Friday of this week.

The clerks of Lowell are invited to attend the meeting called for tonight. The impression that employers are opposed to such a meeting is incorrect. The employers are lending their support to the Friday night closing movement.

Alex. Abels has signed the document. Mr. Dickey of Middlesex street did so unsolicited. The men's furnishing stores it is understood, will be in line for Friday night.

MATRIMONIAL.

PARR—OXLEY.

A. Parr, shipping clerk with Pike's market and Bessie Oxley, waitress in Putnam's dining rooms, were married at 3.30 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the residence of Rev. E. T. Curnick, D. D., pastor of the Worthen Street M. E. church. At 5 o'clock the happy couple left for a week's trip to Worcester, Norwich, Conn., and New York City. On their return they will reside in Church street.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

ROYAL ARCANUM

SOME IMPORTANT EVENTS ARE PLANNED BY LOWELL COUNCIL.

The Royal Arcanum has the largest membership in Lowell of any of the fraternal beneficiary societies, having over 1,000 members; and has in its ranks many of the most prominent and influential men in the city.

All of the four local councils and the one at North Billerica are wide awake and a credit to the order.

The largest and oldest council in the city, Lowell Council, No. 8, with over 500 members, is especially progressive and its events are a feature of Lowell's fraternal society life.

At the next meeting of Lowell Council, to be held on Thursday evening, Oct. 20th, Mr. Geo. H. Taylor, president of the common council and a member of Lowell Council, will give a talk upon incidents of his recent trip abroad and all members of the order are invited to attend the meeting.

On the evening of Thursday, Nov. 17, Major J. W. Reilly, commandant of the Watertown Arsenal, Watertown, Mass., and a member of the Royal Arcanum, will deliver a lecture upon members and friends of Lowell Council, No. 8.

Another Royal Arcanum event of especial local prominence is now being arranged to take place in this city on the evening of Nov. 3d. On this date, there will be held at Odd Fellows' Temple, 84 Middlesex street, a reception and union public meeting of an elaborate nature. The affair will be held under the auspices of the Grand Council of Massachusetts, Lowell Council No. 8, Highland Council No. 970, North Billerica Council No. 1323, Centralville Council No. 1721, and Industry Council No. 1722.

Supreme officers and the full board of grand officers of Massachusetts will be present. The officers and members of councils in Andover, Lawrence, Haverhill and Methuen have been invited to attend, and it is expected that large delegations will come from these places.

The program will consist of a reception to supreme and grand officers and the other guests in the reception hall, opposite the lodge room from 7 to 7.30 p. m., concert by the Bradford Ladies' Home orchestra of Haverhill (favorites in Lowell) in the concert hall from 7.30 to 8. Exercises in the concert hall will commence at 8 o'clock. The Oxford Musical club of Salem, a popular organization, and the Bradford orchestra, will entertain. The speakers will be one of the supreme officers and the grand regent of the state, Mr. Alonzo G. Walsh of Lowell. Admission is by ticket and the affair will be confined to members of the order and their gentlemen friends. Tickets will be issued and further information given as soon as details are arranged.

Mayor James W. Bennett, a member of Lowell Council No. 8, and an enthusiastic Arcanumite, has consented to assume the chairmanship of a large reception committee for the occasion, which will soon be selected. The general committee in charge of the event is as follows: Regent A. H. Stanley and Secretary F. A. Wilcox of Lowell Council, No. 8, Regent G. A. Barnes and Secretary F. McKee of Highland Council No. 970, Regent J. W. Broadbent and Secretary John Hughes of North Billerica Council, No. 1323; Regent L. W. Bixby and Secretary H. L. Bishop of Centralville Council No 1721, Regent John J. Hogan and Secretary W. J. Reardon of Industry Council No. 1722, and A. W David

TO HIGHER AUTHORITY.

CASE OF HAVERHILL L. L. & H. EMPLOYES TO BE TAKEN TO SUPREME COURT.

Lawyer Goldwaite, the attorney for the Haverhill ex-employes of the L. L. & H. R. R. corporation, says that he has prepared a petition in the interest of his clients, which will be presented to the supreme court, praying this judicial body to take action relative to the legality of the railroad corporation compelling its employes to procure their bonds from a certain company.

The ex-employes believe that the corporation has no right to compel its employes to take such action, and feel that any reliable bond is sufficient to meet all requirements, and that their act of compulsion is simply an unjust imposition. The ex-employes will fight the issue to the end and have confidence in their ability to win a verdict favorable to their interests.

The ex-employes of the company, having organized permanently under the name of the Union for Protection, with the object of abolishing the system of bonding working men, introduced by the said street railway company, by organized effort they hope to stamp out that bond system by bringing the matter before the higher courts, seeking therein a decision compelling the abolition of the system. In addition they propose to bring it into the state legislature and aim to secure by all honorable means, the passage of a law preventing the unjust bonding of the working men by corporations.

CRISP GOSSIP.

Merrimack Square has again renewed its attractive appearance after one o'clock each day, when it is bedecked with rosy cheeked High school girls, awaiting their cars at the corner. And with the return of the girls, I am pleased to note, comes the Textile school Apollo who attends nearly all of them in turn, completing the picture of last year.

The sight of an American flag union down may indicate the state of affairs within the Prescott mill, from one of the windows of which it floats. But then Congressman Knox says: "Cheer up; we can't all be happy. Never mind if the textile industry is starving, the farmers out west and down south are prosperous. Starve away and be happy. Don't hang the flag union down.

HE CAN HUNT NOW.

The employes of the Tremont & Suffolk wood-shop pleasantly remembered Henry Ashton, a second-hand employed in the same shop and presented him with a double-barrelled gun. The presentation was made by Overseer James Christie in a few well chosen words and in the presence of the other workmen of the shop.

Mr. Ashton leaves for Vermont, where he intends to start in business for himself.

O. H. Green will succeed him as second-hand.

Does Your Back Ache?

In constant pain when on your feet?

Is that dragging, pulling sensation with you from morn till night?

Why not put the medicine exactly on the disease? Why not apply the cure right to the spot itself?

You can do it with

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster

Immediately after the Plaster is applied, you feel its warming, soothing influence. Its healing remedies quickly penetrate down deep into the inflamed tissues. Pain is quieted, soreness is relieved and strength imparted.

No plaster was ever made like it. No plaster ever acted so quickly and thoroughly. No plaster ever had such complete control over all kinds of pain.

Placed over the chest it is a powerful aid to Ayer's Cherry Pectoral; relieving congestion and drawing out all inflammation.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

FOOT BALL.

THE PALMERS LEAD AS RESULT OF ENCOUNTER WITH GLENMORES.

The result of Saturday's Glenmore-Palmer game will have a tendency to reduce the opinion the former team has, or really did have, of itself. Before they met the Palmers, it is understood, the Glenmores intended to play only college and leading out-of-town teams. It was a condescension in their belief to come down to the Palmers on Saturday and it is now possible that they are sorry for their "come down."

The North common may be the scene of the Atlantic-Tiger game, which it is announced, will take place next Saturday. Willis' inability to be present because of his name being prominent in the Glenmore cast, was likely the primary reason for the failure to call play last Saturday and the Northerners feel sore as a result.

The Donnelley project is meeting with but little encouragement, notwithstanding that it is a very creditable and generous one. The intended donor of the prize may retract his offer if the responses to the call do not come in more rapid.

The Fair Grounds would be the only fit place for the Palmers and Glenmores should they meet again. Saturday's game at Atherton did more to promote the game than a ward bag overloaded with talk.

Ex-Mayor Charles D. Palmer was one of the most interested spectators who witnessed the game at Atherton. He officiated as time keeper and although zae,oldfinaktotlasaldM, hmz -Abvan the Palmers were so named in his honor both teams received an equal chance and all the players are of the opinion that he is a thorough sportsman.

Mike Keegan late of the Ledgers, has receive dhis "walking paers," from that organiation.p

The Ledgers are gaining prominence by their brilliant playing of late. Thos. Maloney, the ex-African missionary, has been substituted for Mike Keegan and is doing more justice to the position to which he has been delegated.

The Atlantics are in a peculiar position, inasmuch as they cannot play when the Glenmores "come out," because of the fact that their personnell is practically the same as that of the latter team.

MUSIC HALL

It is over a quarter of a century since I first saw the play of "Kit, the Arkansas Traveler," and like old wine it improves with age. This romantic drama has always been a big drawing card and is full of interesting scenes. This play was for years presented by F. L. Chanfrau and it has been handed down from sire to son and the present Chanfrau is full as good as Kit as his father was in the leading role. The drama portrays the life of the backwoodsman and big-hearted and kind old Kit showed just how happy a person can be when away from the snares and temptations of city life. Mary Reding is person on whom the weight of the whole play rests. Manal Bond, a bad man, seems to be bent on hunting her down and destroying her future happiness. He appears at the ranch and abducts her and her child, and when Kit returns from a hunting trip he finds that his wife and child are gone and he sets fire to the place and gives up the rest of his life to hunting down the villain and cause of all his misery. The entire play is a very interesting tale and there is just comedy enough in it to counteract the sadness of the tale. The judge and the major are the gayest old topers that a person would want to see, and in fact, the whole company is strong in all the parts. The piece will be played tonight and tomorrow afternoon and evening.

FRED LOWE.

Fred Lowe, of 318 Central street, who has been reported missing from his home, has returned.

BOXING GOSSIP.

Bob Fitzsimmons, was refused a meal at the Gilsey House, New York, yesterday by James Breslin, the proprietor of the hotel. Fitzsimmons withdrew without making any scene, but he was very indignant. This action on the part of the proprietor is due to the recent encounter between McCoy and Corbett in the corridor of the hotel. Mr. Breslin has placed himself on record against pugilists making their headquarters in his hotel. A few weeks ago he ordered Tom O'Rourke from the hotel.

After being laid up for three weeks with a fractured ankle, received in his fight with Bonner, Dan Creedon, the erstwhile antipodean champion, middleweight, is once more about. He limps badly, and walks with a cane. He expects to be in good shape in two weeks and will ask for another chance against Bonner. There are many who think Creedon is Bonner's equal and he will have little trouble in securing backing if another match is arranged.

It is said on good authority that the dove of peace does not hover over the Daly-Fitzgerald training camp; that fighter and manager have been on the verge of a separation, and that the latter would like to manage Lavigne again. Daly will hardly ever be the lightweight champion.

It is more apparent than ever that all the "champions," are deliberately steering clear of Sharkey.

It is worthy of note that amid all the present noise, Fitzsimmons, like Bre'r Rabbit, is lying low.

Tommy Ryan, who has been the undoubted welterweight champion of the world for years, or as long as he chose, to retain that title, is going into the middleweight division openly and avowedly.

Manager Teller, who is looking after the interest of Adali, the new "Terrible Turk," has received an acceptance of the Turk's challenge, from Jenkins, the Cleveland wrestler. Jenkins stood off Yousouf one hour and twenty minutes, and will be a formidable opponent for the "Sultan's favorite." The match will take place at Madison Square garden on November 5th.

Jim Corbett is now challenging any old fighter through the New York Journal as follows:

To the Editor of the Journal:

I hereby challenge any man in the world to meet me in a contest of limited rounds or to a finish, the fight to take place before the club offering the largest purse. I have now $2500 in the hands of Al. Smith, and my manager, George F. Considine, will deposit $2500 more with him tomorrow.

The public is aware that I did everything in my power to get Mr. McCoy into the ring, but failed utterly. I now regard him as worse than a forlorn hope. Why he should have backed out of a meeting with me when he had a chance to win $20,000 and almost immediately sign to fight Maher for half that amount is something I would like to have explained by him. He will not do it because he would have to admit that he was a coward.

I have no matches in sight with anyone, so the first man who covers my money will be the first man accommodated. I am in excellent condition, and will be ready to step into the ring three weeks after the date of signing articles. Moreover, one fight will not satisfy me. I am after every man who thinks he can make it interesting for me, and bar non one. Just as soon as I finish with one opponent, I will be ready to sign with another. It is a case of "the more the merrier," with me now. I am tired of getting in with a lot of fakirs and indulging in talk. That kind of thing is tiresome to the public and to me, and I refuse to be a party to any more of it.

I hope Fitzsimmons, Sharkey, Jeffries and the rest of the ambitious ones will take notice that my money is up, and all they have to do is to cover it instead of breaking into print.

NASHUA STREET RAILROAD.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Nashua Street Railway company was held at the office of the company on Monday. Among those present were Percy Parker, August Fels, E. A. Smith and H. Holden of Lowell. President John A. Fisher presided and John P. Coggin acted as clerk. The following board of directors was elected for the ensuing year: John A. Fisher, August Feis, Percy Parker, E. M. Tucke, F. C. Anderson, E. A. Smith and Miles F Brennan; John P Coggin clerk and Percy Parker, treasurer Following a dinner at the Tremont House, the party took carriages and rode over the different lines.

PERSONAL.

Albert E. Lunan and George Taylor are in New York.

James Henry Willey, cadet on the U. S. Enterprise, is visiting his grandfather, Prof. G. F. Willey at his country house.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. McOsker with Miss Mary McOsker and Miss Mary J. Keenon of this city have returned from a delightful trip to New York. They took in Saratoga and the Hudson scenery and visited the Iowa at Tompkinsville. Gunner George Charette took the Lowell party all over the battleship.

Miss Mamie Mulhearn of Fitchburg is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Brady of Adams street. Miss Mulhearn is a cousin of John Cuff's, of P. H. Savage's.

SERIOUS CHARGE.

AGAINST JAMES VALGARIS A GREEK NOW UNDER ARREST.

Jas. Valgaris, a Greek, was arrested by Inspector Lafamme and Allen yesterday on Market street, for alleged rape the complainant being Delina Pepin, 10-year-old daughter of Theodore Pepin of 344 Suffolk street.

It is alleged that Valgaris visited the home of the child last Thursday and in the absence of the parents, perpetrated the crime.

Complaint was made at the police station and the inspectors locating him at the Greek colony in Market street. Valgaris was in some time ago for assault and battery on Officer Lennon and is regarded as a bad man.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY, } ss.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

PLEASANT SURPRISE.

FOR TOM McLAUGHLIN AT HIS HOME IN NASHUA.

"Tom" McLaughlin had a pleasant surprise last Wednesday at his home in Little's Ferry, South Nashua. He has been under the weather ever since New Year's, but now seems to be improving. He has a beautiful farm and he should take comfort. As he sat on his broad veranda and gazed on the purple and green which mantled the woodlands of the Merrimack and followed its graceful windings until it was shut out from sight beyond the long bend at Tyngsboro, a little party walked up from the station and greeted him. It was "Little Rich," and his wife, and they have liked him for years, as hundreds of others have the brave brusque Irish lad, who was as true to his friends as the needle to its course. "Rich" had Tom's Irish horse, Agitator, a superb gray gelding with which he won cup and money and finally sold for a long price. He also had at one time Tom's sweet road mare which he sold to Mayor Clarke of Manchester. In fact these two men have been closely connected for years, and so the visit that summer afternoon was doubly pleasant. Tom's face lighted up often, and his old spirit was roused to new life. As we have said, his farm is beautiful and he has some excellent horses, among them Mackey Wilkes, and two colts out of Pansy Blossom by Glencoe Wilkes. Mackey Wilkes is a son of Red Wilkes, out of Lady Mackey, the dam of Oakland Baron, and Tom believes that he is as fast as anything outside Kentucky, which has not been developed.—L. G. Trott in "Trotter and Pacer."

BASE BALL.

Charles Dryden, the well known base ball writer in New York, sizes up the decline of base ball in that city as follows:

With the closing down of the present base ball season, the New York club occupies a position unique in the history of the national game, a game admired and supported by sport-loving people when the pastime is to their liking. Installed in the premier base ball city of the Union, this club, which is a legitimate business enterprise, conducted for revenue only, and representing at least a quarter of a million dollars, has lost heavily on the season. A majority of the twelve clubs depend upon New York. It is the financial keystone of the league, and with a pennant winning team here, silver would jingle in many an empty coffer around the circuit this winter.

But the club and its management rendered themselves unpopular and obnoxious as well, with the result that the public would not support the home team composed of young and old men who never lived here. As in the past, the season opened auspiciously. Nothing could stop the Giants. They would be heard of at every stage of the game. So they were. Before many weeks had gone the Giants bubbled and seethed, a belching vesuvius of riot, rowdyism, and rebellion, and they continued to bubble and seethe.

When not wrangling with umpires, the players rebelled against the management and against each other, and this state of disorder soon became apparent in the work on the field. Petty jealousies cropped out both at home and abroad and nearly every case of insurrection or riot ended in defeat for the team that should draw the clamorous multitudes to the Polo Grounds. Harmony of action is one of the essentials of a winning ball team. This the Giants lacked, and as a natural result the game suffered in quality and for want of support.

One of the chief causes of dissension is the presence of self-styled stars in the aggregation. There are a few of the older hands who are disposed to airs because of the alleged superior wisdom and attainments, and sometimes beauties of mind and persons. The youngsters, with reason, resented these assumptions, and ill-feeling was engendered, resulting in the formation of cliques that pulled one against the other. On the road, for instance, the star Giants demanded superior hotel accommodations. This meant an airy boudoir and a bath for the star, while the meek and lowly youngsters were stowed three in a room with naught but the keyhole for light and ventilation. All ball players are supposed to be equals in the pursuit of life, liberty and the pennant. The latter is difficult to attain under conditions that rend the team, as exemplified by the career of the Giants.

Base ball enthusiasts here are only too familiar with the many causes that chilled their interest and deadened the sport. These causes have been exploited more than enough during the season. As yet there is little prospect of reform. In another week base ball will be buried until spring, when the cranks awaken with renewed hope. Will the New York club repeat itself in 1899? The public has shown that it wants something different. More base ball and less rowdyism would be acceptable in a city that has supported the greatest of all open air sports in the past, and will do it again if given proper encouragement. Another season like the one dragging to a close and base ball in New York will be dead beyond the hope of resurrection.

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COMMUNICATION.

Editor of The Sun—The conventions of both parties have now been held, and we have for candidates excellent representatives of both parties, William S. Knox, lawyer, of Lawrence, and Joseph J. Flynn, workingman. As at least three-fourths of the voters are workingmen, it is only fair that they should have a candidate and they have one in this contest whom they may feel proud of. Contrast the two men for a moment and the workingmen can easily see the difference. When the 10 per cent. reduction of wages was made, the lawyer candidate said in effect: "That don't amount to much; only a small reduction anyway." But the workingman, Flynn, then a senator, asked for a committee to investigate this matter and see if the cut-down was necessary. This incident only shows the workingmen who their good friend is. The lawyer doesn't think such things amount to much, as they don't affect him at all; but the workingman knows far better than that. He knows too well that 90 cents will not buy as much coal or flour as a dollar and that is a matter of a great deal of importance to all workingmen. Now what do the thousands of workingmen in this district want—a lawyer or a workingman to look after workingmen's interests. Most certainly a workingman, and they have him in the person of Hon. Joseph J. Flynn. The lawyer has already been four years in congress. What has he done for the workingmen of his district? Nothing whatever. What does he care for them except for their votes? Nothing at all. See how he promised them prosperity "before the snow should fly," if they would vote for McKinley. See how those promises have been fulfilled. To be sure, this lawyer voted for the Dingley tariff bill which resulted in a very speedy reduction of 10 per cent. in our wages, which he does not think amounts to much. Happily we now have an opportunity to vote for one of our own, a real genuine workingman. We have given the lawyer four years and have seen what he has done. Now we will elect the workingman and see what he will do, for all workingmen know that no matter what his politics, all workingmen's interests are better looked after by a workingman than they would have been by a lawyer who doesn't think a 10 per cent. cut down amounts to much.

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